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OLD LATIN BIBLICAL TEXTS.

*r*<sub>2</sub>

New and Complete Edition of the Irish  
Latin Gospel Codex

USSER. 2 or *r*<sub>2</sub>

otherwise known as

“THE GARLAND OF HOWTH,”  
IN TRINITY COLLEGE LIBRARY, DUBLIN.

BY

H. C. HOSKIER.

LONDON: B. QUARITCH.

1919.

# WORKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR

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OLD LATIN BIBLICAL TEXTS

THE TEXT  
" OF  
CODEX USSERIANUS 2.

*r<sub>2</sub>*

(“GARLAND OF HOWTH”)

WITH CRITICAL NOTES TO SUPPLEMENT AND CORRECT  
THE COLLATION OF THE LATE T. K. ABBOTT.

BY  
H. C. HOSKIER.

LONDON :  
B. QUARITCH, 11, GRAFTON STREET, W.  
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## INTRODUCTION.

THE MS. *r*<sub>2</sub> is far too important to have any ambiguity overlie any of its readings. I have already called attention to some of its neglected lections in my book "*Concerning the Genesis of the Versions*" (B. Quaritch, London, 1910), and now exhibit the whole text.

Set up early in 1914, the publication has been interrupted by war-service, but I have now read the proofs with the MS. in Dublin [class-mark A. 4. 6 in Trinity College Library], and there are few doubtful readings remaining.

My estimate of Dr. Abbott's work (in his appendix to Codex *r*) erred on the side of leniency, for it will be found that he is guilty of the neglect of some *seven hundred* readings, and misreports about three hundred more, making together *one thousand* errors of omission and commission. The actual count in Luke alone (and Luke is wanting i. 1-12, ii. 15-iii. 8, vi. 39-vii. 11, x. 5-11, xi. 54-xii. 45, xiv. 18-xv. 25, xvi. 15-xvii. 7, xix. 11-38, xxii. 35-59, xxiii. 14-xxiv. *fin.*) amounts to over 325 omissions, about 125 inaccuracies or mistakes, and nearly 1,000 non-reports of interesting varieties of spelling. The MS. is only extant for about one half of the Gospels, and it must be admitted that the results are deplorable. A good collator or copyist should make but half a dozen errors within these limits.

Over two thousand varieties of spelling in the MS. do not find a place in his collation. This could be pardoned if he had not

reproduced any, but by doing so occasionally, but not consistently, he would lead us to think—erroneously of course—that he had reported all there was to say on the subject. Thus when he prints *diciens* or *surgiens* or *ascendiens* or *respondiens* we note the form, but *hundreds* of other places are omitted from consideration where these forms of the present participle occur. Similarly, the form of the third person plural of the perfect in *-iarunt* is occasionally reported but more often neglected. That is bad enough, but why has he reported *confitebant* in one place for *confidebant*, and not in others? Why print *scebas* Matt. xxv. 26 and *sciebam* in xxv. 24, when the MS. has *scebas* and *scebam*? There are worse things than this, however, and as possible tense changes are involved in the unrecorded varieties of form or spelling I have printed them all. They will be found in the lowest part of the pages dealing with the text variations. This section is intended to be used for interleaving Abbott's appendix, and will be found conveniently arranged for this purpose.

My gleanings have revealed a number of interesting points. Some of these will be referred to more particularly. But first :—

v<sub>2</sub>

BRIEF INTRODUCTION.

As to system the scribe has none, if we except the constant practice of joining prepositions to the words governed, thus *indomu* and such expressions are *regularly* joined. It is otherwise with the possessive; sometimes *discipulossuos* are written close together, sometimes not. *Dixerunt* is written dīxert̄t, dixert̄t, dīxert̄t, or in full. *dīx* always stands for *dicitur*, and *dīr* for *dicit*; the latter never implies *dicet*, which is written in full when intended. Once *ducit = dīr*. *Rēs* stands for *respondens* or *respondit*, and the context alone can explain which. Otherwise there is little that is ambiguous, and notwithstanding such blunders as *laudabit* for *lapidabit*, the text is not as

incorrectly written as would be judged from a mere inspection of variants. In fact the scribes are rather above the average as copyists. But I can disengage no system whatever ; the exigencies of space have apparently nothing whatever to do with the character of the abbreviations. *Per*, however, and *ter* are more generally written *p̄* and *t̄* than not, and that in the parts of integral words as *opa* (*opera*), *in̄t̄* (*inter*), *in̄t̄rogauit* (*interrogauit*), and so forth.

Abbreviations, while very common, are not often open to doubtful interpretations. We must, however, be careful to distinguish between *q̄* (*quae*) and *q̄̄* (*quem*). The scribe is perfectly reliable as to the differentiation ; and also *q̄* (*quia*) and *q̄̄* (*quam*), to which the same remark applies with some reservations. *Quae* is also written *q::*, and more generally than *q̄*. In words like *quaeritis* the practice is to write *q:RITIS*, and this *q:* stands for *que*. I have not recorded every such variation in the collation as this *que* really may stand for *quae*. The same symbol : always stands for terminal *us*, but I do not think any case occurs where *e* can be confused with *us* from this practice.

A record of the spelling of the scribe is interesting from an ethnological point of view. The broad pronunciation of *do* is twice shown by its being written *doo* (Luke iv. 6, xix. 8). Note also *uocaa* (Luke xiv. 13), *paraa* (Luke xvii. 8), *ponebaant* (Mark vi. 56), as well as *peara*, *pleana*, *ceana*, *inpleata*, *repleata*, *profeata*, and *eascas* or *iascas* (for *escas*), also *pliusquam* (twice), *uiis pro vis* (Mark vi. 22). *Sicut* is once (Luke x. 18) written *sicuth*. This broad Northern lisp is confirmed at Luke xiv. 5 by *putheum* (for *puteum*). Note further *phascha*, although not uniformly, and the nearly uniform *adprech* . . . for *adpraeh* . . . Also *chortem* for *cohortem*. *Puialla* may also be observed, and *u* for *o* as in *furo* (for *foro*), *agricula* (for *agricola*), *parabula* (for *parabola*), the latter throughout. Occasionally the reverse occurs as in *geno flexo* (for *genu flexu*) and *sordos* (for *surdos*).

Besides *capud* and *velud*, note at Luke xvii. 31 *redro* (for *retro*).

Among the variations of  $r_2$  from *Amiatinus*, already recorded by Abbott, the following seem to be of more than passing interest :—

## MATTHEW.

- xiii. 39 hic (*pro ea*)  $r_2$ . That is — ea, + hic.  
 “inimicus autem qui seminavit (— ea) hic est diabolus.”  
 This agrees with *syr cu* [*non sin*] : “and the sower (— of them) is the evil one,” and with D *d ff*<sub>1</sub>.  
*Pers* is : “et inimicus qui lolium *hoc* injecit Satanus est.”  
 Possibly  $r_2$  should be *hoc*.
- xviii. 20 ego (*pro ibi sum*)  $r_2$ . Cf. *syr sin*, and *pers* : “ego in medio eorum ero.”
- xviii. 31 — autem  $r_2$  and so *arm pers* [*non syr cu sin*].
- xx. 10 — autem  $r_2$  and so *pers*.
- xx. 17 — secreto  $r_2$  and so *pers* with *b c ff<sub>1</sub> ff<sub>2</sub>* *Hilodd* and *Sod I<sup>phc</sup>*.
- xxii. 31 — mortuorum  $r_2$  and *pers*.
- xxii. 32 — et *bis* (Deus Abr., Deus Is., Deus Jacob). To  $r_2$  *dim vg<sup>F</sup>* *syr pesh* add *pers*.
- xxiii. 3 *fin.* dicunt enim et (+ ipsi) non faciunt. So  $r_2$  (cf. *vg<sup>QR</sup>*). I had marked it as unique, but *pers* says “dicunt enim et homines docent IPSI VERO opus non faciunt.”
- xxvi. 68 — est qui by  $r_2$ , that is to say “*quis te percussit*” instead of “*quis est qui te percussit*” and Greek “*τίς ἐστιν ὁ παῖος σε*.” This omission of *est qui* is confirmed by *syr sin* (which I had overlooked ; cf. *Merx* and *Lewis<sup>int</sup>* rather than *Burkitt*) *pers* and *Auct<sup>prom</sup>* [*Hiat syr cu*].

## MARK.

- ii. 9 — surge et  $r_2$  (*vg<sup>B\*</sup>*) = *pers* [*hiat syr sin*].
- vii. 6 > de uobis essaias hypocrite  $r_2$ . Compare *g<sub>2</sub>* *syr* and *pers* order.
- viii. 12 — spiritu  $r_2$ . Compare *pers* (*ut<sup>int</sup>*) “Jesus in seipso (— spiritu) quietem cepit.” Cf. *g<sub>2</sub>* “et ingemiscens ait a spiritu.”  
 [k begins at viii. 8, but verse 12 is not extant.]
- ix. 2 (ix. 1) — illos, and — seorsum  $r_2$ . Cf. *pers*.
- ix. 21 (ix. 20) *init.* — et  $r_2$  = *pers* : “Jesus patrem ejus interrogauit.”
- ix. 44 (ix. 43) — eorum  $r_2$ . That is : “ubi vermis (— eorum) non moritur.” Cf. *pers* : “in locum cuius vermis non moritur.”
- x. 40 — ad *sec.*  $r_2$ . Cf. *pers<sup>int</sup>* “sed ad manum dexteram et sinistram meam.”
- x. 45 — et *prim.*  $r_2$ . Cf. *pers* “filius hominis non uenit . . .” *tantum* (— *καὶ γαρ*). Cf. *c.*
- xi. 25 dimittat + et  $r_2$ . Cf. *pers<sup>sol</sup>*. “remittat et condonet.”
- xii. 12 — et *ante* timuerunt. Cf. *pers* “populum tamen tim.” and k “tim. autem populum.”
- xii. 17 *fin.* mirabantur super eo (— et)  $r_2$ . Cf. *pers* (— *copula*) : “Propter hunc sermonem ab eo attoniti fuerunt.”
- xii. 22 — eam  $r_2$ . Cf. *pers*.

## MARK.

xii. 35 >scribe quomodo dicunt (*pro* quomodo dicunt scribae)  $r_2$  *solus*. But so *pers* (against *syr sin*, *syr pesh*, *syr hier*).

This is very striking, and rules out a mere coincidence between  $r_2$  and *pers* in the instances cited previously.

On the other hand the apparently deliberate omissions by  $r_2$  of *tunc* at both xiii. 21 and xiii. 27 do not appear to have the countenance of the *pers* or the *syr*.

The only authority for omission of *tunc* in verse 21 had been *boh* (which *Horner* forgets to mention in the *sah* volume). *Soden* quotes *c<sup>2</sup>* and *boh*, but as I do not think he had *c* recollated this *c<sup>2</sup>* must be a mistake for  $r_2$ . If so it completely spoils the picture, for in his note at xiii. 27 he correctly records  $r_2$  for — *tunc* there, and adds  $I^{\pi 18} = \Sigma$ . So, at :—

xiii. 21 — *tote r<sub>2</sub> boh*  
*27 — tote r<sub>2</sub> Σgr*} seem to be the only witnesses at present.

xiv. 35 It may be only a coincidence, but  $r_2$  here has the perfect *orauit* (so *persint*) against the imperfect by all other Latins.

xiv. 57 — *et init.* So  $r_2$  and *vg<sup>P</sup>*. See also *pers.*  
 xiv. 60 — *et init.* So  $r_2$  and *vg<sup>Q</sup>*. „ „ „ } *contra syrr et rell.*

This matter of copulas in  $r_2$  is important for my claim that some of the text of  $r_2$  antedates its sister *k*. For in all the places cited above  $r_2$  remains without the support of *k*. Now in :—

xv. 9 — autem by  $r_2$  [*non k*] is supported not only by *syr sin* but confirmed again by *pers*.

xvi. 8 *fin.* >enim timebant by  $r_2$  alone for >timebant enim and the famous *έφοβοῦντο γαρ*. Compare as to the  $r_2$  order *syr sin* and *pers*.

## LUKE.

xi. 22 spolia ejus diripiet et distribuet  $r_2$ . This + *diripiet et* is an addition not found in others (Gk. *διαδιδωσιν*). The *syriac sin* makes it reflexive “se dividit,” but *persint* has “tunc facultates ejus diripiet” as *Moling* “dirupiet” for “distribuet.”

xi. 33 For the + ponit after *Candelabrum* add *pers* to *r r<sub>2</sub>* and *syr cu sin*.

(xii. 56 discernere (*pro probare* or *δοκιμαζειν*) by  $r_2$  = *syr pesh*, while *syr sin* differentiates between *probare* and *discernitis* later. *Pers* partially conflates in the first place “status caeli ac terrae nostis et a se invicem discernitis” continuing “quomodo hoc tempus non potestis discernere.”)

## LUKE.

xiii. 4 — habitantes  $r_2 \mu$  and *pers*: “quod ipsi omni multitudine Hierosol.”  
 xxiii. 26 vos autem non sic + estis  $r_2$ . Cf. *pers* “Minime autem decet ut vos  
 ita sitis.”

## JOHN.

v. 26 — sic dedit . . . ipse  $r_2 = \aleph$  and *vgg<sup>RY</sup>*.  
 32 — et scio . . . me  $r_2 = 157 ff^*$  and *l\**.  
 viii. 59 — Iesus  $r_2 = pers$ .  
 ix. 35 — audivit . . . foras  $r_2 = syr hier 157 et gr. minn.$   
*ibid.* tu + si appears to be new.

NOTES FROM MY GLEANINGS IN  $r_2$  AMONG THE 700 NEW  
READINGS RECORDED.

Such renderings as *contristati sunt* (for *indignati sunt*, Greek  $\eta\gammaανάκτησαν$ ) in Matthew xx. 24 are to be noted, as tying  $r_2$  to the real Old Latin base. The variation is attested by *a b eff<sub>1</sub>ff<sub>2</sub> h n q* *Hil Auct op. imp. 1/2 [hiant k r]*, but not by *c d f g<sub>1</sub>g<sub>2</sub>*.

On the other hand, the *transmission* of the Irish text, as represented by  $r_2$ , in some of its graver peculiarities, is borne out in certain special places. Take Luke i. 32 as an example: *Hic erat magnus et filius altissimi vocabitur . . .* In the photograph of  $r_2$  I read *altissimi*, but the original is different. It reads clearly *altissimus* (by ligature “altissim :”). Thus we are to read “*filius altissimus vocabitur*,” a reading unattested as far as I know. But when we turn to the Saxon, what do we find? Although *Lindisfarne* reads *sunu thaes heiste*, and *Rushworth* reads *suno thaes haeste*, we actually find in the *Corpus MS.* *thaes haestan sunu*, and in the *Hatton MS.* *thas haegestes sune*. It is interesting and curious, is it not?

The opposite is presented at Luke ii. 11, where  $r_2$  reads “*salvator qui est christus domini*” with *r vg<sup>L</sup>* and *syr hier* against *dominus* of most.

Matt. xx. 30 *audientes pro* audierunt. This must be very ancient, for it is pure Greek  $\alpha\kappaούσαντες$ . Only E reads so of the Vulgates, and all Latins seem in accord for *audierunt*. Here *r* is mutilated, but neither *a h n* of the Irish transmission reads aught but *audierunt*,

as do also *b c efffl q* and *syr.* *k* is wanting. *d* reads *audierunt*, and only the Græco-Latin  $\delta$  supports *r<sub>2</sub>* with *audientes*.

The Greek has two present participles: *καὶ ιδον δυο τυφλοι καθημενοι παρα την οδον, ακουσαντες οτι Ιησους παραγει*, which the Latins render: Et ecce duo caeci sedentes secus viam *audierunt* quia Jesus transiret. (*f* has *ut audierunt*.)

Here then *r<sub>2</sub>* and  $\delta$  alone reveal their literal Græco-Latin or polyglot origin.

*Arm aeth* *syr* and *sah* support the Latin perfect, while *boh* follows the Greek participle (*Goth* wanting).

It is an interesting place, for while the Græco-Latin *D* abandons the Greek *ακουσαντες* of all others for *ηκουσαν* (evidently retranslation from his Latin *audierunt*) the Latins are here practically a unit, but for *r<sub>2</sub>* and  $\delta$ .

Matt. xxvi. 3. Another polyglot-place, where for *dicebatur* *r<sub>2</sub>* has *vocabatur* (*Gr.* *τον λεγομενον*) this time with *r μ.*

The Græco-Latins *d*  $\delta$  have *dicitur*, but all the other Old Latins *a b ff g l g* and Vulgates *dicebatur*, except *c gat* “vocatur.” [*e k* not extant.]

The versions naturally favour *vocabatur*, although *syr sin* omits “who was called Caiaphas.”

Matt. xxvi. 47 — *venit r<sub>2</sub>* So *Chrys* *codd.* Might well be basic.

Matt. xxvii. 24 + *suas* (*post manus*) against Gk. *τας χειρας*, but in the Syriac manner. Quite a number of Latins support.

#### MARK.

A little point occurs early at—

Mark i. 17 — *eis*, which again points to an original *Græco-Latin*, *αυτους* lost before *o iō*, although the known Greeks do not favour this.

*Cf.* Luke xviii. 27 + *ihs post eis* with most *vett* and some Greeks.

*Cf.* also Luke xviii. 39 *ei pro eum post increpabant* with the Greek *αντων*.

So at John ix. 2 *r<sub>2</sub>* adds *dicentes* with Arnobius and the Greek against the Latins.

As to: Mark i. 39 in *sinagoga* (*pro* in *sinagogis*) is not the Syriac reading, but should be considered in connection with Mark xiv. 26 *oliveti* (*pro* *olivarum*), and with Luke iv. 40 *manum* (*pro* *manus*) with *b q μ syr.* [On the other side, elsewhere are to be noted *radices* and *mortes* by *r<sub>2</sub>* against the usual singular.]

## INTRODUCTION.

## MARK.

For other Syriacising readings, consult—

- Mark viii. 1 + suis (*post discipulis*).  
 Luke iii. 17 + suum (*post triticum*).  
 xvii. 22 + suos (*post discipulos*).  
 vi. 35 + eis (*post benefacite*).  
 vii. 44 symon (*pro simoni*).  
 xiv. 12 *fin.* + tua (*post retributio*).  
 xviii. 20 *fin.* + tuam.

Note order of *Domine* Luke v. 8 in Simon Peter's famous declaration, and compare *syr*.

Also Luke v. 21 *fin.* Deus solus with *syr* order against *latt* and Greek *solus Deus*. Note—

- Mark xiv. 1 — dolo. So only Dgr *a i* and *aeth*, while *gat vgg<sup>R</sup>* and *sah<sup>duo</sup>* transfer to end of verse.  
 xv. 14 + da (*ante crucifige*) *r<sub>2</sub> solus*. *Mut syr sin.* Obs. pers: “quin in crucem agas.”

## LUKE.

- i. 66 Dei (*pro Domini*) *r<sub>2</sub> sol cum pers.*  
 v. 29 eo (*pro illis*) *r<sub>2</sub>* = Bgr I 22 Paris<sup>97</sup> Sod<sup>178</sup> diatess [*contra syr pesh*] and these only. [Haut *syr cu sin.*] Cf. conflation in *aeth*, and “eo convivio” *pers.*  
 viii. 32 — ibi *r<sub>2</sub>* = Wgr — *εκει*. Cf. omissions of *εκει* in **N**.  
 x. 21 — et prudentibus by *r<sub>2</sub>*, is omitted only by *e* of our other authorities. This is an important place to add to our other proof that *e k r<sub>2</sub>* derive from one parent recension.  
 x. 34 stabulum + suum. Cf. diatess.  
 x. 38 iret (*pro irent*) *r<sub>2</sub>* with *d μ gat vgg<sup>DEPQ</sup>*. Cf. Dgr *fam I 157 sah syr hier autov pro autous.*  
 xvii. 9 quod (*pro quae*) *r<sub>2</sub>* and *ff (Ambr)* and *syr*.  
 xvii. 22 — videre *r<sub>2</sub>* with *d q s vgg<sup>M</sup>* and Dgr (cf. *pers* and *Vigilaps*).  
 xviii. 30 *fin.* + possidebit *r<sub>2</sub>* with *vett* and *syr*.  
 xx. 24 vel (*pro et*) *r<sub>2</sub>* with *μ* and *vgg<sup>DQ</sup>*.  
 xx. 29 + apud nos *r<sub>2</sub>* with *c d ff<sub>2</sub> l q [hiat b] vgg<sup>QK</sup>* and Dgr *syr sin* (diatess ut Matt.)  
 xxii. 20 novi testamenti (*pro novum testamentum*). So *r<sub>2</sub>* with *c g<sub>2</sub> r μ gat\* aur dim* and two vulgates. Cf. the Liturgies, against the Greek.

## JOHN.

- viii. 21 quia (*pro quo*) is a curious reading by *r<sub>2</sub>*.  
 So is viii. 31 “If ye will continue in my name” (nomine *pro sermone or verbo*, confirmed abundantly by Ambrose). *Syr sin* has “words,” as has also *diatess*.  
 ix. 20 — et dixerunt, so *r<sub>2</sub>* with *pers*.

NOTE.—As regards *syr-pers* I am not suggesting that the Persian version was translated or composed from the Syriac of *syr sin* or *syr cu*, for, apart from the things in common throughout, inseparable from the related genius of the two languages, it is clear that *pers* was not copied from either the Old Syriac or Peshitta as we know them.

But there are points in common, which, in my opinion, can only have occurred from the *pers* being set up from an *older* Syriac still, or a Græco-Syriac, the very one, in fact, which other studies lead me to believe lays at the roots of *syr sin* and *syr cu*.

Therefore, where *syr sin* or *syr cu* are missing, *pers* is a valuable adjunct, and to be called in to settle or throw light on disputed points in these *lacunae*.



ILLUMINATED heading to St. Matthew's Gospel,  
covering the whole page. No writing (although  
letters show through from the reverse), and MS.  
begins at i. 18 only, at the top of the back of this  
leaf.

[atio] sic erat cum esset disponsata maſt ə ma  
 [RIA] iοſeph ante quam conuenienter inuenta ÷  
 [inut'o] habens desp'u sco <sup>19</sup> iοſeph h̄ uir ə cum ēēt ho  
 [mo] iustus et nolet eam traducere uoluit occultae  
 [di]miſte eam <sup>20</sup> h̄ autē coſitante Ecce apparuit an  
 [zel]us dn̄i ei inſomnis iοſeph diciens filii dauid  
 [n]olii timere accipere mariā coiuʒē tuā φ ⁹ ex  
 [e]a naſceretur despū sco ÷ <sup>21</sup> pariet h̄ filium et uo  
 [c]abib no ə ih̄m ipſe ⁹ ſaluum faciet populū ſuū  
 [a] peccatis eorū <sup>22</sup> h̄oc h̄ totū factū ÷ ut adimplere  
 [T]ur φ dictū ÷ adnō p' eſſaiā p'featā dicentē <sup>23</sup> Ecce  
 uirʒo muſo habebit Q uocabunt nō ə emanuel φ  
 [÷] inſtratum nobisſcum d̄s <sup>24</sup> exurʒens h̄ iοſeph  
 a ſomno fecit ſicut p̄cipit ei anʒelus dn̄i Q ac  
 [ci]pit mariam coiuʒem ſuā <sup>25</sup> Q ⁹ coſnos cebat eam  
 donec peperit filiū ſuū p'moʒenitū et uocauit  
 [n]ō ə ih̄m ii. <sup>1</sup> Cum eR natus eſſet ih̄s in bethlē iudea  
 [i]n dieb: hirodis reʒis iudea Ecce maʒi ab oriente  
 [u]neſt in hieruſolimā (vid.) <sup>2</sup> dicentes ubi ÷ qui natus ÷  
 [R]ex iudeorum uidimus ⁹ ſtellā ə inorientē  
 [et] uenimus adorare eū <sup>3</sup> Q uidiens h̄ herodis rex  
 [T]urbatus ÷ et omnes hirusolima cū illo <sup>4</sup> Q <sup>2</sup>  
 [ʒ]reʒans omnes p'rincipes ſacerdotū et ſcri  
 [b]as populi ſciscitabatur inſtroʒabat abeis ab  
 [e]is ubi xps naſceret <sup>5</sup> Q C illi d̄xeret in bethlē iude  
 Sic ⁹ ſcriptum ÷ p'featā <sup>6</sup> et tú bethlē ſtra iu[da]  
 [n]equaque minima es in p'rincipib: iu[da] ex te ⁹  
 exiſt dux qui reʒet populi m̄m iſr[ahel <sup>7</sup> t̄c herodes]

abit opinio ē intotā sīriam **G** optullerū ī oms? [ma]  
 le habentes uarīs langorib: et tormentis opche[nsos]  
 et qui demonia habebant lunaticos et paraliti[cos]  
 et curauit eos <sup>25</sup> **G** saecutae st̄ eum turbæ m[ultrae de] iv. 25  
**Γ** alihæ et decapilli et de hirusolimis de iu[dea et trans]  
 iordanien v. <sup>1</sup> Uidiens h turbas ascendit [in montem] v  
 et cū set accesserūt adeum discipuli ē <sup>2</sup> [ET apiens]  
 os suum docebat eos diciens <sup>3</sup> Beati pau[peres spū]  
 qm̄ ipsorū ÷ regnum caelorum <sup>4</sup> Beati qu[i] lugent  
 qm̄ ipsi csulabuntur <sup>5</sup> Beati mites qm̄ [ipsi possi]  
 debunt trā <sup>6</sup> Beati qui essuriunt et siti[unt ius]  
 titiam qm̄ ipsi saturabunt <sup>7</sup> Beati miss[ericor]  
 des qm̄ ipsi misericordiā conseq[uent<sup>8</sup>] beatī  
 mundo corde qm̄ ipsi dñi uidebunt <sup>9</sup> beatī p[aci]  
 fici qm̄ filii dñi uocabunt <sup>10</sup> Beat[i] qui p[secutio]  
 nem patiunt pp̄ iustitiā qm̄ ipsorū ÷ r[e]nū  
 caelorum <sup>11</sup> Beati estis cum maled̄erint uobis [et]  
 p[secuti] uos fuerint et d̄ixerint omne malū a[d]  
 uersū uos mentientes pp̄ me <sup>12</sup> Gaudite et exu[l]  
 tate qm̄ mercis uestra copiosa ÷ in caelis Sic n  
 p[secuti] st̄ et p[featas qui fuerūt uos <sup>13</sup> Uox estis sal  
 tre qm̄ sál euanuerit in quo salliet ad nihilū  
 ualebit ultra nissi utmittat foras et conculcet[?] ?  
 ab omnib: <sup>14</sup> Uos estis lux mundi n̄ pot ÷ ciuitás abs  
 [c]ondi supra montem possita <sup>15</sup> Neq; accedunt (sic)  
 [l]ucernā et ponunt eam sub modio sed supra  
 [ca]ndelabru ut luceat omnib: qui in domu st̄ <sup>16</sup> Sic  
 [luceat l]ux uestra corā hominib: ut u[idiant]

[uā bona] opera ut magnificant patrē um qui in cae  
 [lis ÷] <sup>17</sup> Nolite putare qm̄ ueni soluere legem aut pr  
 [ofeatas] n̄ ueni soluere sed adimplere <sup>18</sup> C̄men quippe  
 [dico] uobis donec transeat caelū et t̄ra iota unum  
 [aut unus] apex n̄ p̄fībit alēe donec omnia fiant  
<sup>19</sup> [qui eR̄] soluerit unum demandatis istis minimis  
 [et docue]rit sic omnes minimus uocabit̄ in reʒno caelo  
 [rum <sup>20</sup> dī]co uobis q̄ nisi habundauerit iustitia uā  
 [plus quam] scribarum et pharisseoR̄ n̄ intrabit̄ in  
 [reʒnum c]aelorū <sup>21</sup> C̄udistis quia dictum ÷ antiquis  
 [n̄ occi]des n̄ mechaberis q̄ h̄ occiderit reus erit iudicio  
<sup>22</sup> [eʒo h̄] dico uobis q̄ omnis qui h̄rascitur fratri suo re  
 us erit ʒechene iʒnis qui h̄ d̄ixerit fratri suo racha  
 reus erit cōcilio qui h̄ dixerit fatuae reus erit ʒechene  
<sup>23</sup> [ignis] si eR̄ offeris monus tuū ad altare et ibi recor  
 [datus] fueris q̄ frāt̄ tuus habet aliquid aduersū te  
<sup>24</sup> Relinque ibi monus tuū ante altare et uade p̄: recocilia  
 re fratri tuo et t̄c uenies offeris monus tuū <sup>25</sup> esto  
 [ɔ]sentiens aduersariotuo cito dum es inuia cū eo ne  
 forte tradat té aduersarius iudicū et iudex trad  
 at te ministro et in carcerem mittaris <sup>26</sup> C̄men dico t̄  
 n̄ exies inde donec reddas nouissimus quadrantē  
<sup>27</sup> audistis quia dictū ÷ antiquis n̄ mechaueris <sup>28</sup> eʒo  
 h̄ dico uobis q̄ omnis qui uiderit mulierē ad concu  
 piscendū eam iam mechatus ÷ incordesuo <sup>29</sup> quod si  
 oculus tuus dex̄t scandalizat té eruae eum et p̄  
 iecce abs te expedit u tibi ut periat una pars  
 membrorū tuorū quā totum corpus tuū eat in [3]

in spinas et creuerit spinae et sufocauerit  
 ea <sup>8</sup> aliae ceciderit in terram bona et dabant fr  
 uctum . aliud . c . aliud . xl . aliud . xxx . <sup>9</sup> q<sup>1</sup> habet au  
 res audiendi audiat <sup>10</sup> Q<sup>2</sup> accedentes discipuli  
 dixerit ei q<sup>3</sup> re in parabulis loq:ris eis <sup>11</sup> qui res ait  
 illis q<sup>4</sup> uos datum ÷ nosse miseria regni caelorum . illis  
 h<sup>5</sup> n<sup>6</sup> ÷ datum <sup>12</sup> qui n<sup>7</sup> habet dabit<sup>8</sup> ei et abundauit q<sup>9</sup>  
 h<sup>10</sup> n<sup>11</sup> habet et q<sup>12</sup> habet auferet<sup>13</sup> abeo ideo imparab  
 lis loquar eis q<sup>14</sup> uidentes non uident et audientes  
 n<sup>15</sup> audient Neq: intelle<sup>16</sup> q<sup>17</sup> ant ut adimpleretur eis p  
 fetiae essaie . diciens auditu audieris et intel  
 le<sup>18</sup> q<sup>19</sup> uidentes uidebitis et n<sup>20</sup> uidebitis <sup>15</sup> IN  
 crassatum ÷ n<sup>21</sup> cor populi huius et aurib:  
 suis grauit<sup>22</sup> audiet Q<sup>23</sup> oculos suos conclus  
 serit Nequando oculis uidiant et aurib: au  
 diant et corde intelle<sup>24</sup> q<sup>25</sup> ant conuertant<sup>26</sup> et sa  
 nem eos <sup>16</sup> U<sup>27</sup> h<sup>28</sup> beati oculi quae uident Q<sup>29</sup> aures  
 ui q<sup>30</sup> audiunt <sup>17</sup> C<sup>31</sup> men quippe dico uobis q<sup>32</sup>  
 multi perfete et iusti concupierit uidere q<sup>33</sup> uidetis  
 et n<sup>34</sup> uidiarit et audir q<sup>35</sup> uos audistis et n<sup>36</sup> audia [?]  
 r<sup>37</sup> U<sup>38</sup> uos h<sup>39</sup> audite parabolā seminantis <sup>19</sup> Omn  
 [1]s qui audit uerbū regni et n<sup>40</sup> intelle<sup>41</sup> q<sup>42</sup> uenit mal  
 [13?]nus et rapit q<sup>43</sup> seminatū ÷ in corde e<sup>44</sup> hic ÷ qui  
 [s]ecus uia seminatus ÷ <sup>20</sup> qui h<sup>45</sup> supra petrosa  
 [se]minat<sup>46</sup> ÷ hic ÷ qui uerbū audit Q<sup>47</sup> ostinuo cū gau  
 dio accipit illud <sup>21</sup> Non habet h<sup>48</sup> inse radicem sed ÷

xiii. 8

tempolis facta h[ab]it tribulatione et p[ro]sequitione  
 prop[ter] uerbū continuo scandalizat<sup>22</sup> qui h[ab]it sem  
 nat: ÷ in spinis hic ÷ qui uerbum audit et sollici  
 ti saeculi saeculis istius **G** fallacia diuitiar̄  
 suffocant uerbū et sine fructu effici<sup>23</sup> qui u[er]o in  
 trā bonā seminat: ÷ hic ÷ qui audit uerbū **G**  
 intelle<sup>24</sup>git et fructum adfer<sup>t</sup> **G** faciat aliud qui  
 dem . c . et aliud . xl . et aliud . xxx . <sup>24</sup> **O**lliā parabolā  
 p[ro]p[ter] possuit eis diciens Simile factū ÷ re<sup>25</sup>gnū caelo  
 rum homini qui seminauit bonū semen in a<sup>26</sup>gro sy  
<sup>25</sup> Cum h[ab]it dormierint hominis uenit inimicus ē et  
 sup[er]seminauit sizania in medio TRITICI **G** ait <sup>26</sup> ē  
 h[ab]it creuisset herba et fructū creuisset et t[em]p[or]e aparuit  
 er sezania <sup>27</sup> **O**ccidentes h[ab]it serui patr[ic] familias dī  
 rūt ei dñe nūne bonum semen seminasti in a<sup>28</sup>gro sy  
 Unde ergo habet sizania <sup>28</sup> **G** ait illis inimicus ho  
 mo h[ab]it fecit serui h[ab]it dīrūt ei us imus colle<sup>29</sup>gimus ea <sup>29</sup> **G**  
 ait nū ne forte colle<sup>30</sup>gentes sizania eradiceris cū e[is]  
 simul et triticum <sup>30</sup> s[ed] sinete utraq[ue] crescere usq[ue]:  
 ad messem **G** in tempore messis dicam tempo (*sic*)  
 rib: meis colle<sup>31</sup>gite p[ro]mū zizania et ait illis inim  
 cus homo et alligate fasciculos ad oburendū TR[1]  
 ticum h[ab]it congre<sup>32</sup>gate in horreū mīm <sup>31</sup> **O**lliā para  
 bulam p[ro]p[ter] possuit eis diciens simile ÷ re<sup>32</sup>gnū cae  
 lorum grano simapis q[uod] accipiens homo semina  
 uit in a<sup>33</sup>rum suū <sup>32</sup> q[uod] minimū ÷ quidem omnib

Cum h̄ creuerit maius ÷ omnib: holerb: et fit arbor ita ut uolucres caeli ueniant et inhabitent in ramis 33 CChia parabulā locutus ÷ eis dicens si mīle ÷ reʒnum caelorum fermento q̄ accepto mulier abscondit in farina satiſ tr̄ib: donec fermentatum ÷ totū 34 haec omnia locutus ÷ ih̄ in parabulī adturbas et sine parabulā (sic) n̄ loq:bat̄ eis 35 ut inpleretur q̄ dictum erat p̄ p̄fetā dicente' CCP iā in parabulis ós m̄m eructabo absosa acſti tutione mundi 36 Tunc dimiſis turbis uenit ī domū Ḡ accesser̄t adeum discipuli ē dicentes dissere nobis parabulam TRITICI ET SIZANI ORUM aʒri 37 qui respondiens ait qui seminat bonum semen ÷ fili: hominis 38 aʒer h̄ ÷ hic mundus bonū ū semen hui s̄t filii reʒni zizania h̄ filii s̄t maligni 39 inimicus h̄ qui seminauit hic ÷ diabulus messis ū c̄summatio saeculi ÷ messores h̄ angeli s̄t 40 Sicut ergo colligunt zizania et 15<sup>ni</sup> conburunt̄ sic erit inconsummatione saeculi 41 mittet fili: hominis angelos suos et colligent de reʒno ē omnia scandala et eos qui faciunt iniuritatem 42 et mittent eos incaminum ignis ibi erit fleatus et stridor dentiū 43 Tunc iusti fulgebunt sicut sol in regno patris eorū qui habet aures audiendi audiatur 44 Simile ÷ reʒnum caelorum tessauro absco [ditō?] in aʒro q̄ qui uenit homo abscondit Ḡ p̄ ʒau

dico illius uadit et uendit uniuersa q: habuit et  
 emit aȝrū illū<sup>45</sup> Iterū simile ÷ reȝnū caelorū homi  
 ni neȝotiatori q:renti bonā marȝariatā p̄tiosa  
<sup>46</sup> ait (vid.) et uendidit omnia q: habuit et emit ea<sup>47</sup> Iterū  
 simile ÷ reȝnum caelorū saȝne mise in mari Q  
 omni ȝenerē pisciū oȝreȝat<sup>48</sup> Q cum inplete essen  
 ducentes Q secus litus sedentes elegerē bonos  
 ussa (sic) malos h̄ foras missert<sup>49</sup> sic erit in consū  
 matione saeculi exibunt anȝeli Q seperabunt  
 malos demedio iustorum<sup>50</sup> Q mittent in camī  
 nū iȝnis ibi erit fletus et stridor dentiū<sup>51</sup> dt eis  
 intellegistis h̄ omnia dēt ei [?] etiā dñe<sup>52</sup> ait illis ideo  
 omnis scriba doctus in reȝno caelorū simile  
 ÷ reȝnum caelorū homini patri familias qui  
 pfert [?] thensauro suo noua et [?] <sup>53</sup> Q factum ÷  
 cum consummasset ih̄s parabulas istas tran  
 sūt inde<sup>54</sup> et ueniens in patria sua et docebat  
 eos in sinagōgis eorum ita ut mirarentur et di  
 cerent H̄de huic sapientia h̄ et uirtutes.<sup>55</sup> n̄ne  
 hic ÷ fabri filius ioseph n̄ne mat̄ e d̄r maria et  
 fratres e iacob et iohannis Q simoni et iudas  
<sup>56</sup> ET SORORES e n̄ne omnes ap̄ nos st̄ UNde eR  
 huic omia ista<sup>57</sup> Q scandalizabant̄ in eo ih̄s  
 h̄ d̄x eis n̄ ÷ p̄feata sine honone [sic] nisi in patr  
 ia sua et in domu sua<sup>58</sup> Q ideo n̄ facit ibi uir[tu]u  
 tes multas . pp̄t incredulitatē illorū xiv.<sup>1</sup> IN i[lo]

homines dñt esse filium hominis <sup>xvi 14</sup> CCT illi [dx̄t 10] xvi  
 hannē babtizā CClni lr heliā alii uero h̄rem[iam ā]  
 unū ex pfetis <sup>15</sup> d̄x illis ih̄s Uos lr quē me ēē dicitis <sup>16</sup> R[ ]  
 simon petrus d̄x tu es x̄ps filius d̄i uiui <sup>17</sup> r̄s lr ih̄s  
 d̄x ei beatus es simon bar iona q̄ caro et san̄is n̄ re  
 uelauitib̄ S pāt meus qui in caelis <sup>18</sup> Ideo dico tibi tu  
 es petrus et sup hanc pecrā ædificabo æclisiā unū (*vid.*) †  
 et porte inferni n̄ p̄ualeabunt aduersus eū <sup>19</sup> et tibi  
 dabo claves rēgnacelōr̄. Q̄ quicūq; līzaueritis su  
 p̄ trā er̄t līzata et incaelis et quicumq; solueritis su  
 p̄ trā er̄t soluta et incaelis <sup>20</sup> Tunc imperauit disci  
 pulis suis nemini dicirent q̄ ipse esset xps <sup>21</sup> E[x m]  
 de coepit ih̄s ostendere discipulissuis q̄ o[po]  
 rtet eum ire in hirusalem et multa pati a senio  
 ribus et principib: sacerdotum et occidi et p̄ ter  
 tium diem resurzā <sup>22</sup> Q̄ adsumiens eum petrus  
 coepit increpare et dicire CCbsit atē dñe n̄ erit  
 istud Q̄ ipse coepit dicire <sup>23</sup> Quersus ait Uade  
 p̄ me satanas scandalum es mihi n̄ u sapis q::.  
 d̄i st̄ s q:: hominum <sup>24</sup> Tunc ih̄s d̄x discipulis suis  
 Si quis uult post me uenire abnēzat se ipsū  
 sibi et tollat crucem suā et sequatur me <sup>25</sup> qui  
 n̄ uoluerit animā suā saluā facere perdet eā  
 qui n̄ p̄diderit animā suā pp̄t me inueniet  
 eam <sup>26</sup> Q̄ n̄ p̄derit homini si lucretur huc m̄n  
 [dū] animae ū suae detrimentū patitur CCut

† mm is also possible. The scribe's downward single strokes are very confusing.  
The bar has disappeared.

quantum davit homo cōmōttationē pp̄t animā  
 suā<sup>27</sup> nā filius hominis uenturus in maiestate fra  
 tris sui cum an̄geliſ suis Q̄ tc reddet unicuiq:  
**F**ōra sua<sup>28</sup> C̄men dico uobis qm̄ s̄t aliqui de sta  
 ntib: istis qui n̄ ḡustabunt mortem donec uidiant  
 filiū hominis uenientē in reʒno suo xvii.<sup>1</sup> Q̄ factū ÷ p°  
 dies sex C̄dsūpsit ih̄m petrū et iacobū et iohan  
 nem frāt̄ eius et duxit illos in montē excelsū seor  
 sū<sup>2</sup> et splendiuit facies ē sicut sól et uestimenta h̄  
 ē facta s̄t sicut nix<sup>3</sup> Q̄ ecce aperuit eis moſses et  
 helias cum eo loquentes<sup>4</sup> r̄es petrus d̄x ad ih̄m dn̄e  
 bonum ÷ nobis hic ēē sí uis faciamus hic trea  
 tabernacula tibi unum et moſsi unum Q̄ he  
 lae unum<sup>5</sup> adhuc eo loquente Q̄ ecce nups ab  
 scondita obumbrauit eis Q̄ ecce uox de nube  
 diciens hic ÷ filius meus dilectus in quo mihi b̄  
 complacui C̄udite ipsū<sup>6</sup> Q̄ audientes caecide  
 r̄t in faciem suam et timuerat̄ ualde<sup>7</sup> Q̄ ac  
 cediens eos tetiḡit eos et d̄x sur̄ḡite Q̄ nolite ti  
 mere<sup>8</sup> eleuantes h̄ oculos suos N̄eminem uide  
 r̄t nisi ih̄m solū<sup>9</sup> Q̄ discendentib: illis de  
 monte praecipit eis illis nemini dixeritis uis  
 um donec filius hominis a mortuis resur  
 sat<sup>10</sup> Q̄ in troʒauerat̄ eum discipuli dicentes quid  
 er̄o scribe dñt q̄ helia oportet p'mū uenire<sup>11</sup> ip  
 si (vid.) respondit ait helias q'dē uenturus ÷ restitu

uere omnia <sup>12</sup> dico hr uobis q helias iam uenit  
 Q n co3nouerT eum et fecerT ei quanta uolu  
 erT <sup>13</sup> tunc intelleXerT discipuli quod de ioha  
 nne babbista d̄ illis sic et filius hominis ne  
 cesse habet pati abeis <sup>14</sup> Q cum uenisset ad  
 turbam accessit adeū homo 3enib: p uol  
 utis <sup>15</sup> diciens dñe misserere filio meo q lu  
 natius ÷ et malae torqueT nam sepius in  
 13 nem cadit et aliquando in aquā <sup>16</sup> Q obtulli  
 eum discipulis suis Q n potuerT curare eum  
<sup>17</sup> Respondiens ih̄s d̄ O 3eneratio incredula et  
 pruersa quousq: patiar uos adferre illū  
 ame <sup>18</sup> Q increpauit illum ih̄s ET exiit abeo de  
 monium Q curatus ÷ puer exilla hora <sup>19</sup> Tunc  
 accesserT discipuli ad ih̄m secreato Q dxerT  
 ei quare nos n̄ potuimus ieccere eū <sup>20</sup> d̄ illis ih̄s  
 pp̄t incredulitatem uestrā Q men dico uobis  
 si habueritis fidē sicut 3ranū sinapis et di  
 citis monti huic transi hinc transibit et mihi  
 impossibile erit uobis <sup>21</sup> hoc hr 3enus n̄ iecit<sup>3</sup> (vel iecr<sup>3</sup>) nisi  
 prorationem et ieuniū <sup>22</sup> Ipsis hr cuersantib: in  
 3aliliam dx illi ih̄s futurū ÷ n̄ ut filiū homi  
 nis tradet<sup>3</sup> in manus hominum <sup>23</sup> Q occident  
 eum Q pōtīum diem resur3ere et contrista  
 ti s̄t uechimenT <sup>24</sup> Q cum uenisset ih̄s in ca  
 pharnaum ac cessiarT qui de dra3ma

accessiārūt exīgabant ad petrum et dīxerūt ma  
 gis̄tūr n̄ soluet dedrāgma<sup>25</sup> aīt utiq: et intrā  
 uit in domum pruenit eum ih̄s dīciens quidt̄  
 uidet̄ simon rēges̄tre accīb: accipiunt trib  
 utum ꝑ censem a filis suis án abalienis<sup>26</sup> at  
 ille dīx abalienis dīx illi ih̄s er̄go liberi s̄t<sup>27</sup> ut h̄  
 scandalizemus eos uade admare Q̄ mitte  
 amum in mari Q̄ cum pīscē qui pīmus as  
 cenderit tolle et<sup>a</sup>p̄to ore eius inuenies ibi sta  
 terā illā sumiens da eis p̄ me et tē<sup>1</sup> xviii. IN illa die  
 accesserūt discipuli ad ih̄m dicentes quis put  
 as maior est in rēgo caelorū<sup>2</sup> Q̄ ih̄s uocau  
 it puerū Q̄ statuit eum in medio eoī<sup>3</sup> Q̄ dīxit  
 amen dico uobis nisi conuersi fueritis et efici  
 amini sicut infantem n̄ intrabit̄ in rēgnum  
 caelorū<sup>4</sup> Q̄ quicūq: humiliauerit se sicut p  
 uer iste hic maior ÷ in rēgnum caelorū<sup>5</sup> Q̄ q<sup>1</sup>  
 acciperit infantem talem in nomine meo me  
 accipit<sup>6</sup> qui h (sic) scandalizauerit unū depus  
 sillis istis qui in me credunt expedit ei ut  
 mola assinaria in collo ē suspendat̄ Q̄ de  
 mergatur in p̄fundū maris<sup>7</sup> Uae huic mun  
 do a scandalis necesse ÷ n̄ uenire scanda  
 la Uerum tñ dico uobis Uae homini p̄ q̄ scan  
 dalum uenit<sup>8</sup> q̄si manus tua ꝑ pes tuus  
 scandalizate abscede eā Q̄ piecce [abste]

bonum est tibi inuitā uenire debilē et clo  
 dum q̄ duos pedes & duas manus habentē mitti  
 in 13nem aeñnum <sup>9</sup> Si oculus tuus erue eū scanda  
 lizat te et piecce absste hōnū ÷ tibi unū ocul  
 um habentem inuitam uenire q̄ duos oculos  
 habentē mitti in 13echenā 13nis <sup>10</sup> Uide te ne contē  
 natīs unum ex his pussillīs istīs qui in me  
 credunt dico & uobis q̄m an 13eli eorum incae  
 lis uident faciē patris mei qui in caelis ÷ <sup>11</sup> Ue  
 nit filius hominis saluare & p̄ierat <sup>12</sup> quid  
 uobis uideretur Si fuerint alicui c. oues  
 Q si errauerit una ex eis n̄ ne relinquet  
 nona 13enta noem in montib: et uadet q:rere  
 eā <sup>13</sup> C̄men dico uobis & 13audebit in eā ma 13is  
 q̄ nona 13enta noē q̄ n̄ p̄iant <sup>14</sup> quid uobis uideret?  
 Sic n̄ ÷ uoluntás ante patrem m̄m qui in  
 caelis ÷ ut p̄iat un: ex pussillis istīs <sup>15</sup> quod  
 si peccauerit in te frāt̄ tuus uade corripe  
 eum in te et ipsum solum quod si audierit  
 te lucratus es fratrē tuum <sup>16</sup> si h̄ n̄ té aud  
 erit adibe tecum ad hoc unū & duos ut in o  
 re duorum testim̄um & triū stet omne uer  
 bū <sup>17</sup> quod si n̄ audierit eos defer ecclisie Si  
 uero nec aeclisiā audierit sit tibi sicut  
 ethinus et puplicanus <sup>18</sup> C̄men dico uo  
 [bis] quiēq: alligaueritis sup̄ trā erit h̄ 13

ata et in caelis **G** quicūq: solueritis sup̄ trā  
 soluta et in caelo <sup>19</sup> Iterum dico uobis **q̄si** du  
 ob: conuenerit in t̄ uos de omni ré q̄cūq: pe  
 tieritis fiet uobis a patre meo qui in caelis  
 ÷ <sup>20</sup> Ub̄ s̄t duo t̄ tres con*ʒ*re*ʒ*ati in nōe meo  
 e*ʒ*o in medio eorū <sup>21</sup> Tunc accediens adeum  
 petrus dicens ei dñe s̄i peccauerit in me f  
 rater meus quotiens demittā ei usq: septi  
 es <sup>22</sup> d̄t illi ih̄s n̄ dico t̄ibi usq: septies s̄ usq: sep  
 tua*ʒ*ies et septies <sup>23</sup> Ideo dico uobis simile ÷ re*ʒ*  
 num caelorū homini*ʒ* qui uolunt ratio  
 nem ponere cum seruis suis <sup>24</sup> et cum coepiset  
 rationē ponere oblat: ÷ ei unus qui debebat  
 x tallenta <sup>25</sup> cū n̄ haberet unde redaret iusit  
 eum dñs uenundari et uxorem et filios ə **G**  
 omnia q̄: cumq; habebat et reddi debitum  
<sup>26</sup> procediens er*ʒ*o seruus ille orabat eū diciens  
 patientiā habe in me dñe **G** omnia reddā <sup>27</sup> Mis  
 sertus ÷ h̄ dñs serui illius dimisit eū et debitū  
 dimisit ei <sup>28</sup> E*ʒ*ress: h̄ seruus ille inuenit unū ex o  
 seruī suis qui debebat eum .c. denarios **G** ad  
 p̄chendiens et suffucabat eum diciens redde  
 mihi q̄ debo t̄ibi <sup>29</sup> procedens cseruus ə ro*ʒ*ab  
 at eum diciens patientiā habe in me reddā t̄ibi  
<sup>30</sup> Ille h̄ noluit s̄ habuit et missit eū incarcere  
 donec redderet debitum <sup>31</sup> Uidentes cserui

possiūlia s̄t xix. <sup>27</sup> Tunc r̄ēs petrus d̄x ei quid eī  
 erit nobis ecce nos relincimus om̄a et secuti su  
 mus te <sup>28</sup> ih̄s hr̄ d̄x eis C̄men dico uobis q̄ uos qu,  
 saecuti estis me in generatione ista Cū sede  
 ret filius hominis in maiestate sua sedebi  
 tis et uos sup̄ xii. trib: isrl̄ <sup>29</sup> Ḡ omnis qui re  
 linquit domum t̄ fr̄atres aut sorores  
 aut matrem aut filios aut ās̄ros pp̄t̄  
 nomen m̄m centuplū accipiet in saeculo  
 isto Ḡ uitam aeternā in futuro <sup>30</sup> Mul  
 [ti] hr̄ erunt primi nouissimi et nouissi[mi]  
 primi xx. <sup>1</sup> Simile ÷ n̄ rēznum caelorū homi  
 [ni] patrī familias qui exiit primo mane  
 [cond]ucere oparios in messem suam <sup>2</sup> Con  
 uentione hr̄ facta cum operarios (*sic*) ex dinario  
 diurno missit in uiniā suā Ḡ ēzressus  
 [diur]no <sup>3</sup> Ḡ ēzressus circa horam t̄tiam et  
 [inuen?]it alios stantes in foro otiosos <sup>4</sup> et  
 [illis] d̄x ite et uos in uiniā meā et quod ius  
 [tum f]uerit dabo uobis <sup>5</sup> C̄li hr̄ abiēt̄ it̄m̄  
 [hr̄ exit] circa horam nonam et fecit simi  
 [liter] <sup>6</sup> circa undecimā horā exiit [hr?] et in  
 [uenit a]lios stantes Ḡ d̄x illis quid hic  
 statis otiosos tota die <sup>7</sup> dicunt ei q̄ nem̄  
 nos conduxit ait illis ite ad unam me  
 [am] <sup>8</sup> Cum sero hr̄ factum (*sic*) esset d̄t̄ d̄ns uinie

xix

xx

procuratori suo uoca operarios et redde illis  
 mercidem IN cipiens annouissimis usq: ad pri  
 mos <sup>9</sup> Cum uenissent h[oc] qui circa undecimā hor  
 ā uenerūt acciperūt singulos denarios <sup>10</sup> Uenientes h[oc]  
 et primi arbitratī sūt q[uod] plus essent accepturi  
 accipiaūt et ipsi singulos denarios <sup>11</sup> accipie  
 tes murmurauerūt aduersus patrē fa  
 milias <sup>12</sup> hui nouissimi una hora fecerūt et p[a?]   
 tres illos nobis fecistī qui portauimus po[n?]   
 dus diei et estus <sup>13</sup> OCT ille rēs uni eorum dīx a[mī?]   
 ce n̄ facio tibi iniuriam n̄ne ex dinario conuers  
 istī mecum <sup>14</sup> tolle quod tuum ÷ et uade uolo h[oc] hu  
 ic nouissimo huic dare sicut et tibi <sup>15</sup> n̄ licet  
 facere q[uod] uolo meis (?) aut oculus tuus nequam ÷  
 q[uod] e[st]o bonus sum <sup>16</sup> Sic erūt nouissimi primi et p[ri]   
 mi nouissimi multi u[er]o sūt uocati pauci u[er]o elect[i]   
<sup>17</sup> G[loria] ascendens Ihs in h[ab]itus solimis adsump  
 sit duodecim discipulos suos G[loria] ait illis  
<sup>18</sup> ecce ascendimus h[ab]itus et filius hominis  
 tradet[ur] principib[us] sacerdotū et scribīs et con  
 tempnabunt eum morte <sup>19</sup> et tradent eū g[lor]e[nt]ib[us]  
 addeludendum et adfla[bi]llandum et cruci  
 fi[bi]endum G[loria] tertia die resurget <sup>20</sup> Tunc ait ad  
 eum mat[er] filiorum sebedei cum duob[us] filiis  
 adorans et petrus aliquid abeo <sup>21</sup> ipse h[oc] dīx ei  
 quid uis at illa dīx ei ut sedent hui duo filii

mei unus ad dext̄am tuam et alius ad si  
 nistram in re 3notuo <sup>22</sup> r̄ēs h̄ ih̄s d̄x nestis quid  
 petatis potestis bibere calic' quem e3o bibi  
 turus sum Q dicunt ei possumus <sup>23</sup> calicē  
 quidē biberis sedere h̄ addext̄ā t̄ adsinistr  
 am n̄ ÷ m̄ dare uobis s̄ quib: datum ÷ a pa  
 tre meo <sup>24</sup> Q audientes .x. ɔtristati s̄t ad du[o]  
 b: fratrib: <sup>25</sup> ih̄s uocauit eos ad se ait illis s[ci]  
 tis q̄ pr̄incipes 3entium dominantur eoR [et?]  
 qui dominant̄ eorum Q qui dominant̄ [ . . . ?]  
 potestates exercent in eis <sup>26</sup>, <sup>27</sup> n̄ ita ÷ in t̄ uos s̄ [q̄cūq: ?]  
 in t̄ uos primus ēē erit uest̄ seruus <sup>28</sup> Sicut [fi]  
 lius hominis n̄ uenit ministrari s̄ mini[st]r  
 rare et dare animā suā redempcionē p̄  
 multis <sup>28b</sup> uos h̄ q̄:ritis depussillo crescere  
 Q demaiorē ēē minoris intrantes h̄ et ro  
 3at̄ ad cenā nolite recumbere in locis m[a]  
 iorib: ne forte clarior sup̄ ueniat et [ac]  
 cediens quite ad cenam uocauit dicat tib[1]  
 ad hūc accede Q confunderis sí h̄ in loco  
 inferiore recumberi Q sup̄uenerit humil[1]  
 ore té dicet tibi quite ad cenā uocauit acce  
 de ad hūc superius. et erit hoc tibi 3loria.[et]  
<sup>29</sup> e3redientib: illis ad hericho saecutae s̄t eūtur  
 bae multae <sup>30</sup> Q ecce duo caeci sedentes sup̄ ui  
 am audientes q̄ ih̄s trānsit Q clamauerit

dicentes misserere .nī. filii dauid <sup>31</sup> Turba h̄ incr  
 epabat eos uttacerent at illi magis clamabant  
 dñe misserere .nī. filii dauid <sup>32</sup> Ḡ uocauit eos  
 et ait illis quid uultis ut faciam uobis <sup>33</sup> dicunt  
 illi ut aperientur oculi .nī. <sup>34</sup> missertus h̄ illis ih̄s  
 tetiḡit oculos eoru et confestim uidic̄t et secu  
 tae s̄t eum <sup>xxi. 1</sup> Ḡ ad p̄inquassent h̄rusolimam  
 Ḡ cum uenissent bethfage in montem oliueti  
 tc̄ missit duos exdiscipulis suis <sup>2</sup> diciens ite  
 [m] castellū q̄ contra uos ÷ et confestim inuenietis  
 [as]sinā alligatā et pullū cum ea soluite et addu  
 [c]ite mihi <sup>3</sup> Ḡ si quis uobis aliquid dixerit q̄ dñs  
 [o]p: habet et confestim remittent uos <sup>4</sup> hoc h̄ fac  
 tum ÷ ut impleretur q̄ dictum ÷ p̄ essaia p̄featā  
 dicentem <sup>5</sup> dicite filiae sion Ecce rex tuus uenit  
 tibi mansuetus et sediens sup assinā et pullū  
 nouellū subiu<sup>z</sup>ale <sup>6</sup> Euntes h̄ discipuli fecerit s̄  
 p[re]cipiat illis ih̄s <sup>7</sup> et adduxerit assinā et pullum  
 et inpossuerit sup eum uestimenta et sedebat  
 [s]up eum <sup>8</sup> plurimi h̄ strauerit uestimenta sua  
 in uia Cclui h̄ cedebant ramos dearborib: et s̄t  
 niebant inuia <sup>9</sup> turbae h̄ q̄ pcedebant et qui sede  
 bant clamabant dicentes ossanna filii dauid  
 benedictus qui uenit in nomine dn̄i ossanna  
 in excelsis <sup>10</sup> Ḡ cum intrasset h̄rusolimā com  
 mota ÷ uniuersa ciuitas dicentes quis ÷ hic

11 multū h̄ d̄xer̄t hic ÷ ih̄s anāzareth ɔahiliae 12 [et? intrauit]  
 ih̄s intemplum d̄i et iec̄it ih̄s omnes uende[n]tes et e[st]o  
 mentes intempo et mensas numulariorū [et carth]  
 edras uendentium columbas euertit 13 et d̄x s[crip]tū  
 tum ÷ domus mea domus orationis uocauit<sup>3</sup> [uos]  
 h̄ fecistis eam speloncā latronum 14 Q[uod] acce[sser̄t]  
 adeum caeci et claudi intempo et sanabat eo[s 15] u[er]o  
 diens h̄ princeps sacerdotū et scribe mirab[ilia]  
 q; fecit ih̄s Q[uod] pueros clamantes et dicentes [ossan]  
 na filii dauid indī ɔnatī st̄ 16 et d̄xer̄t ei audis [quid]  
 isti dñt ih̄s h̄ d̄x illis utiq: n̄ leɔistī (sic) ex ore inf[antiū]  
 et lactantiū pfecisti laudē 17 Q[uod] relictis illis a[bit]  
 foras extraciuitatē inbethania ibiq: mans[er]it 18 ma[ter]  
 ne h̄ transiit inciuitatē essuriit 19 Q[uod] uidien[s arbo]rem  
 rem feci unā secus feci uā uenit adeā [et nihil]  
 inuenit ineam nissi folia tm̄ ait adeā [nu]mq [ex te]  
 fructus nasceretur insempetnū et aruit ɔti[nuo]  
 ficulnia 20 Q[uod] uidentes discipuli mirati st̄ qm̄[o ɔti]  
 nuo aruit 21 r̄es h̄ ih̄s d̄x eis CCmen dico uobis [si ha]  
 bueritis fidem et n̄essitaueritis n̄solum di fi[cu]l  
 nia facietis s̄ mundi huic dixeritis tolle et iac[ta te? i]  
 mare faciet 22 omnia qc̄q: petieritis morat[ione]  
 credentes accipietis 23 et cum ueniset in temp[lum]  
 CCcessiait adeū principes sacerdot[ū et sem]i  
 oris populi dicentis inqua potes[tate haec]  
 facis Q[uod] quis tibi dedit h̄ potestatē

24 R[es] Ihs? in̄trōgabo uós et ēgo unum uerbū dicite  
 mihi Q[uod] ēgo uobis dicam inqua potestate h̄† fa  
 ci[o] 25 bābt̄ismum iohannis unde uenit de caelo an  
 e[x h]omīnib: illi h̄ cōgitabant intra sé dicentes 26 s̄i  
 [dix]erimus de caelo dicet nobis q̄rē er̄ n̄ credidistis  
 [illi?] Sí d̄ixerimus ex hominib: timemus turbā oms  
 [enim] habeabat̄ iohannē s̄ pfeat̄ 27 respondentes ad ih̄  
 d̄x̄t̄ nescimus C̄c̄it illis ih̄s nec ēgo uobis dico in q̄  
 [p]otestate h̄ facio 28 quid uobis uidet̄ homo quidā  
 [ha]bebat duos filios et accediens ad primum  
 [d̄x] filii uade hodie opari inuiniā meā 29 ille h̄ d̄x  
 [eo?] dñe et n̄ habuit̄ 30 C̄cessit h̄ ad alium d̄x sim̄  
 [līt̄] ille h̄ r̄ēs nolo et postea penitentia duct:  
 C̄buit̄ in uiniā 31 quis er̄go ex duob: fecit uolunta  
 tem patris dicunt nouissimus d̄t illis ih̄s  
 C̄men dico uobis q̄ puplcani et meritrices p̄  
 [ce]dunt uos in rēnum dī 32 Uenit h̄ iohannis ad  
 [uo]s inuia iustitiae et n̄ credidistis ei puplica  
 ni h̄ et meritrices credidicāt̄ ei Uos h̄ uidentes  
 nec poenetentiā ēsist̄is q̄ credidistis ei postea  
 33 C̄hā parabulā audire homo erat pā famili  
 [as et] plantauit uiniās Q[uod] sepem cīrcū dedit ei  
 [et] fodit in eā torculār et edificauit turre loca  
 uit eam colonis et p̄ēgre pfectus ÷ 34 Cū h̄ ad  
 p[er]pin]casset fructū tempus missit seruos suos  
 ad colonos ut acceperent defructib: suis 35 [et]

† *Hoc* (h̄) apparently at first. Under a glass can be seen the elongation on either side of the dot, making it *haec* (h̄), but not so definite and delicate as in the previous verse.

colonī adp̄chensis seruīs unum coede[r̄t a]  
lūm lapidauert̄ alium ū occidert̄ <sup>36</sup> Itū mis  
sit alios seruos plures priorib: fecer̄t illis  
similīt̄ <sup>37</sup> nouissime hr missit illis filium suū  
unicum diciens uerebunt̄ filiū mm <sup>38</sup> Coloni [hr?] uidentes filium d̄xr̄t intrase hic ÷ heres uen[ite]  
occidam: eū Q̄ habemus hereditate' e <sup>39</sup> Q̄ adp̄  
chensū eū occideſt̄ et deiecer̄t extra uiniam <sup>40</sup> [Cū]  
er̄go uenerit dñs uiniae quid faciet colonis [il]  
līs <sup>41</sup> Q̄ d̄xr̄t illi malos malae perdet et ueniā  
locauit alīs colonīs qui reddant ei fructus [t̄]  
porib: suis <sup>42</sup> d̄t illis ih̄s numq̄ lēḡistis inscrip[tu]r̄is  
Lapidem quem rep̄bauert̄ aedificantes  
hic factus ÷ incapud anguli adño factus ÷  
istud h ÷ mirabile inoculī nostrīs <sup>43</sup> Ideo di  
co uobīs q̄ auferetur auobīs rēgnū dī Q̄ da  
bit̄ 3entī facientī fructū e <sup>45</sup> Q̄ cū audissent p̄  
cipes sacerdotū et farissei fabulas cōgnouer̄t  
q̄ deipsīs diceret <sup>46</sup> et q̄rentes eū tenere in[uenia Abb. et meis  
oculis test., venie Lawlor]  
r̄t turbas q̄m sicut p̄feata eū habeabant xxii.<sup>1</sup> Q̄ xxii  
r̄es ih̄s d̄x illīs inparabulā diciens <sup>2</sup> Simile [÷ ?]  
rēgnū caelōr̄ homini rēgi qui Nuptias filio  
suo <sup>3</sup> Q̄ missit seruos suos uocare ad nup  
tias et noluer̄t uenire <sup>4</sup> Q̄ itūm missit ali  
os seruos diciens dicite inuitatīs Ecce prand,  
ū mm parauit tauri mei et sāgnata occissa Q̄.

omnia parataſt uenite adnuptias <sup>5</sup> illi h  
 neſlexiaſt et abiaſt alii inuillas suas **C**hi ū  
 ad neſtiationem suā <sup>6</sup> caeteri h adp̄chensus  
 illius contumilia adflictos occiderūt <sup>7</sup> réx h au  
 diſſet et iratus <sup>8</sup> missit exercitū suū **C** dis  
 p̄dit homicidas illos et ciuitates eoꝝ succendit  
<sup>8</sup> Tunc d̄x seruſ ſuīſ Nuptiae quidē parate  
 ſt̄ ſ q̄ uocatist̄ n̄ fuiart̄ dīzni <sup>9</sup> Ite eſzo adexitū ui  
 arum **C** quoſ cūq: inueniritſ uocate ad n  
 uptias <sup>10</sup> et eſressi ſerui illius in uias **C** con  
 ſreſauerūt q̄t q̄t inueniarūt bonos et malos **C**  
 inpletes ſt̄ nuptiae diſcumbentib: <sup>11</sup> intrauit au  
 tem réx ut uideret diſcumbentes **C** uidit ibi ho  
 minem <sup>n̄</sup> uerſimentū ueste nuptiale <sup>12</sup> et ait illi á  
 mice q̄mo hūc uenisti n̄ habiens uestē nupti  
 alem **C** ille obmutuit <sup>13</sup> T̄c réx missit minis  
 tros tollete eum manib: et pedib: **C** miſe eū i  
 tenebras extiores ibi erit fletus et ſtridor den  
 tiū <sup>14</sup> multi h uocati pauci ū electi <sup>15</sup> Tunc abia  
 rū fariffei oſilium fecerūt ut caperent eū in uer  
 bo <sup>16</sup> et miſſerūt diſcipulos ſuos cum herodiaſ  
 dicentes maſiſt q̄ uera n̄tib: cura de aliquo  
 n̄ h respicis imp̄ſonas hominum <sup>17</sup> q̄d uidet̄ tibi  
 ſi licet censū cessari á n̄ <sup>18</sup> coſnoscens h ihſ Nequ  
 tias eorū d̄x Numquid me tēptatis chſpochrīte  
<sup>19</sup> ostendit̄ mihi nouisime censū **C** illi optull[e]

R̄t ei denarium <sup>20</sup> ait illis ih̄s cuius ÷ imaʒo h[aec]  
 et conscriptio <sup>21</sup> d̄ct̄ ei cessaris Tunc d̄t̄ illis ih̄s  
 reddite eꝝ q̄: s̄t̄ cessaris cessari et q̄: st̄ d̄t̄  
 d̄ō <sup>22</sup> h̄is audit̄is mirati s̄t̄ et relicto eo recesser̄t̄  
<sup>23</sup> IN illa die accesser̄t̄ ad eum saducei qui dn̄t̄ n̄  
 ēe resurrectionem Q̄ in̄troʒauer̄t̄ eum <sup>24</sup> dicentes  
 maʒist̄ moſses d̄x ſi quis mortuus illi: fue  
 rit n̄habiens filium adducat fratre' uxore'  
 illi: et ſusc̄itet ſemen fratri ſuo <sup>25</sup> Erant [n̄ a . . ]  
 nos .ui. fratres Q̄ primus uxore' duxit et m̄  
 ortuus ÷ n̄ habiens ſemen reliquit uxore' ſu  
 am fratri ſuo <sup>26</sup> ſimiliſt̄ et ſecundus et t̄tius us  
 q̄: adſeptimū <sup>27</sup> nouiſſime hr̄ omniū et mulier  
 defuncta ÷ <sup>28</sup> IN resurrectione er̄ʒo cuius erit  
 de .ui. uxor̄ omnes n̄ habuer̄t̄ eā <sup>29</sup> R̄es ih̄s (- autem?)  
 d̄x errantes nescientes ſcripturas [neq]: uir  
 tutem d̄i <sup>30</sup> IN resurrectione er̄ʒo mortuorum  
 Neq: nubunt Neq: nubunt Neq: nubuntur  
 ſ eſt̄ ſicut an̄ʒeli d̄i in caelo <sup>31</sup> De resurrectione  
 er̄ʒo n̄leʒiſtis q̄mo dictum ÷ uobis a d̄ño dic  
 ente <sup>32</sup> Eʒo ſum d̄ſ abrachā d̄ſ iſſac d̄ſ iacob  
 n̄ ÷ d̄ſ mortuor̄ ſ uiuentiū <sup>33</sup> Q̄ cū audis  
 ſet turbae mirabant̄ in doctrinam e <sup>34</sup> fāris  
 ſei hr̄ audientes ꝑ silentium impoſſuit ſad  
 uceis oʒreʒatiſt̄ aduers: eum <sup>35</sup> IN in̄troʒauit eū  
 un: exēis leʒis doctor temptans eum Q̄ dici

ens <sup>36</sup> magistr quod mandatū maximū in lege <sup>37</sup> Q  
 [a]it ihs dile*ct*is dm dm tuū ex toto corde tuo Q I  
 tota anima tua et intota mentatua <sup>38</sup> hoc ÷  
 mag[num] et primum mandatū <sup>39</sup> Secundum  
 uero simile huic dile*ct*es proximum tuū tāqt te  
 ipsum <sup>40</sup> [et?] IN huis duob: mandatis tota lex  
 pendet et prefete <sup>41</sup> Con*greg*atis hr farisseis in  
 tro*g*auit eos ihs <sup>42</sup> diciens quid uobis uidetr  
 deoperi[b]: fidelis ÷ dicent ei dauid <sup>43</sup> C*or*it illis  
 ihs quod er*go* dauid dr uocat eum dnm dici  
 ens <sup>44</sup> Ora dns dno meo sede adextris meis  
 donec ponam inimicostuos scabellū pedū  
 tuorū <sup>45</sup> Si er dauid inspu uocat eum dnm  
 quod filius est ÷ <sup>46</sup> Q nemo poter respondere illi  
 uerbum Nec auus ÷ quisqua exilla die que est  
 amplius in*tro**g*are <sup>xxiii.</sup> <sup>1</sup> Tunc locutus ÷ turbis et  
 discipulis suis <sup>2</sup> diciens supr cathedrā most  
 si sediar scribe et farissei <sup>3</sup> Omnia er q:  
 cumq: dixrū uobis facite et seruatae F uero  
 facta eorum Nolite facere dixtū et ipsi non  
 faciunt <sup>4</sup> C*oll*i*g*ant non honoro*g*rauia et impo  
 tabilia et inponunt supr humeros hominū  
 d*ix*ito suo noluit ea moueri <sup>5</sup> Omni uero sua  
 opera faciunt ut uidantr abominib: dila  
 tant non filacteria sua Q magnificant ffmbri  
 as <sup>6</sup> C*on*mant hr primos discubitos inconui

uis et p'mas cathedras insina<sup>30</sup> sis <sup>7</sup> Q saluta  
 tiones in foro et uocari ab hominib: rabbi <sup>8</sup> Uos  
 uero ne uocemini ab hominib: rabbi unus ÷ u  
 ma<sup>31</sup> iste ueste xp̄s Nam uos omnes fratres estis  
<sup>9</sup> Q patrem nolite uocare uobis sup̄ trā unus  
 ÷ u pa<sup>10</sup> ueste qui in caelis ÷ <sup>10</sup> Nec uocemini ma<sup>32</sup>  
 istri qm̄ ma<sup>33</sup> ur xp̄s ÷ <sup>11</sup> qui uult maior in uo  
 bis ee erit ueste ministe<sup>12</sup> Q quicq: u exaltaue  
 rit se humiliabit et qui se humiliat exaltabit  
<sup>13</sup> Uae h uobis scribe et farissei chipochrite q'  
 cluditis re<sup>34</sup> nū caelorū ante homines Uos u  
 ni introitis Nec introiuntes sinitis introire  
<sup>14</sup> Ue uobis scribe et farissei chipochrite qui co  
 meditis domum uidbarum Occassione longa  
 orantes pp̄t hoc accipietis amplius iudiciū  
<sup>15</sup> Uae uobis scribe et farissei chf' pocrite q' cir  
 cumitis mare et aridā ut faciatis unum psi  
 litū Q cum factus fuerit faciatis eū filiū 3e  
 chene duplo quā uos <sup>16</sup> Uae uobis duces ceci  
 qui dicitis qui cūq: iurauerat in templū ni  
 hil ÷ qui h iurauerit in aurum templi debitor  
 ÷ <sup>17</sup> stulti Q caeci quid u [mai]s ÷ aurū an  
 templū q scī ficat aur[um] <sup>18</sup> Q quicq: iura  
 uerit in altare nihil ÷ sed quicq: iura  
 uerat in eo q ÷ sup̄ illud debitor ÷ <sup>19</sup> quid u  
 u maius ÷ donum t altare q scificat do

num<sup>20</sup> qui enim iurauerat per altare[m?] iurat  
 per eum et per omnia quod super illud st<sup>21</sup> Qui  
 iurauerat per templum iurat in illo et in  
 [eo] qui habitat in ipso<sup>22</sup> Qui iurat per cae  
 [lū iurat?] per thronū dominis et preū qui sedet in  
 ipso<sup>23</sup> Uae uobis scribe et farissei christpo  
 chrite qui decimatis mentā et anniatis Qui  
 confminū et reliquistis. quod 3rauora st le3is  
 iudicium et missericordiā et fidem pacē  
 hab oportuerat facere et illa non omīte<sup>24</sup> duces  
 caeci excolementes calicē camellū hab 3lutientis  
<sup>25</sup> Uae uobis scribae et farissei christochri  
 te qui mundatis quod deforis ÷ calicis et  
 parapsidis intus hab pleni rapina et iniqui  
 tate<sup>26</sup> farissae caece munda primū quod in  
 tus ÷ calicis [ut] fiat id quod deforis ÷ mun  
 dum<sup>27</sup> Uae uobis scribe et farisse quod  
 simile estis dealbatis monumentis quod afo  
 ris apparent hominibus: speciosa intus  
 uero pleana st os[sibus] mortuorū Qui  
 omnes p[ur]c*it*ia? <sup>28</sup> sic et] uos quidē afo  
 ris par[etis hominibus] iusti intus hab pleni  
 estis f*ict*ta simulatio? ne et iniuritate<sup>29</sup> Uae  
 uobis s[cri]be et far]issei christochrite quod  
 edificatis [sepul]chra pfetarū et orna  
 tis monumenta iustorū<sup>30</sup> et dicitis quod

fuissemus in dieb; patrum nostrorum n̄ [es]  
 simus socii eorum insan̄ine p̄fetarū <sup>31</sup> ita[q:]  
 testimonium p̄ibetis uobis quia filii [estis]  
 eorum q̄ occidert p̄featas <sup>32</sup> Q̄ uos ad in p[lete]  
 mensuram patrum uestroī <sup>33</sup> serpentes [3e]  
 neratio uiparū q̄mo effus̄ietis aiudicio [3ech]  
 ene <sup>34</sup> Ideo ecce e3o mitto aduos p̄featas Q̄ s[api]  
 entes et scribas et ex illis occidetis Q̄ crucifi[3er]  
 is et flagellabitis insinu3ois et p̄sequemini  
 deciuitatē inciuitatē <sup>35</sup> Ideo uenit sup̄ uos [om]  
 n̄is iustus san̄uis q̄ effuss: ÷ sup̄ trā a san̄  
 uine abiel iusti usq: adsan̄inem sacharie  
 filii barachi[ae que]~ occidistis in templū et alta  
 re <sup>36</sup> Q̄men [dico uo]bis uenient h̄ omnia sup̄  
 generation[em istam] <sup>37</sup> hirusalem hirusalem q̄: occi  
 dis p̄fea[tas et] lapidas eos qui ad te missi  
 s̄t quotiens uolui con3re3are filios tuos sicut  
 gallina con3re3at pullos suos sub alas suas  
 Q̄ nolui sti <sup>38</sup> Ecce relinq:t̄ uobis domus uestra de  
 serta <sup>39</sup> Dico h̄ uobis q̄m n̄ uidebitis me amodo  
 donec dicatis b̄dict: qui uenit in nōe dñi xxiv. <sup>1</sup> e3  
 ressus ih̄s detemplo et ibat et accessiāt adeū  
 discipuli ə ut ostender̄t ei fructurā templi <sup>2</sup> Ipse  
 h̄ res dx̄ uidebitis h̄ omnia Q̄men dico uobis n̄ [re]  
 hinc et hic lapis sup̄ lapidem qui n̄ distrū[atur]  
<sup>3</sup> Sedente h̄ illo in monte oluenti accesserunt [adeū]

discipuli ē insaecriato dicentes dīc nobis  
 q̄no er̄t quod siʒnū uentus tui et c̄sumationē  
 seculi <sup>4</sup> quib: respoñ . d̄x uidete Ne quis uos se  
 ducat <sup>5</sup> multi n̄ uenient innōe meo dicentes eʒo  
 sum x̄ps et multos seducent <sup>6</sup> C̄udistis n̄ puʒ  
 nas et opinioneſ bellorū ſturbemini Oportet  
 † n̄ h̄ fieri ſ ſndum ÷ finis <sup>7</sup> Exurʒet n̄ ʒens c̄traʒen  
 t̄ et reʒnū c̄tra reʒnū et er̄t fames et t̄re motus p̄  
 [lo]ca <sup>8</sup> Omnia h̄ ſt̄ initia dolorū <sup>9</sup> Tunt (sic) tradent ys  
 in tribulatione et occident uos et er̄tis hodibiles  
 ʒentib: pp̄t n̄o meū <sup>10</sup> Q̄ t̄ scandalizabunt mul  
 ti Q̄ inuicem se tradent et occident se inuicē <sup>11</sup> Q̄  
 multi seodo pfete exurʒent Q̄ multos seducent <sup>12</sup>  
 ‡ q̄ habundauit iniquitās et re[fri]ʒerescet ca  
 ritas multorū <sup>13</sup> qui h̄ p̄seuerauerit usq; infi  
 nem hicsaluus erit <sup>14</sup> Q̄ p̄dicabitur hoc euā  
 ʒeliū reʒni p̄totū orbe<sup>z</sup> in testimoniu omnib: ʒ  
 entib: Q̄ t̄ uenient finis <sup>15</sup> Cū er̄ʒo uideritis abo  
 minationē desolutionis q̄ dictū ÷ p̄danielū p̄ferū  
 stantē iloco ſco q̄ leʒit intelleʒat <sup>16</sup> Tunc qui inuidia  
 ſt̄ fuʒiant in montib: <sup>17</sup> Q̄ q̄ intecto ſt̄ ſndiscendant tol  
 lere aliqd dedomo <sup>18</sup> Q̄ q̄ inaʒro ſt̄ ſ uertatur tol  
 lere tonicas suas <sup>19</sup> Uæ h̄ priʒnantib: et nutrienti  
 b: in illis dieb: <sup>20</sup> ORATE h̄ ut ſ fiat fuʒa uā cheme  
 ‡ sabbato <sup>21</sup> erit n̄ tribulatio maʒna qualis ſ fit (sic = fuit)  
 ab initio saeculi usq: modo ſ neq: fieri <sup>22</sup> et missi br

† Lawlor prints *hoc*, but it may be *haec* or *hoc*.

‡ Abbott has *quod*, Lawlor *quia*, common text *quoniam*. It is as above, the symbol for *quia* (not *quod*), but apparently a bar above it. But for *quoniam* it would be written *q̄m̄*.

uiati fuissent dies illi nisi saluasset omnis car[o sed]  
 ppter electos brebiabunt dies illi <sup>23</sup> Tunc si quis uo  
 bis dixerit Ecce hic ecce illic nolite credere <sup>24</sup> su  
 rgent et seodo xp̄i et seodo pfete Q dabunt si[3na]  
 ma3na et pdi3ia ita ut in errorem inducant si fier[1]  
 poterit etiam electi <sup>25</sup> ecce pdxi uobis <sup>26</sup> si et dixerint uobis  
 ecce in deserto <sup>27</sup> Nolite credere sicut et fulgor  
 exiit ab oriente et apparet usq: in occidente ita  
 erit aduentus filii hominis <sup>28</sup> Ubi fuerit corpus  
 illic et re3abunt aquile <sup>29</sup> Statim h[oc] p[ro] tribulatione  
 dierū illorū sól obscurabuntur et luna nisi dauit  
 lumensuum Q stelle cadent de caelo Q uirt  
 ues caelorum comouebunt <sup>30</sup> Q t[em]c apparet  
 si3nū filii hominis in caelo et lamentabunt sé o[missus]  
 trib: t[em]re et uidebunt filium hominis uenientē [ē]  
 in nubib[us]: caeli cum uirtute multa et maiestate  
<sup>31</sup> Q mittet angelos suos cum uoce ma3na Q o[  
 3abunt electos suos aquatuor angelis uen[torum?] <sup>31b</sup>  
 assūmis caelorum usq: ad fīminos eōr. Cū c[ooperint?] h[oc]  
 fieri respicite et leuate capud qm̄ ad p[ri]uat  
 redemptio uestra <sup>32</sup> Ob arbores h[oc] fici discite [para]  
 bulā cū iā ramus ē tener fuerit Q folia nat[a] fu  
 erint cognoscitis ppe ēē aestate <sup>33</sup> sic et uobis cu[m]  
 uideritis h[oc] oma scitote qm̄ ppe ÷ ianuis <sup>34</sup> Ob[m]  
 en dico uobis qm̄ nisi p[re]tib[us] generatio h[oc] donec fiant [h] <sup>†</sup>  
<sup>35</sup> caelū et terrā transibunt Uerba h[oc] mea nisi p[re]tib[us] nt]

† Lawlor reads H, Abbot h[oc]. MS. *enim*, but the cross of the symbol does not look original.

‡ Lawlor would have *omnia*, but there does not seem room for it, and still less for *omnia haec* (even if written oma h[oc]) of Abbott. MS. to-day shows no trace except perhaps the top of the h[oc].

36 de die h[oc] illa t[em] hora nemo scit nisi [pañ sol]us 37 s  
 u[er] in dieb: noe. ita erit ad uentus filii hominis  
 38 sicut u[er] erat in dieb: illis ante dil[uium] mandu  
 cabant et bibebant et nubebant uxores duceba  
 nt usq[ue] in diem q[uo]d intravit noe in arcā 39 Gū n  
 senserūt donec uenit diluiū et nullit om̄s ita erit  
 aduentus filii hominis 40 Tunc erit duo in aīzro un:  
 adsummet et aliis relinq: r. 41 due molentes ad  
 molā una adsummet Gū alī relinq: r. 42 uīzila  
 te er quia nescitis qua die t[em] hora dñs uen  
 turus ÷ 43 illud h[oc] scitote qm̄ si sciret pañ fam[us]  
 lias qua hora fūr ueniet uīzilaret utiq: et n  
 † [osentiret] pfoderi domū suā 44 Ideo et uos estote  
 [parati] q[uod] nescitis qua hora filius hominis uen  
 turus ÷ 45 quis nam ÷ fidelis seruus et q[uod] cōstituit  
 dñs sup familiā suam ut det illi cōfbum in tēpo  
 re 46 Beatus seruus ille quem ueniens dñs e ÷ in  
 uenerit sic facientem 47 Cōmen dico uobis qm̄ su  
 [pr]a omnia bona sua cōstituet eū 48 Si h[oc] malus il  
 [le] seruus dixerit in cordesuo morā facit dñs  
 [me]us uenire ad me 49 Gū incipiet cōseruos suos p  
 cuñe manducet h[oc] et biber cum ebriosis 50 Cum h[oc] u[e]r  
 niet dñs serui illius in die qua n[on] sperat et oraq  
 ua iñnorat 51 Gū diuidet eum partē q[uod] e ponet cum  
 h[ab]pochritis Ibi erit fletus et stridor dentium  
 xxv. 1 Tunc simulabit[ur] regnum caelorum .x. uirginib: [q:·]

† So Lawlor *pro* senseret. Photo illeg. MS. difficult to read.

accipert lampadas suas et pdiar̄ obiā spon  
 si et sponse <sup>2</sup> u. h̄ exēis erant fatuae et u. sapient  
 es <sup>3</sup> [f]atuae h̄ acceptis lampadib: suis n̄ sūpser̄  
 oleū secū <sup>4</sup> sapientes h̄ sumpser̄ oleum secū in  
 uassis cum lampadib: suis <sup>5</sup> morā h̄ spons: fa  
 ciente dormiert̄ <sup>6</sup> media h̄ nocte clamor factus  
 Ecce spons: uenit exīte obiam ei <sup>7</sup> tunc surrexe  
 r̄ om̄ ille uir̄ines accipert lam padassuas  
<sup>8</sup> F̄uctuae h̄ sapientib: d̄xer̄ date nobis deoleo uō  
 q̄ lampades nostre extin̄unt̄ <sup>9</sup> R̄es r̄ pruden  
 tes d̄xer̄ n̄ne forte n̄sufficiat nobis et uobis  
<sup>†</sup> ite putius ad ôues [vult eos] qui uendunt emite uobis oleū  
<sup>10</sup> euntes emere oleū uenit sponsus Q̄ quae para  
 te erant intrauer̄t cumeo ad nuptias et clau  
 sa ÷ ianua <sup>11</sup> postea ueniar̄t reliq: uir̄ines di  
 centes dñe dñe aperi nobis <sup>12</sup> OCT ille r̄es d̄ OCT  
 en dico uobis q̄ nescio uós <sup>13</sup> uir̄ilate itaq; q̄ nesqui  
 tis diem Neq: horā <sup>14</sup> sicut u homo p̄ēre pficis  
 ciens uocauit seruossuos Q̄ tradidit illis sub  
 stantiā suā <sup>15</sup> Q̄ uni quidem dedit u. tallenta OCT  
 h̄i h̄ duo OCT h̄i u. unum unicuiq: F̄ pp̄ā uirtu  
 tem Q̄ profectus ÷ c̄tinuo <sup>16</sup> h̄ ab hiis u. tallenta ac  
 ceperet et operatus ÷ in eis Q̄ lucratus ÷ alia  
 u. <sup>17</sup> similit̄ et qui duo tallenta acciperat lucra  
 tus ÷ alia duo <sup>18</sup> qui h̄ unum acciperit fudit in̄  
 rā et abscondit peccuniā domini sui <sup>19</sup> p̄ ūmūltū ‡

† Yet the u is not a real u. It is formed i thus apparently.

‡ Lawlor prints p̄t but I can only see a little o as usual for Post. The MS. itself now reveals a little thing over the u like a T, but the glass shows an original cancelling dot over the u, later made into an o.

tempus uenit dñs seruorum illorū **G** cū  
 possuit rationem eis<sup>20</sup> accessit qui .u. tallen  
 ta accipiat **G** obtullit alia .u. diciens dñe .u. ta  
 llenta mihi tradidisti. Ecce alia .u. lucratus  
 sū<sup>21</sup> **Q**uit illi dñs eius eu~~geserue~~bone et fidelis q  
 sup<sup>r</sup> pauca fidelis fuisti sup multate consti  
 tuam intra in **g**audiū tuū et dñitui<sup>24</sup> **Q**ccedens h  
 qui unum tallentū acciperat ait illi dñe sceb  
 am q homo durus es metis ubi nseminasti<sup>25</sup> timu,  
 er~~go~~ et abii **G** absqdī tallentū tuū in~~tra~~ ecce hab  
 es q tuum ÷<sup>26</sup> et resp h dñs ē dxeiserueneq et pi~~g~~er  
 scebas q meto ubi n semino et colli~~g~~o ubi nsparsi  
<sup>27</sup> Oportuit er~~go~~ uenundari peccuniā meā nu  
 mularis **G** e~~g~~o ueniens recipissē cū ussuris  
 q meū ÷<sup>28</sup> tollite itaq: abeo tallentū et dā ei qui ha  
 bet .x. tallenta<sup>29</sup> Omni n habentī dabit<sup>r</sup> ei et hab  
 undabit ei q<sup>i</sup> n habet q habet etiā auferet<sup>r</sup> abeo  
<sup>30</sup> **G** nequam seruū iecit<sup>r</sup> foras intenebras ext  
 iores illic erit fletus **G** stridor dentium  
<sup>31</sup> Cum h uenerit filius hominis in maiestate  
 sua et om̄s an~~g~~eli cumeo tunc sedebit sup sedē  
 maiestatis suae<sup>32</sup> **G** o~~g~~re~~g~~abunt<sup>r</sup> ante eū om̄s  
 gentes et sperauit eos abinuicē sicut pastor  
 se~~g~~re~~g~~at eos abedīs<sup>33</sup> et statuet oves quidē adex  
 tris suis edos h asenistris<sup>34</sup> Tunc dicet réx his q<sup>i</sup>  
 adextris st̄t Uenire b̄dicti patris mei possedit

regnū q[uo]d uobis paratum ÷ ab origine mundi  
<sup>35</sup> Essuriui et dedistis mihi manducare siti  
 ui et dedistis mihi bibere ospes eram et suscep  
 istis me <sup>36</sup> Nudus et co opuistis me infirmus erā  
 et uissitatis me IN carcerē fui et uenistis ad me <sup>37</sup> Tū  
 respondebunt ei dicentes iusti dñe qñotē uidimus  
 essurientē et pauimus té assidentē et pauim: té <sup>38</sup> a  
 qño h[ab]te uidim: hospitem et suspicimustē a nudū  
 et co operuimus té <sup>39</sup> t[em] qño té uidimus infirmum  
 t[em] in carcere et uenimus ad té <sup>40</sup> Q[uo]d respondens rex  
 dicet illis OMEN dico uobis quandiu fecistis uni  
 ex fratrib[us]: meis minimis mihi fecistis <sup>41</sup> Tunc dicet  
 his qui asenistris st̄ discedite ame maledicti st̄  
 in iʒnem efnū q[uo]d p[re]parauit pañ meus sabulo et an  
 gelis e <sup>42</sup> Essuriui et dedistis mihi manduca  
 re sitiui et dedistis mihi bibere <sup>43</sup> hospis erā et suscipistis me IN  
 firmus fui et incarcere et uenistis ad me <sup>44</sup> Tunc  
 respondent ei iniusti dicentes dñe qño te uidim:  
 essurientē etsitientem a hospitem a nudum  
 a infirmum a incarcere Q[uo]d n̄ ministrauim:  
 tibi <sup>45</sup> Tunc responderet eis diciens OMEN dico uo  
 bis quandiu n̄fecistis uni ex minimis istis nec  
 mihi fecistis <sup>46</sup> Q[uo]d tunc ibunt in iusti iniʒnē efnū  
 [i]usti h[ab] inuitā p[re]petuā <sup>1</sup> xxvi. Q[uo]d factum ÷ cū consū  
 masset ih̄s omnia uerba h[ab] d[icitu]r discipulis suis

<sup>2</sup>scritis q̄ p̄o bīdūm pascha fiat Q filius homi  
 nis tradet̄ principib: sacerdotū et crucifīḡer̄  
<sup>3</sup>Tunc oʒreʒatī s̄t̄ principes sacerdotum et senio  
 res populi inatriū p'ncipis sacerdotum q̄ uoca  
 bat̄ caiphas <sup>4</sup>et consilium fecer̄ ut ih̄m dolo  
 tenerent <sup>5</sup>et dicebant n̄ indiē festū Q tumultus  
 fieret inpopulo <sup>6</sup>Cum h̄ esset ih̄s inbethania  
 indomu simonis lepsi <sup>7</sup>accessit adeū mulier  
 habiens alabastrum unʒenti p̄tiosi Q eff  
 udit sup̄ capud eius recumbente ipso <sup>8</sup>q̄ cū  
 uidissent discipuli indiʒnatī s̄t̄ dicentes ut q'd  
 perditio h̄ <sup>9</sup>potuit h̄ (sic) uenundari p̄tia (sic) † maʒna et  
 dari paupib: <sup>10</sup>q̄ ut coʒnouit ihs ait illis q'd m̄  
 lesti estis mulieri bonum op: opata ÷ in me  
<sup>11</sup>n̄ semp̄ pauperes habebitis uobis cū me h̄ n̄sept̄  
 habebitis <sup>12</sup>Ecce n̄ mittiens in corpus m̄m unʒ  
 entū adsepeliendū me fecit <sup>13</sup>Q̄men dico uobis  
 ubiq̄: p̄dicatū fuerit h̄ euanʒeliū intoto mundo  
 narrabit̄ Q̄ feicit h̄ in memorīā ipsius <sup>14</sup>Tunc a  
 būt unus dediscipulī suīs q̄ dīt̄ iudas scarioth  
 Q̄ p'ncipes sacerdotū <sup>15</sup>Q̄ ait illis quid uultis mihi  
 dare et eʒo uobis eū tradā at illi constituer̄ ei  
 xxx. stateris <sup>16</sup>Q̄ exinde q̄:rebant oportunitatē  
 ut eum traderet eis <sup>17</sup>p̄ma h̄ die azemorū ac  
 cesser̄ discipuli ad ih̄m dicentes ubi uis pa  
 remus tibi comedere phascha <sup>18</sup>Q̄ ille dx eis

† *Male Larvior vid. praetio.* As to *hoc* see below (same page of M.S.) ver .  
 for confirmation of my reading.

ad discipulos suos et ait illis dormite  
 iā et requiescite ecce ad p̄pincauit ora et  
 filii hominis tradet ī manus peccatorum.

<sup>46</sup> SURGITE eam: ecce ad p̄pincauit q<sup>u</sup> me TRA  
 dit <sup>47</sup> Quidhuc eo loquente ecce iudas un:  
 dexi et cō eo turba multa cō gladiis et fusti  
 b: misi ap̄ncipib: sacerdotū et seniorib:  
 populi <sup>48</sup> qui h̄ tradet eū dī dedit illis si <sup>49</sup>  
 num diciens q̄cūq: osculat: fuero ipse ÷  
 tenete eū <sup>49</sup> Quid confestī accessit ad ih̄m et  
 dī aue rabbi osculat: ÷ eū <sup>50</sup> cui dī ih̄s am  
 ce ad q̄ uenistī fāc Tunc accesserūt et ma  
 n: inecierūt in ih̄m et tenuerūt eū <sup>51</sup> et un: exhis  
 q̄ erant cō ih̄s Extendiens manū exemit gla  
 diū suū et p̄cussit seruum principis sac  
 erdotū et abscidit auriculā <sup>52</sup> Tunc ait  
 illi ih̄s ouerte gladiū tuū in locū suum Oms  
 n: q̄ accipiunt gladiū gladio p̄ibunt <sup>53</sup> à n̄ pu  
 tatis possū me modo rogarē patrē m̄m  
 Quid exiberet m̄ plus q̄ XII milia legiōnīs  
 angelor̄. <sup>54</sup> q̄mo eī implebunt scripture  
 q̄si oportet fieri <sup>55</sup> in illa hora dī ih̄s ad  
 turbas q̄si adlatro[nem] uenistis cū gla  
 diis et fustib: con p̄chendere me Cotidie  
 ap̄ uos erā in templo dociens et n̄ tenuis  
 tis me <sup>56</sup> hoc h̄ totū factū ÷ ut impleret

SCRIPTURAE p̄fetarū Tunc discipuli  
 ē relicto su᷑erū<sup>57</sup> illi h̄ tenentes ih̄m et p̄  
 duxerū eū adcaſan̄ pr̄incipes [sic] sacerdo  
 tū inq° scribe et sacerdotes conuenerant  
 58 PETR: h̄ seq:bāt̄ eū alon᷑e usq: in atrī  
 um p̄ncipissacerdotū Q ingress: in  
 t: sedebat cumministris uideret exi  
 tum rei<sup>59</sup> pr̄incipes h̄ sacerdotū Q uni  
 uersum concilium q:rebant falsum  
 testimoniū aduers: ih̄m ut eū morti tr  
 aderent<sup>60</sup> Q n̄ inuenert̄ in eum quiquā  
 nouisse h̄ uener̄t̄ duo falsi testes<sup>61</sup> Q d̄x  
 er̄t̄ Qcudiuim: hunc d̄xise possum dis  
 truare templū di h̄ et intridū redifi  
 care illud<sup>62</sup> (63) Q sur᷑iens p̄nceps sacer  
 dotum ait illi adiuro té p̄ d̄m uiuū  
 ut dicas nobis si tu es xps fili: d̄i uiui<sup>62</sup> Q  
 d̄x illi nihil respondis adeaq: isti ad  
 uers: testificant<sup>63</sup> ih̄s h̄ tacebat Respon  
 diens p̄ncipes (sic) sacerdotū C̄it illi adiuro  
 té p̄ d̄m uiuum ut dicas nobis si tu es xps  
 fili: d̄i uiui<sup>64</sup> Q d̄x illi illi ih̄s tú d̄xisti  
 Uerum tñ dico uobis amodo uidebitis fi  
 li: (sic) hominis sedentem adextris uirtutis  
 Q uementem innubib: caeli<sup>65</sup> Tunc  
 princeps sacerdotū scidit uestimenten

ta sua diciens scidit blasphemavit quid  
 adhuc opus uobis Ecce audistis blasfe-  
 miām ē<sup>66</sup> quid uobis uidetꝝ illi r̄esr̄t  
 om̄s d̄x̄r̄t reus ÷ mortis<sup>67</sup> t̄c expuerit i faciā ē  
 et colofis cedentes<sup>68</sup> p̄fetiza nobis X̄pe q's te p̄  
 cussit<sup>69</sup> PETR: h̄ foris in atrio sediabat **G** ac  
 cessit adeum una ancilla d̄xei et tu cū ihū  
**Z**ahlio eras<sup>70</sup> at ille ne*z*auit corā omnib: diciens  
 nescio quiddicis neq: intelle*z*o<sup>71</sup> exiunte h̄ illo ad  
 ianua uidit eū alia ancilla et ait eis q'erant ibi  
**G** hic erat cum ihū **Z**ahlio<sup>72</sup> **G** iñū ne*z*auit eū (*sic*) in  
 ramento diciens īnoui hominem<sup>73</sup> et p̄o pussil  
 ihū accipiarit̄ qi ministrabant et dixerit petro  
 uere ex illis estū nam et loquellā tuā manifes-  
 tatē<sup>74</sup> Tunc coepit deuotare sé et iurare ♀  
 ī nouisset hominē **G** otinuo **Z**all: cantauit  
<sup>75</sup> **G** recordat: ÷ petr: uerbi ihū ♀ dixerat p̄:  
 q **Z**all: cantet ū me ne*z*abis **G** e*z*gress: foras  
 amarissime fleuit xxvii.<sup>1</sup> mane h̄ facto īsilū  
 fecerit principes sacerdotū et seniores pleb-  
 is aduers: ihū ut eū morti traderent<sup>2</sup> **G** un  
 ctū adduxerit eū et tradidierit pontio p̄fla-  
 to p̄ssidi<sup>3</sup> Uidiens ihū iudas qi eum tradi-  
 dit ♀ damnat: eēt poenetentia duct: ret  
 ullit tru*z*enta ar*z*enteos p̄ncipib: sacerdo-  
 tum **G** seniorib: <sup>4</sup> diciens peccauit ♀ tradi-

xxvii

<sup>†</sup> Apparently *trin*z*enta* originally. In changing *n* to *o*, scribe left a *u* instead of an *i*.

derim sanguinē iusti OCT illi dixerūt  
 q'd ad nos tú uideris <sup>5</sup> G piec̄teis arcadgab  
 uthc' int̄em plo secessit et abit et laqueose s:  
 pendit <sup>6</sup> t̄c princeps sacerdotū acceptis ar  
 3entreis dx̄ n̄licet mīt̄e eos in corbán h̄ ÷ in  
 loc̄ q̄pt̄iū sanguinis <sup>7</sup> Consilio hr accepto  
 emerūt exillis a3rum fi3uli insepulturā p  
 13rinorum <sup>8</sup> pp̄f φ uocat: ÷ a3er ille achel  
 demach φ ÷ a3er sanguinis usq: ī odier  
 nū diem <sup>9</sup> Tunc inpletū ÷ φ dictū erat p  
 heremiā p featā dicentē et accipert xxx  
 ar3enteos p̄tiū φ adptiatuerūt filius ISR  
<sup>10</sup> et dederūt eos ina3r̄ fi3uli sicut constitu  
 it mihi dñs <sup>11</sup> ih̄s hr stetit ante p̄ssidē G ī  
 TERRO3auit eū p̄sses tues réx iudeor̄  
 d̄t ei ih̄s tu dicens <sup>12</sup> G cum acesit á p'ncipi  
 b: sacerdotū et seniorib: nihil responde  
 bat <sup>13</sup> TUNc d̄t illi p̄flat: n̄ audis quan  
 ta aduers: té dñt testimonia <sup>14</sup> G n̄ r̄s  
 ei ullū uerbū ita miraret̄ p̄sis uechi  
 men̄ <sup>15</sup> p̄diē sollem nem ḡsuerat p̄s  
 sis dimiūte populū unū unctū q̄ uolui  
 sent <sup>16</sup> habebant hr uinctū insi3nē q̄ d̄r  
 barabbán <sup>17</sup> ḡ3re3atist̄ hr illis dx̄ p̄flatū  
 q̄ uultis dimittā uobis barabán ā ih̄m  
 qui d̄r̄ x̄ps <sup>18</sup> sciebat hr φ p̄nuuidiā tradi

dēt eū (?) <sup>19</sup> sedente h̄ illo p̄ tribunali missit ad eū ux  
 or ə (?) diciens nihil sit tibi et iusto illi diciens multa  
 n̄ pas: sū hodie p̄ uisū pp̄t eū <sup>20</sup> p̄ncipes h̄ sacer  
 dotes et seniores populi pr̄suaser̄t populo ut  
 peterent barabbán ih̄s h̄ p̄dider̄t <sup>21</sup> Rēs h̄ p̄sis ait  
 illis q̄ uultis deduob: dimittā uobis CCT illi d̄x̄t̄  
 r̄t̄ barabbán <sup>22</sup> d̄t̄ illis p̄flat: q̄'dē faciem: ih̄s q̄  
 d̄r̄ x̄ps <sup>23</sup> d̄nt̄ om̄s crucifiꝝat̄ CCT illis p̄ssis q̄'d  
 n̄ malī fecit at illi maꝝis clamabant crucifiꝝa  
 t̄ <sup>24</sup> Uidiens h̄ p̄flat: q̄ q̄ fecit nihil s̄ maꝝis tu †  
 mult: fieri accepta aqua lauit man: suas cor  
 ā populo diciens INnocens eꝝosum assanꝝu  
 ne hui: iusti uos uideritis <sup>25</sup> et r̄s uniuersat̄ba  
 d̄x̄ sanꝝuis ə sup̄ nós et sup̄ filios uestros  
<sup>26</sup> T̄c dimissit illis barabbán ih̄s h̄ flagillis  
 cesū tradidit eis ut crucifiꝝer̄t̄ illū <sup>27</sup> Tunc  
 militis p̄sides duxer̄t̄ eū ī p̄toriū et cōgreſſaue  
 r̄t̄ adeū uniuersū chortē <sup>28</sup> et c̄spoliassent  
 eū uestiaſt̄ tonicā purpureū et cla mīdē  
 cociniā c̄deder̄t̄ ei <sup>29</sup> et coronam despinis texer̄t̄  
 Q̄ possuer̄t̄ sup̄ capud ə ī arundinē dex̄t̄ā  
 et adꝝenuflexu ante eū deludentes eū dicentes  
 aue R̄ex iudeorū <sup>30</sup> Q̄ expuer̄t̄ infaciā ə ac  
 cipiāt̄ infaciem ə acciper̄t̄ arundinē et p̄  
 cutiabant capud ə <sup>31</sup> et p̄q̄ inluser̄t̄ eū et spoli  
 auer̄t̄ eū calamidē ut crucifiꝝer̄t̄ induer̄t̄

† This Q̄ is clear and Lawlor prints *quod fecit*, but Abbott: *profecit*.

eū (*vel cū?*) uestimente sua <sup>32</sup> Exe[untes h] inuenierū hominem  
cīriniū uenientē obiam sibi noē simonē hunc an  
 † **G**arizauerūt ut tollereat crucē <sup>33</sup> et uenit in locū q<sup>1</sup> (?)  
 dī **G**olgotha q̄ ÷ caluarie locus <sup>34</sup> **G** dederū ei bibere  
 uinū **G** cū felle mixtū et cī **G**ustaret noluit bibere  
<sup>35</sup> p<sup>o</sup> q̄ crucifixerū diuisiart̄ uestimenta sua mise  
 rū sortes ut impleret̄ q̄ dictū ÷ p̄ pfeatā diuisia  
 rū siui uestimenta mea **G** sup̄ uestē meā mise  
 rū sorte <sup>36</sup> et sedentes seruaueart̄ <sup>37</sup> et imposuerū  
 sup̄ capud ē causā scriptū ÷ hic ÷ ih̄s xps  
 rex iudeor̄, <sup>38</sup> t̄c crucifixerū c̄eo duos latrones un  
 ū addexr̄ et unū adsinistrā <sup>39</sup> Transseunt̄  
 h̄ blasphemabant eū mouentes capitasya <sup>40</sup> et  
 dīr̄ ei uā qdistras tēplū dī et intriduo re  
 dīficas illud libera te ipsū si fili: dī es **G**  
 discende de cruce <sup>41</sup> similiū et p̄ncipes sacerdotū  
 deludes eū **G** scribis et farisseis dicebant̄  
<sup>42</sup> alios saluos fecit seipsū n̄ pot̄ ÷ saluū face  
 re si réx israhel ÷ discendat nunc de cruce  
 et credim: in eū <sup>43</sup> cfidet idm̄ liben̄ n̄c si uult eū  
 dīx h̄ q̄ fili: dī sū <sup>44</sup> idipsū h̄ et latrones q̄ cruci  
 fixerū c̄eo imp̄perabant ei <sup>45</sup> et p<sup>o</sup> quā crucifix: ÷  
 CC Sexta h̄ hora tenebrae factae st̄ sup̄  
 uniuersā trā in horā nonā <sup>46</sup> circa ū  
 horā nonā clamauit ih̄s uoce magna heln  
 haelū labathsabathani h̄ ÷ d̄s meus d̄s meus

† *Lawlor* prints a blank where I have put a *z* in angarizauerunt.

† [quid me dereliquisti]<sup>47</sup> quidā h̄ illic stantes et au  
dientes diciabant [q?] heliā uocat iste<sup>48</sup> C̄entino sr  
Ḡiens un: exēs acceptā spongiā inpleuit acetō  
et impossuit [ar]undini et dabat ei bibere<sup>49</sup> ceñi û  
d̄ixit sine uidiam: si ueniat helias et liberauit  
eñ<sup>(49 Sup.)</sup> C̄ius h̄ accepta lancia pupun̄it lat: e et  
[exit aqua] et san̄guis<sup>50</sup> ih̄s h̄ iñū Exclamans uoce  
maḡna emisit sp̄m<sup>51</sup> et ecce uelū templi scisū ÷  
in duas partes assummo usq: deorsū C̄  
TRA mota ÷ et petrae scisest<sup>52</sup> et monumenta á  
p̄rae st̄ C̄ multa corpora sco ē dormien  
[tiñ] surrexiar̄t<sup>53</sup> et exiuntes demonumentis p̄o  
resurrectionē ipsi: et uenerit in sc̄am ciuita  
tē et multis apparuit<sup>54</sup> C̄entorio h̄ et q̄ c̄  
eo erant custodientes ih̄m cum uidissen  
tremotū et ea q: fiabant timi iart (sic) ualde  
dicentes uere fili: di erat iste<sup>55</sup> Erant h̄  
ibi mulieres multae alon̄e uidentes q:  
secutae fuerant ih̄m aʒalilia ministr  
antes illi<sup>56</sup> inī quas erat maria maʒda  
leana C̄ maria iacobī et ioseph maž  
er maž filioř sebedei<sup>57</sup> Cum h̄ sero f  
actū eēt uenit q̄dam homo diues aba  
rimathia noe ioseph qui et ipse disci  
pul: erat ih̄u<sup>58</sup> hic accessit ad p̄flatū et  
petit corp: ih̄u tc p̄flat: iusit dari cor

† So Lawlor for *ut quid dereliquisti me.* I cannot read anything in photo, nor be certain that *ut* is absent upon inspection of the MS. itself.

THE reverse of this leaf (numbered *recto* 41) is and apparently always has been blank, the Gospel ceasing at xxvii. 58 ?

ILLUMINATED heading to St. Mark's Gospel,  
covering the whole page, with INITIUM EUA in  
large decorative capitals.

† **N**3elui ihū xpi filii dī <sup>2</sup> sicut scriptum ÷  
 inessaia pfea (*sic*) Ecce mitto an3elū mm an  
 te faciem tuam qui pparauit uiamtu  
 am <sup>3</sup> Uox clamantis indeserto parate  
 uiam dnī rectas facite semitas ē <sup>4</sup> fuit  
 iohannis indeserto babtizans **G** p̄dica  
 ns poenetentiae (*sic*) babtis mum iohannis ī  
 remisionem peccatorū <sup>5</sup> et ae3rediebat adil  
 lum omnis iudia re3io et h̄rusolimitae  
 uniuersi et babtizant ab illo in iordane  
 flumine confitentes peccatasua <sup>6</sup> **G** erat  
 iohannis uestitus pillis camelli et zo  
 na pellicia circa lumbos ē et locustas et  
 mel siluestres (*sic*) aediabat et p̄dicabat di  
 ciens <sup>7</sup> uenit fortior me p̄me cuius n̄ sū  
 di3n: pcumbiens soluere corre3iam cal  
 ciamentorū ē <sup>8</sup> e3o babtizauit uos in aqā  
 ille ū babtizauit inspu s̄co <sup>9</sup> **G** factū ÷  
 in illis dieb: uenit ihs anazareth galiliae  
**G** babtizatus ÷ in iordane ab iohanne  
<sup>10</sup> et statim ascendien (*sic*) dequa 11idit ap  
 tos caelos **G** sp̄m tamquam colum  
 bā discendentem et manentem in ipso (et sec man.)  
<sup>11</sup> Uox facta ÷ daecaelis tu es filius meus  
 dilectus int̄e complacui <sup>12</sup> **G** statim sp̄s expe (1 sec man.)  
 hit eum indesertū <sup>13</sup> et erat indeserto .XL. die  
 b: et xl noctib: **G** temptabat asatana

† Initium Eua occurs in large decorative capitals covering the whole of p. 43.

ERAT q: cumbestrīis (*vid.*) et an̄geli minist[ra]bant [ei?]

- <sup>14</sup> postquam h̄ traditus ÷ iohannis uenit ih̄s  
ingaliliā p̄dicans euangeliū rēgnū [dī] <sup>15</sup> et diciens  
q̄m inpletum ÷ temp: et ad p̄pincauit rēgnū dī  
et credite euangeliō <sup>16</sup> et p̄ficiens secus mare galilie  
uidit simoNē et andrea' fratre' e mittentes re  
tia in mare erant u p̄scatores <sup>17</sup> et dīx ih̄s ue  
nire p̄ me et faciam uos fieri p̄scatores hominū  
<sup>18</sup> Q̄ p̄tin: relictis retib: securis t̄ eum <sup>19</sup> [et p̄cess: in]  
de pussillum uidit iacobū sebedei [Q̄ iohan]  
nem fratre' e et ipsos innaui componentes re  
tia <sup>20</sup> et statim uocauit illos Q̄ reli[cto patre suo? sebe]  
deo innaui cum mercinaris sec[uti] s̄t eum <sup>21</sup> et in]  
rediuntur capharnaū Q̄ sta[tim sabbatis in]  
ress: insināzōzā doceabat eos <sup>22</sup> Q̄ st[upeb]ant su  
p̄ doctrinā e erat u dociens eos q̄si potestatem  
habiens et n̄sicut scribe <sup>23</sup> et erat in sināzōzā eo  
rum homo in sp̄u immundo Q̄ exclamauit  
<sup>24</sup> diciens quid nobis etti b̄i ih̄u nazaren[e] uenis  
ti p̄dere nos scio q̄ sis sc̄s dī <sup>25</sup> et comminat: [÷ ei]  
ih̄s diciens obmutiasce et exi de homine <sup>26</sup> Q̄ dis[cer]  
piens eū sp̄s inmundus exclamans uoce māz  
na exi abeo <sup>27</sup> et mirati s̄t omnes ita ut concir  
rent int̄ se dicentes quid nā h̄ q̄ doctrinā h̄ nou[a]  
÷ q̄ impotestate et spiritib: inmundis impar et  
obediunt ei <sup>29</sup> Q̄ p̄tin: ēgredientes desināzōzā uene  
r̄t indomum simonis Q̄ andriae cum iacobo [et ioh?]

[ ? ] <sup>30</sup> discumbebat ḥ socrus simonis febrici  
 tans eum στάτι dñt ei de illa <sup>31</sup> σ accedens  
 [el vel l]euau[it e]am et adp̄chensa manu ə contin  
 uo dimisit eam febr̄is et ministrabat eis <sup>32</sup> Ues  
 pe ḥ facto eum occidisset sól adferebat  
 adeum Omnes malehabentes σ demonia  
 habentes <sup>33</sup> et erat omnis ciuitás conσreσata  
 adianuam <sup>34</sup> adcurauit multos qui uexa  
 bantur uaris lanσorib: etdemonia multa ie  
 ciebat et n̄ sinebat loqui ea q̄m sciebant eū  
<sup>35</sup> σ [diluculo] ualde surσiens eσress: abiit in  
 de[sertum l]iocū ibiq: horabat <sup>36</sup> σ p se  
 cut[us est eum] simon σ qui cum illo erant  
<sup>37</sup> σ c[ueū? inueni]ssent d̄xrt̄ ei q̄ omnes q:r̄t̄e  
<sup>38</sup> σ ait illis eamus in pximos uicos et ciui  
 tates et ibi p̄dicem et hoc ueni <sup>39</sup> σ erat p̄d  
 dicans insinaσoσa eoꝝ · et omni σalilae et de  
 mommia [vid.] iecciens <sup>40</sup> σ uenit adeum leps: de  
 p̄cans eum et σenu flexo d̄x si uis potes me  
 mundare <sup>41</sup> Ihs ḥ missert: ə extendit manū  
 suā σ tanσiens eum ait illi uolo mundare  
<sup>42</sup> σ cum dxiset stati discessit abeo lepra  
 et mundatus ÷ <sup>43</sup> σ comminatus ÷ ei stati et (?) i  
 eccit illum <sup>44</sup> σ d̄t ei uide nemini dixeris sed  
 uade ostendeté principi sacerdotū σ  
 offer p emundatione tua q: p̄cipit moſs  
 es in testimonium illis <sup>45</sup> σt ille σress: coepit

p̄dicare et defamare sermonē itta (?) ut eti[ā]  
 n̄possit mane feste incuitatem introire  
 s̄ foris indesertis locis ēē et conueniabant  
 adeum undiq: ii. <sup>1</sup> Q̄ itum intravit capharn̄  
 um p̄ dies <sup>2</sup> et auditum ÷ q̄ indomu ēēt Q̄ con  
 ueniaſt multi ita ut n̄ caperet Neq: adian  
 uam Q̄ loq:batur eis uerbū <sup>3</sup> Q̄ uenerī feren  
 tes ad eum paraliticum q̄ iii. rotis porte  
 bat <sup>4</sup> Q̄ cum n̄ possent eum illi offerre p̄ tur  
 ba Nudauerī tecum (*sic*) ubi erat et patrefa  
 cientes suminisert̄ **3** rauattum qua pa  
 raliticus iacebat <sup>5</sup> Cum uidisset hr ih̄ fidē  
 illoꝝ ait paralítico filiū dimittunt̄ tibi pec  
 cata tua <sup>6</sup> Erant hr illíc quidā describīs sed[en]  
 tes et coȝitantes incordib: suis <sup>7</sup> quid híc sic  
 loquitur blasfemāt quis pot̄ dimittē pec  
 cata nisi solus d̄s <sup>8</sup> quo statim coȝnito ih̄ spū  
 scō q̄ sic coȝitauerī intrasē d̄t illis quid is  
 ta coȝitat̄ incordib: uestris <sup>9</sup> quid ÷ facili:  
 dicere paralítico dimittunt̄ tibi peccata tuā  
 ándicere tolle **3** rauattū tuū et ambula <sup>10</sup> ut  
 sciatis hr q̄ potestatem habet fili: hominis i  
 ūtra dimittendī peccata **3** rauattū paralítico <sup>11</sup> tibi  
 dico tolle **3** rauattum tuum et uade in domū  
 tuam <sup>12</sup> Q̄ statim ille surrexit sub lauatto **3**  
 rauatto abiit corā omnib: itta ut mirar[en?]  
 t̄ omnes Q̄ honorificarent dñm dicentes

ii

† Vide infra lin. 26.

[q?] numquiam sic uidimus. <sup>13</sup> Q egressus rur  
 s: ad mare Omnisq: turba ueniebat ad eum  
 et doce abat eos <sup>14</sup> et dum p̄tiret uidit leūin alfei  
 sedentem ad teloneum et ait illi seq:re me et sur  
 tiens secutus ÷ eū <sup>15</sup> Q factum ÷ cum accumberet  
 in domum illius multiplicani et peccatores  
 simul discubebant cum ihū et discipulis ē  
 Erant & multi qui et seq:bant eum <sup>16</sup> et scribe  
 et farissei uidentes q manducaret cum pup  
 licanis et peccatorib: dicebant discipuli (*sic*) ē q̄  
 [cu]m puplicanis et peccatorib: manducat et bibit  
 maȝis̄ ūr <sup>17</sup> hoc audito ih̄s ait illis n̄necessere ha  
 bent sanī medico ſqui male habent n̄ & ueni uo  
 care iustos s̄ peccatores <sup>18</sup> Q erant discipuli io  
 hannis et farissei ieunantes et ueniunt et dicu  
 [nt] illi cur discipuli iohannis et farisseorum  
 [ie]iunauit tui h̄ discipuli n̄ ieunant <sup>19</sup> Q ait il  
 lis ih̄s Num quid poss̄ filii Nuptiarum qu  
 [a]mdiu cum illis ÷ spons: ieunare <sup>20</sup> Uenient h̄  
 dies cum auferet abeſis spons: Q tc ieunab  
 [a vel u]nt in illa die <sup>21</sup> Nemo & adsumentum panni  
 rudis adsuit uestimenti ueſti alioquin aufert  
 supplementum nouum aueſti et maior scisura  
 fit <sup>22</sup> Q nemo mittit uinū nouellum inuſtos ue  
 ſtos (*sic*) alioquin disrumpet uinū utres et uinū  
 effundetur et utres pribunt s̄ uinū nouū in  
 uſces nouos mittidebet et utraq: seruant <sup>23</sup> Q fac

tum ÷ itum cum sabbatis ambularet ih̄s p̄sata  
 et discipuli ē coepert̄ p̄t̄ redi et uellere spicas <sup>24</sup> fa  
 rissei hr dicebat ei ecce quid faciunt sabbatis  
 q̄ n̄ licet <sup>25</sup> Q ait illis Num quid legistis q'd fecerit  
 dauid qnō necessitatē habuit et essuriuit usq: (sic)  
 et qui cum eo erant <sup>26</sup> q̄mo intravit indomū dī sub  
 abithār principes sacerdotum Q panes  
 p̄positionis manducavit quos non licebat  
 manducare Nissi solis sacerdotibus Q dedit  
 eis quicumeo erant <sup>27</sup> Q dicebat eis sabbatum  
 pp̄t̄ hominem factus ÷ et n̄ homo pp̄t̄ sabba  
 tum <sup>28</sup> itaq: dñs ÷ fili: hominis et n̄ etiā sabba[ti]

iii. <sup>1</sup> Q introiuit itum sinagogaam Q erat ibi ho  
 mo habiens manum aridā <sup>2</sup> et obseruabant eū  
 si sabbatis curaret ut accusarent illum <sup>3</sup> et  
 ait homini habenti manum haridā surge in  
 medium <sup>4</sup> et dicit eis licet sabbatis b̄ facere án  
 male animā saluā facere án p̄dere OCT illi  
 tacebant <sup>5</sup> Q circum spiciens eos cū ira contris  
 tat: ÷ sup̄ caecitatem cordis eoꝝ dī homini  
 extende manum tuam et extendit Q restituta ÷  
 man: illi exeuntes farissei statī cum hirodiá  
 nis consilium faciebant aduers: eum q̄mo eū  
 p̄derent <sup>7</sup> Q ih̄s cum discipulis suis secessit  
 admare et multa turba agalilia et a iudia ?]  
 secuta ÷ eum <sup>8</sup> ab h̄rusolimis et abidumia Q  
 trans iordanien Q qui circa t̄frū et sindon[?]

multitudo magna audientes q: faciebat  
 venerū adeum <sup>9</sup> et dñ discipulis suis ut nau-  
 culū sibi deseruissent ppter turbam ne con-  
 primerent eum <sup>10</sup> multos n sanabat ita ut  
 inruerūt in eum ut illum tangerent q̄t q̄t h̄ ha-  
 bebant plazas <sup>11</sup> Ḡ s̄ps inmundus cum illū  
 videbant pcedebant ei et clamabant dicen-  
 tes <sup>12</sup> tues filius dī et uechimenū comminab-  
 at (sic vid.) eis ne manifestarent illū <sup>13</sup> Ḡ ascendens  
 in montem uocauit ad se quos uoluit ipse  
 Ḡ uenerūt adeum <sup>14</sup> et fecit ut essent cum illo  
 xii ut mit̄feret eos p̄dicare euangelium <sup>15</sup> Ḡ dedit  
 illis potestatē curandi infirmitates et iec-  
 entes demonia <sup>16</sup> Ḡ impossuit simoni nō pet-  
 rum <sup>17</sup> et iacob sebedei et iohannem fratrē iaco-  
 bi et impossuit eis nōa bonaraz̄es φ ÷ tuntrui  
 filii <sup>18</sup> et andriam et pilipum et barthalomeū et  
 matheum et thomam Iacob alfaei et thatheū Ḡ si  
 monē cannaneū <sup>19</sup> et iudā scariothis q̄ tradidit  
 illū <sup>20</sup> Ḡ ueniunt addomū et conuenit iūm tur-  
 ba ita ut n̄ possent Neq: panē manducare <sup>21</sup> Ḡ  
 cū audissent sui exierūt tenere eum dicebant n  
 q̄m in furorem conuers: ÷ <sup>22</sup> Ḡ scribe q̄ ab hi-  
 rusolimis discenderant dicebant q̄m belsebu[li vel b]  
 ha[b]et Ḡ q̄ imprincipe demoniorū ieccit dem-  
 nia <sup>23</sup> Ḡ conuocatis eis imparabulis diceabar  
 illis q̄mo pot̄ satanas satanān ieccere

iv. 19

nae saeculi et deceptio dñitiarū [et circa re]  
 lica concupiscentiae introeuntes [suffocant uer]  
 bum Q sine fructu efficit<sup>20</sup> Q [hui s̄t qui sup]  
 Ŧram bonam seminatis q audi[unt] uerb[um et]  
 suscipiunt et fructificant unum xxx [unū]  
 sexaꝝenta unum . c .<sup>21</sup> Q dicebat illis Nu[mquid]  
 uenit lucerna ut sub modio ponat̄ a sub l[ecto can]  
 delabrum ēne ut supra ponat̄<sup>22</sup> N n ÷  
 aliquid absconditū q n manifestet̄ Nec  
 oculum ſ ut impalam ueniat<sup>23</sup> si quis ha[bet aur]  
 es audiendi audiat<sup>24</sup> Q dicebat illis [uidete]  
 Ne quid audiat̄ in qua mensura [mensi fueri]  
 tis remitter̄ uobis<sup>25</sup> qui n habet dabit̄ [illi et qui]  
 n habet eti[am] q habet auferet̄ ab illo<sup>26</sup> Q [dice]  
 bat sic ÷ reꝝnum dī quemadmodū si f[aciat ea?]  
 homo sementem inꝝra<sup>27</sup> et dormiat et surꝝat nocte  
 accidie Q semen germinet Q increscat dum nescit  
 ille<sup>28</sup> ultro n Ŧra fructificat primum herbam  
 deinde spicam deinde plenū frumentū in  
 spica<sup>29</sup> Q cum se pduxerit fructus statī mit  
 tit falcem q messis ad ÷<sup>30</sup> Q dicebat cui adsī  
 mulauimus reꝝnum dī a cui parabulae con  
 parauim: illud<sup>31</sup> sī ÷ utꝝranū sinapis q cum  
 seminat: fuerit inꝝra minimum ÷ omnib: se  
 minib: q: ÷ inꝝra<sup>32</sup> Q cum seminatum fuerit  
 ascendit et fit mai: omnib: holerb: et facit

[ramos] maꝝn ita ut posint sub ūbra ē caeli h<sub>a</sub>  
 [bitare <sup>33</sup> et talib:] mulrīs parabulīs loq:bat̄ eis  
 † [uerbū] put̄ poſtant audire <sup>34</sup> Siue (?) parabula h̄ n̄  
 [loq:bat̄] eis seorsū h̄ discipulīs deseribat om  
 [nia <sup>35</sup> et] ait illis die illa c̄ SERO ēēr facrū transi  
 [am:] contra <sup>36</sup> et demīt̄t̄is turbam adsumuꝝ  
 [eū ita] ut in nauicula erant Q aliae naues  
 [erant] cum illo <sup>37</sup> Q facta ÷ pcella maꝝna uenti  
 [et fluc] rus mitte bat innauem ita ut impleret̄  
 [navis] <sup>38</sup> et erat ipse inpupi supra ceruicál  
 [dormien]s et excitant eū Q dñt ei maꝝis<sup>T</sup> (<sup>T</sup> a sec man) nū ad  
 te [ptinet? q p]im̄us <sup>39</sup> Q exurȝiens comminat: ÷ uento et  
 [dñ mari] tace Obmutesce et cessauit uentus  
 et (?) facta ÷ trancillitás maꝝna <sup>40</sup> et ait illis quidti  
 mīdi estis Necdum habetis fidem Q timu  
 iart̄ maꝝno timore Q dicebant adalř utrum  
 quis putas ÷ iste q et uentus et mare obedi  
 unt ei v. <sup>1</sup> Q uenerit̄ transfretū maris in reȝi  
 onem ȝerasenorū <sup>2</sup> Q exeunte de nau  
 stat̄ occurrit ei demonumentis homo  
 inspū immundo <sup>3</sup> qui domiciliū habebat  
 demonumentis Q Nece catenis iam  
 quas quam eum poterant ~~sic~~ (sic)  
 † liȝare <sup>4</sup> quoniam sepe condibus

v

† Appears to be *sine* rather than *sine*.

‡ This page of fewer lines probably by a different scribe making his page agree with the next separately written by another.

ET catenis uinct: disrumpiset catenas et conpe  
 des comminuisset **G** nemo poñat eum do  
 minare <sup>5</sup> et semp<sup>r</sup> nocte acdie inmonumentis  
 et in montib: erat **G** clamans et concidiens la  
 pidib: <sup>6</sup> Uidiens h̄ ih̄m alon**ʒ**e cucurrit et ad  
 orauit eū et clamans et concidiens lapidib:  
 Uidiens h̄ ih̄m alon**ʒ**e uoce ma**ʒ**na d̄x <sup>(7)</sup> quid mihi  
 et tibi ih̄u filii d̄i summi adiurotē p̄ d̄m neme  
 torqueas <sup>8</sup> dicebat et illi exi s̄ps immunde abho  
 mine <sup>9</sup> **G** int̄ro**ʒ**abat eum quid tibi nomen ÷ et  
 d̄i illi leḡio nō ÷ mihi q̄ multi sum: <sup>10</sup> et dep̄cabat  
 eū multum nesé expelleret extra re**ʒ**ionem <sup>11</sup> Er  
 at h̄ ibi **ʒ**rex porco**ʒ**· ma**ʒ**n: pasciens <sup>12</sup> et dep̄  
 cabant<sup>r</sup> eum s̄ps dicentes mitte nos inpor  
 cos ut ſeos introeamus <sup>13</sup> **G** concessit statim  
 ih̄s et exeuntis s̄ps immundi introier̄t inpor  
 cos et ma**ʒ**no impetu **ʒ**rex p̄cipitat: ÷ inmare  
 erant h̄ q̄si duo milia et suffucatis<sup>r</sup> inm  
 ri <sup>14</sup> q̄ h̄ pascebant eos fu**ʒ**er̄t et nuntiauer̄t  
 incuitate et ina**ʒ**ros e**ʒ**resist<sup>r</sup> uidere quid  
 eet facti <sup>15</sup> et veniunt ad ih̄m et uident illum  
 q̄ demonio uexabat<sup>r</sup> sedentem uestitū et sa  
 na mentis **G** timuer̄t <sup>16</sup> et narrauer̄t illis q̄  
 uiderent qualit̄ factum eēr̄ et (sic vid.) quidemoniū ha  
 buerat et deporcis <sup>17</sup> **G** ro**ʒ**are eū coepert̄ ut  
 discederet afinib: eor̄ <sup>18</sup> ēq; ascenderet na  
 uem coepit illū dep̄cari q̄ demoño uexatus

fuerat ut esset cum illo <sup>19</sup> addimissit s̄ ait il  
 li uade indomum tuā ad tuos et adnunti  
 á illis quantatib⁹ dñs feceret **G** misser  
 tus tui sit <sup>20</sup> **G** abiit et coepit p̄dicare in  
 decapulli quanta sibi fecisset ih̄s **G**  
 omnes mirabantur <sup>21</sup> **G** cum mirabant⁹  
 transcedisset ih̄s innauic rurs: transfreatū  
 inuenit turba multa ad illū **G** erat circa ma  
 re <sup>22</sup> et uenit quidā de archi sīna<sup>n</sup>ōz̄is nōe iarus  
**G** uidens eum pcedit ad pedes e <sup>23</sup> et dīpcab  
 at eum multum diciens q̄ filia mea inext  
 rimis ÷ Uenī impone man; sup̄ eā et salua  
 sit et uiuat <sup>24</sup> et eabuit (*sic*) cum illo **G** seq:bat  
 eum turba et conp̄mebat illū <sup>25</sup> et mulier  
 q: erat influo san̄guinis annis xii <sup>26</sup> et fu  
 erat multa p̄pessa aconplurib: medi  
 cis et ero<sup>n</sup>auerat omnia sua nec quiquā  
 pficerat s̄ magis defius habebat <sup>27</sup> cum  
 audisset de ih̄u uenit inturba retro **G**  
 titi<sup>n</sup>ōz̄it uestimentum e <sup>28</sup> dicebat n̄ q̄ si uel  
 uestimentum e teti<sup>n</sup>ōz̄ere salua ero <sup>29</sup> **G** conf  
 estim siccata: ÷ fons san̄guinis e et sens  
 it corpore q̄ sanata esset plaga <sup>30</sup> **G** stra  
 tim ih̄s co<sup>n</sup>oscens insemet ipso uirtu  
 tem q: exieret abeo conuers: ad turbam  
 aiebat quistiti<sup>n</sup>ōz̄it uestimenta mea <sup>31</sup> **G**  
 diceabant ei discipuli sui uides turbam

Q[uod] sanabant <sup>14</sup> Q[uod] audiuit herodes rex ma-  
 nifestum & factum ÷ & nō ē et dicebat q[uod] 10  
 hannis babbista surrexit amortuis Q[uod]  
 pp[re]tea uirtutes operant[ur] in illo <sup>15</sup> C[on]clu[er]it [h[ab]et d[icitu]r]  
 cebant q[uod] helias ÷ alii dicebant p[ro]feata ÷ q[uod] 16  
 un: ex p[ro]phetis <sup>16</sup> quo audito hirodis ait quem  
 e[st]o decolauit iohannem hic amortuis [resur] <sup>17</sup>  
 rexit Ipse & herodis et tenuit [iohannen er] <sup>18</sup>  
 uinxit eum incarcere pp[ro]t hero[diadam]  
 uxorem fratr[is] sui philipi q[uod] duxerat eā  
 dicebat & iohannis herodi nō licet tibi habere  
 uxorem fratr[is] tui <sup>19</sup> herodis h[ab]et insidiabat  
 illi et uolebat occidere eum Nec potest <sup>20</sup> hero-  
 dis & mettuebat iohannē sciens h[ab]et uirum  
 iustum et sc̄m Q[uod] custodiabat eum et audi-  
 to eo q[uod] multa faciabat et liben[t] eum audie-  
 bat <sup>21</sup> Q[uod] cumdies oportun: accidisset hirodis  
 natis sui eanam fecit principib: et tribu[n]s  
 Q[uod] p[ro]mis 3ahilae <sup>22</sup> Cu[q] introisset filia ipsius  
 hirodiadis et saltasset et placuisse hirodi si  
 mulq[ue] recumbentib: rex ait puelle pete a me  
 q[uod] uis et dabo tibi <sup>23</sup> et iurauit illi q[uod] quicquid  
 poetieris dabo tibi licet demedium re[st]oni mei  
<sup>24</sup> q[uod] c[on]exisset d[omi]n[u]s matrisuae q[uod] d[omi]n[u]s petā at illa d[omi]n[u]s cap-  
 ud iohannis babbiste <sup>25</sup> Cūq[ue]: introisset statī

confessatione ad regem petivit dicens  
 uolo ut prius de mihi indisco capud 10  
 hannis baptistae <sup>26</sup> Q CONTRISTAT: ÷ rex p  
 p̄ ius iurandum et pp̄ simul recumben  
 tes Noluit eā contristare <sup>27</sup> s̄ miso specu  
 latore p̄cipit auferi capud eius indisco  
 et decolauit eum incarcere <sup>28</sup> et ad tullit cap  
 ud ē indisco Q dedit illud puelle et prial  
 la dedit matrī suae <sup>29</sup> quo audito discip<sup>u</sup>  
 li ē uenerit et tullerit cor p: ē et possuerit  
 illud in monumento <sup>30</sup> et conuenientes apos  
 toli ad ih̄m renuntiavant illi oīna q: eīe  
 rānt et docuerant <sup>31</sup> Q ait illis uenite seor  
 sum in desertū locum Q requiescite pus  
 sillū erat & qui ueniebant multi et redie  
 bant Nec manducandi spatiū habiebant  
<sup>32</sup> Q ascendentēs innauī habierit in desertū  
 locū seorsū <sup>33</sup> Q uiderit eos abeentes Q co<sup>3</sup>  
 nouerit multi et pedestres deciuitatib:  
 c m̄nib: occurrerit illūc et p̄ueniārt eos <sup>34</sup> exiens  
 uidit ih̄m turbā multā et missert: ÷ sup  
 eos q̄ erant sicut oues n̄habentes pastore  
 Q coepit docere illos multū <sup>35</sup> Q cum iā mul  
 ta hora fierent Q ascenderit discipuli ē  
 ad ih̄m dicentes desert: ÷ locus hicetia ho  
 ra p̄ficiuit <sup>36</sup> dimittit illos uteuntes in pximis

uillas et uicinos emant sibi cōbos q̄os mandu  
 cent <sup>37</sup> Q̄ r̄es date illis manducare Q̄ d̄xr̄  
 ei euntes emamus denaris ducentes panes  
 et datim: eis manduca re <sup>38</sup> Q̄ d̄r̄ eis q̄r̄ panes  
 habetis ite et uidete Q̄ ē coȝnouissent d̄n̄ .u.  
 et duos pisces <sup>39</sup> et p̄cipit illis ut accumbere fa  
 cerent oms F̄ otribernia sup uiride foenū  
<sup>40</sup> Q̄ discubuer̄t ipartes p̄ centennos et p̄ q̄nqua  
 ȝenos <sup>41</sup> et acceptis . u . panib: et duob: piscib: in  
 tuiens in caelum. b d̄xit et freȝit panes et dedit  
 discipulis suis ut ponerent eos ante et duos pis  
 ces diuissit omnib: <sup>42</sup> Q̄ manducauer̄t oms  
 et saturati s̄t <sup>43</sup> et s:tulle r̄ reliquias fraȝmen  
 tor. XII cofinos plenos et depiscib: <sup>44</sup> Erant hr  
 q̄ manducauer̄t .u. milia uiror. <sup>45</sup> et statī coȝit  
 discipulos suos ascendere nauem ut p̄ ceder  
 ent eum trans fretū ad bethsaïdā dū ipse dim̄t  
 ſer̄ populū <sup>46</sup> Q̄, cū dimisisset eos abiit in montem  
 orare <sup>47</sup> et ē sero esset erat nauis in medio mari  
 Q̄ ipse sol: int̄ra <sup>48</sup> et uidens laborantes in  
 remiȝando erat uent: otrari: ē (sic) circa quar  
 tā uȝilam noctis uenit adeos ambulans sup  
 ra mare et uolebat p̄tire eos <sup>49</sup> at illi ut uidiar̄t  
 eū ambulantē sup putauer̄t fantasma ēē  
 exclamauer̄t <sup>50</sup> oms u eū uidiar̄t et contur  
 bat s̄t Q̄ statim locut: ÷ cū eis et d̄x illis con

fidite e<sup>go</sup> sum Nolite timere <sup>51</sup>Q ascendit ad  
 illos innauī et cessauit uent: et plus magis  
 intrasē et stupebat <sup>52</sup>ñ u intellexiart̄ depanib:  
 erat u cōr illor̄ obcecatū <sup>53</sup>Q cum transfr  
 etassent pruener̄ in t̄ rā Ḡenazareth et adpli  
 cuer̄ <sup>54</sup> cumq: e<sup>go</sup>ressi essent denauī continuo  
 co<sup>gnouer̄</sup> eum <sup>55</sup>Q pcurrantes uniuer  
 sam reḠionem illam coepert̄ in Ḡrauattī's q<sup>1</sup>  
 male habebant circum fere ubi audiaba  
 nt eū ee <sup>56</sup>Q q<sup>o</sup>cumq: introibat muicos t̄ in  
 uillas aut inciuitates in plateis poneba  
 ant infirmos et dīpcabant̄ eū ut t̄ fimb  
 riam uestimenti e tangerebant̄ eū Q q̄t q̄t  
 tangebant eum salui fiabant <sup>vii. 1</sup>Q conueni  
 unt adeū farissei et quidā describīs ue  
 nientes ab h̄rusolimis <sup>2</sup>Q cum uidissent  
 quos dam exdiscipulis e cōmonib: mani  
 b: id ÷ flotis manducare panes uitup  
 auer̄ <sup>3</sup>farissei u Q oms iudei nissi creb  
 ro man: lauent ñ manducent tenentes tra  
 ditionē senioR̄ <sup>4</sup>Q a furo nissi babtizaren  
 t̄ ñ comedunt et alia multa s̄t q̄ tradita s̄t  
 illis seruare babtis mate calicum et urceoR̄  
 et ra mentoR̄ et electoR̄ <sup>5</sup>Q int̄roḠabant eum  
 farissei et scribe q̄re discipulitui ñ a  
 bulant iuxta traditionē senioR̄ s̄ cōmo

m̄b: manib: mandauit homo panē <sup>6</sup> CCT ille  
 r̄es dx eis b̄ pferauit deuob̄s essaias h̄f poch  
 rite scriptū ÷ popul: hic lab̄s me honorat cōr  
 hr eor̄ longe ÷ ame <sup>7</sup> in uanū hr me colunt docen  
 tes doctrinas Q mandata hominū <sup>8</sup> relinqu  
 entes mandata dī tenentes traditionē homi  
 nū babtismata urceor̄ et calicū Q alia si  
 milia h̄is facitis multa <sup>9</sup> et dicebat illis b̄ inri  
 tum facitis mandata dī uttraditionē uestrā  
 tenentis <sup>10</sup> mōfsis n̄ d̄x honora patrē tuū et  
 matrē tuā Q qui maled̄xerit patri ā matrī  
 morte moriat<sup>11</sup> Uos hr dicitis s̄i dixerit homo  
 corbān q̄ ÷ homo donū q̄cūq: exme tibi pde  
 rit <sup>12</sup> Q ultra n̄ dimittetis eum quiq facere  
 patrisuo ā matrī <sup>13</sup> rescidentes uerbū dī p  
 traditionē uestrā q̄ tradidistis Q similia  
 hui: modi multa facitis <sup>14</sup> et aduocans iñ um t̄ (sic)  
 bam dicebat illis CCudite me omnes et intelle  
 3ite <sup>15</sup> nihil extra hominem introiens q̄ posit  
 ineum coincinare s̄i q̄ de homine p̄cidunt illa  
 s̄i q̄: coiquinant hominē <sup>16</sup> Si quis habet  
 aures audiendi audiat <sup>17</sup> Q c̄ introisset  
 indomum aturba m̄tro3abant eū disci  
 puli ē parabulā <sup>18</sup> et ait illis sic et uos impr̄  
 dentes estis n̄ intelle3istis q̄ ome extrinsecus †  
 introiens inhominē n̄ pot̄ eū coincinare

† First occurrence of cursive s.

q̄ introiuit in cor eius s̄ in uentrem et inse  
 cessum exiuit purgans om̄s escas <sup>20</sup> diceb  
 at u q̄ de homine exiunt illa q̄ inquina  
 nt hominē <sup>21</sup> Cōbint: u decorde hominū  
 coȝitationis mala pcedunt adulteria for  
 nicationis homicidia <sup>22</sup> furta auaritia  
 nequitiae dol: impudicitiae Ocul: mal:  
 blasphemiae supbia stultitia <sup>23</sup> Omnia  
 h̄ mala abint: pcedunt et commonicaq̄  
 hominem <sup>24</sup> Q̄ inde surgiens abiit infi  
 nes t̄fri et sidonis et ingress: domū Ne  
 minem uoluit scire et n̄ potuit latere  
<sup>25</sup> mulier u statim ut audiuit deo cui:  
 habebat filia sp̄s inmundū intravit et  
 pcedit ad pedes eius <sup>26</sup> Erat u mulier gen  
 tilis siro finissa ȝenere eroȝabat (*sic*) eum ut  
 demoniū iecceret defilia e <sup>27</sup> q̄ d̄ illi sine p̄  
 us saturari filios n̄ ÷ u bonum sume  
 re panem filiorū et mitē canib: <sup>28</sup> Cōt illa  
 r̄es et d̄ ei utiq: dñe Nā et catuli sub m  
 ensa comedunt demicis puerorū <sup>29</sup> Q̄  
 ait illi pp̄t hc̄ sermonē uade exiuit demo  
 nium defiliatua <sup>30</sup> Q̄ c̄ abisset domum  
 suā inuenit piallam iacentē sup' lectū  
 Q̄ demoniū exisse <sup>31</sup> Q̄ iñū exiuit defili  
 b: t̄fri uenit p̄sidoniā ad mare ȝalilie

inī̄ medios fines decapuleos <sup>32</sup>Q adduc  
 unt surdū et nudum et dīpcabant̄ eū †  
 ut imponat illi manū <sup>33</sup>Q adp̄chendens  
 eum deturba s̄eorsum missit dīcitos  
 suos in auriculas expuens titiȝit linȝ  
 ā ē <sup>34</sup> et sc̄ipiens incaelū inȝemuit et ait  
 illi effeta φ ÷ ap̄ire <sup>35</sup>Q statim apte  
 s̄t aures ē et solutū ÷ linȝae ē unculū  
 Q loq: bat̄ rectae <sup>36</sup> et p̄cipit illis necui  
 dicerent q̄nto h̄r ēis dicebat (*sic*) tanto maȝis  
 plus p̄dicabant <sup>37</sup> et eo amplius et mira  
 bat̄ dicentes b̄ omnia fecit et sordos fa  
 cit audire Q mutos loqui <sup>viii. 1</sup> in illis dieb: †  
 Cum turba multa ēt iñum nec habe  
 rent φ manducarent <sup>(3)</sup>Q si dimissero  
 eos <sup>1b</sup> Conuocatis discipulis suis ait il  
 lis <sup>2</sup> misserior sup̄ turba q̄ ecce iam tri  
 duo sustinent me Nec habent φ mand  
 ucant <sup>3</sup>Q si dimissero eos ieunios in  
 domum suā deficiant inuia q̄ exēis de  
 lonȝe ueniar̄t <sup>4</sup>Q r̄esr̄t ei discipuli sui  
 unde istos pot̄it quis h̄ic saturare  
 panib: insolitudinīs <sup>5</sup>Q inī̄ roȝauit  
 eos φ (*sic*) panes habetis quidxer̄t .uii. <sup>6</sup>Q  
 p̄cipit turbae discubere sup̄ tr̄am

viii

† nudum here is contradicted by mutos below. †

Q accipiens .uii. panes **G**ratias a**G**it f  
 re**G**it et dab*t* discipul*s* su*s* ut adpo  
 nerent **G** ad possuer*t* turbae <sup>7</sup>**G**  
 habebant pisciculos paucos et ipsos  
 benedix*t* et iuss*t* adpon*t* <sup>8</sup>**G** manduc  
 auer*t* et saturatis*t* et sustulle*t* q*uod* fu  
 erat defra**G** mentis .uii. sportas <sup>9</sup>**E**rant  
 h*ic* qui manducauer*t* q*ui* .uii. milia et  
 dimiss*t* eos <sup>10</sup> et statim ascendiens na  
 ui*u* c*um* discipul*s* su*s* uenit in partes  
 dalmanutha <sup>11</sup>**G** exier*t* farisse*i* et ce  
 per*t* concirire c*um* eo q*uod* rentes abeo si**G**  
 n*on* de caelo temptantes e*um* <sup>12</sup> et in**G**emesce  
 ns a*it* quid**G**eneratio ista q*uod* rit si**G**n*on*  
 C*um*en dico uob*is* si dab*t* **G**eneratio  
 ni isti si**G**n*on* <sup>13</sup> et dimittiens eos C*um*scen  
 diens i*rit*um abiut trans fretum <sup>14</sup> et obli  
 tis*t* sumere panes et nisi un*u* pan*e*  
 n*on* habebant sec*u* in uia <sup>16</sup>**G** co*G*itabant  
 ad al*l*utru*m* dicentes q*uod* panes n*on* habem:  
<sup>17</sup> q*uod* co*G*nitio ih*s* a*it* illis quid co*G*itatis pa  
 nes n*on* habet*s* n*on* dum co*G*noscer*s* neq*ue*: in  
 telle**G**it*s* ad h*uc* caecat*u* habet*s* cor  
 um <sup>18</sup> Oculos habentes n*on* uidet*s* aures  
 habentes n*on* audit*s* Neq*ue*: recordam*i*  
 ni <sup>19</sup> .u. panes fre**G** i*u* .u. milia et q*uod* co*f*[1?]

nos fragmentorū s:tulistiſ dicitur ei xii  
<sup>20</sup> quod et ·uii· panes in ·iii· milia quod sportas  
 fragmentorū s:tullistiſ dicitur ·uii· <sup>21</sup> Quod dice  
 bat eis quod non dum intellegistiſ <sup>22</sup> et ueniunt  
 bethsaida et ducunt ei cecum et rogaba  
 nt eum ut illumtangeret <sup>23</sup> Quod ad prechend  
 tens manū caeci eduxit eū extra uicū  
 Quod expuens inoculos e(?) impossistiſ ma  
 nib: INtrogauit eum si aliquid uide  
 ret <sup>24</sup> et aspiciens ait uideo homines uel  
 ud arbores ambulantes <sup>25</sup> deinde itsum  
 impossuit man: sup oculos eius et cepit  
 uidere sup (*sic*) et restituta ÷ ita ut uide  
 ret clarae oma <sup>26</sup> et missit illū indom  
 ū suam diciens uade indomū tuā Quod si  
 in uicum introieris nemini dixeris <sup>27</sup> et  
 egresso: ÷ ih̄s et discipuli e(?) incastella ces  
 sariae proflipi Quod inua introgabat  
 discipulos suos dicens quod me dicitur ee  
 homines <sup>28</sup> qui resrt illi dicentes iohannē  
 babtistā alii heliā Quodln ū quod unū  
 depfetis <sup>29</sup> Tunc dicitur illis uos quod me dicit  
 is ee res petr: ait ei tu es xristus <sup>30</sup> et cōmi  
 nat: ÷ ei necuidicerent deillo <sup>31</sup> Quod coepit  
 docere illos quod oportet filium homi  
 nis multa pati Quod repbari aseniorib:

Qasuumm̄ sacerdotib: et ascrib̄set  
 occidi Qup̄ TRES dies resurgere <sup>32</sup>Qa  
 lam uerbū locebat<sup>r</sup> Qa adp̄chendiens  
 eum petrus cepit increpare eū <sup>33</sup>quo uers:  
 Qauidiens discipulos suos cōminat:  
 ÷ petro diciens uaderetro me satanas  
 qm non sap̄is eaq; di st̄ sq ÷ hominū <sup>34</sup>Qa  
 uocata turba cumdiscipulīs suis dixit  
 eis Sic quis uult po me sequi deneget se ip  
 sum Qa tollat crucē suā et sequar<sup>r</sup> me  
<sup>35</sup>qui non prediderit animā suā ppret me et  
 euangeliū saluā eā faciat <sup>36</sup>quid non pred  
 rit homini silucret tot ū hominē (*sic*) mun  
 dū et animā suam detriment faciat  
<sup>37</sup>ā quid dauit homo cōmotationem pani  
 ma sua <sup>38</sup>qui non me pfess: fuerit et mea  
 uerba ingeneratione et peccatrice Qa fili:  
 hominis confidet eū cum uenerit inglo  
 ria patrissui cū angelis scis <sup>39</sup>et dicitab[T]  
 illis Qumen dico uobis qu st̄ qudā de hīc  
 stan tib: qu non gustabant mortē donec  
 uidiant regnum di ueniens inuirtute

ix.<sup>1</sup> Qa po dies sex adsumpsit ih̄s petrū Qa  
 iacobum et iohannē et ducit in mon  
 tem excelsū sol: et transfigurat: ÷ co  
 rā ipsis <sup>2</sup>Qa uestimenta eius factasr

splendida tūt nix qualia fullo sup trā  
 n̄ pot̄ candida facere <sup>3</sup>Q apparuit illis  
 helias cū moſsi Q erant loquentes cū ihū  
<sup>4</sup>Q rēs petr: ait ihū rabbi bonū ÷ hīc nos  
 ēē et faciam: trea tabnacu <sup>fornicatio</sup> la tibi unū  
 et moſsi unū et helie unū <sup>5</sup>n̄ u sciebat q̄ dice  
 ret e erant u timore p̄triti <sup>6</sup>Q factū ÷ nu  
 bs obumbrans eos et uenit uox denube dic  
 iens hic ÷ fili: meus dilect: audite illū <sup>7</sup>Q  
 statī circū spicientes nemine ampli: ui  
 diaṛt nissi ihm tñ secū <sup>8</sup>Q discendentib:  
 illis demonte p̄cipit illis necui q̄: uidiss  
 ent narrarent <sup>N</sup>issi cum fili: hominis ā  
 mortuis resurrexit <sup>9</sup>Q uerbum ctiueret ap̄  
 sé concientes quid esset cum amortuis  
 resurrexit et uerbum ctiueret ap̄ sé <sup>10</sup>Q  
 int̄roqabat eū dicentes quideñ farisei et  
 scribe dñt q̄ heliā oportet primū uenire  
<sup>11</sup>q̄ rēs ait illis helias cum uenerit p̄mū om̄a  
 restituet Q q̄mo scriptū ÷ infiliū homi  
 nis Q multa patiat̄ et ctiepnat̄ <sup>12</sup>s̄ dico uob  
 is q̄ helias uenit s̄ dico uobis Q fecerit̄  
 illi q̄cumq: uoluerit s̄ scriptū ÷ deeo <sup>13</sup>Q ue  
 niens addiscipulos suos uidit turbam  
 magnā circa eos Q scribas concientes

cū illis<sup>14</sup> confestim omnis populus uidens eū stupefact: ÷ expauerit occurrentes salutabant eum<sup>15</sup> et introgauit eos quid in uos conciritis<sup>16</sup> rēs un; deturba dī ma-  
 3ist adtul<sup>feneratur</sup> li filiū mī adré habentem  
 sp̄m immundum<sup>17</sup> qui ubiq: eū adp̄chende-  
 rit adlidit eū et spumat et stridet dentib:  
 et arescit et dīxi discipulīs tuīs ut diceret (*sic*) il-  
 lū Q̄ n̄ potuerit<sup>18</sup> qui rēs dīx eīs O generatio ī  
 credula quandiu ap̄ uos ero quandiu ys-  
 patiar adferre illum ad me<sup>19</sup> et adtullerit  
 eū Q̄ cū uidisset illū statim conturbabit  
 eū sp̄s<sup>20</sup> introgauit patrē ē quantū tē-  
 p: ÷ ex q° li occidit CCT ille aīt ab infantia<sup>21</sup> et  
 frequent̄ eū et in iʒnē et in aquā missit ut  
 eū pderet s̄ si q's potes adiuba nos miser-  
 t: .mī.<sup>22</sup> ih̄s hr aīt illi potes credere oīma pos-  
 sibiliaſt credenti<sup>23</sup> Q̄ continuo paī puer[1]  
 exclamans c̄ lacrimis aiebat Credo ad  
 iuba incredulitatē meā<sup>24</sup> Q̄ cū uideret  
 ilīs concurrenitē turbā comminat: ÷ spūi  
 inmundo dicenſ illi surȝe (*sic*) et mutae sp̄s  
 eȝo tibi p̄cipio exii abeo et ampli: ne introias  
 ineū<sup>25</sup> Q̄ exclamans multū discripiens eū  
 exhibit abeo Q̄ fact: ÷ s̄ mortūs ita ut

multi dicerent q̄ mort: ÷<sup>26</sup> ih̄s hr teniens m  
 anū ē eleuauit illum et surrexit<sup>27</sup> Ḡ cum  
 introisset in domū discipuli ē secreto int̄  
 rogabant eū q̄rē nos n̄ potuim: iecere illū  
<sup>28</sup> et dñ illis li ȝen: innullo pot̄ exire nissi in  
 oratione et ieiunio<sup>29</sup> Ḡ inde pfecti p̄tȝr  
 ediebant ȝahilā nec uolebat qq scire  
<sup>30</sup> doceabat hr discipulos suos et diciabat  
 illis qm̄ filius hominis tradet̄ in man: ho  
 minum et occident eū Ḡ occis: t̄tiadie  
 resurȝet<sup>31</sup> at illi ȝnorabant uerbum et ti  
 mebant eū int̄roȝare<sup>32</sup> et ueniāt̄ caferna  
 ū quicundomui essent int̄roȝabat eos q'd  
 inuia tractabit̄<sup>33</sup> OCT ille (sic) tracebant siq'de<sup>s</sup>  
 int̄ sé inuia disputauiar̄t̄ q's eēt illorū  
 maior<sup>34</sup> Ḡ resediens uocauit xii et ait il  
 lis q's uult p'm: eē erit omnium nouissi  
 m: Ḡ omniū minist̄<sup>35</sup> Ḡ accipiens puer,  
 statuit eū in medio eoꝝ, q̄ ut complex: eēt̄  
 ait illis<sup>36</sup> quis quis unū ex hui: modi puer  
 is recipiterit innōe meo me recipit Ḡ q̄  
 q̄cq: me s:cip̄t̄ n̄mes:cip̄t̄ ſ eū q̄ me  
 missit<sup>37</sup> r̄es illi iohannanis diciens maȝist̄  
 uidim: quendā innōe tuo iacentē demo  
 nia qui n̄ sequit̄ nos et p̄ibuum: eū<sup>38</sup> ih̄s hr

ait nolite p̄ibere eum Nemo u qui fa  
 ciet uirtutem innōe meo et possuit cito  
 male loqui deme <sup>39</sup> qui u n ÷ aduersū ys  
 p uobis ÷ <sup>40</sup> quisquis u potū dederit uob  
 is calicē aq: innōe meo q xpī estis C̄men  
 dico uobis n p̄det mercidem <sup>41</sup> Q q's q's scan  
 dalizauerit unum exis pussillis creden  
 tib: inme bonū ÷ ei māsis sí circū daret  
 mola assinaria collo e et in mare mittet  
<sup>42</sup> Q sí scandalizauerit té man: tua abscid[e]  
 illā bonū ÷ tibi debilē introire inuitā q  
 duas man: habentē ire inȝechenā ȝnis in  
 extinȝuibilem <sup>43</sup> ubi uermis n moriuntur (sic)  
 et ȝnis n extinȝuit <sup>44</sup> Q sí pes tuus scanda  
 lizat té amputa illū bonū ÷ tibi clau  
 dum introire inuitā eñnā quam duos p  
 edes habentē mitti inȝechenā ȝnis inext  
 inȝuibiles <sup>45</sup> ubi uermis eorū n morit et ȝ  
 nis n extinȝuit <sup>45b (cf. 48)</sup> Omnis u ȝne salliet et  
 omnis uictima salliet <sup>46</sup> quod sí oculus  
 tu: scandalizat té iecce eū bonū ÷ tibi  
 cecum introire inreȝnū dī q duos ocu  
 los habentem mitti inȝenā ȝnis <sup>47</sup> ubi  
 uermis eorū n morit et ȝnis n extinȝui  
 tur <sup>48</sup> Omnis u ȝne salliet et omnis uictim

salliet<sup>49</sup> bonum ÷ sál + psí sál insulsum  
 fuerit in quo illud condicetis habete in  
 uobís sál et pacem habete in tuis <sup>x. 1</sup>  
 surgiens uenit in fines iudea ultra iorda  
 nien <sup>Q</sup> conueniunt itū turbae adeum <sup>Q</sup>  
 sicut consuerat itum docebat illos <sup>2</sup> et  
 accedentes farissei int̄ro<sup>50</sup> gabant eū si  
 licet uiro uxorem dimiſe temptantes  
 eum <sup>3</sup> CCT ille rēs dñ eis quid uobís p̄cip  
 it moſ ses <sup>4</sup> quidiceſt moſses p̄missit  
 libellum repudi scribere et demiſe <sup>5</sup> q̄b:  
 rēs ih̄s art adduriciā cordis uestri sc  
 ripsit uobís p̄ceptū istud <sup>6</sup> ab initio h̄  
 creature masculum et feminā fecit  
 eos d̄s <sup>7</sup> pp̄t h̄ relinquet homo patre<sup>8</sup> suu<sup>9</sup>  
 et matrem et aderebit ad uxorē suū (*sic*) <sup>8</sup>  
 duo incarne una itaq: iā n̄ s̄t duo s̄ una  
 caro <sup>9</sup> φ er<sup>51</sup> d̄s coniunxit homo n̄ sé paret  
<sup>10</sup> <sup>Q</sup> indomu itum discipuli ē deeodē in  
 ro<sup>52</sup> auer<sup>53</sup> eū <sup>11</sup> <sup>Q</sup> d̄t illis q̄cq: dimisserit  
 uxorem suā et aliā duxerit adulteriū cō  
 mittit sup eā <sup>12</sup> <sup>Q</sup> uxor dimisserit uirū su  
 ū et aliū nupserit mechat<sup>13</sup> <sup>Q</sup> offereban<sup>t</sup>  
 illi paruulos ut illos tan<sup>54</sup> geret discipuli h̄  
 comminabant offerentib: <sup>14</sup> q̄scumq: (*sic*) uide

RET ih̄s offerentib: indiḡne tullit **G** ait il  
 lis sinitē paruulos uenire ad me et ne p̄  
 ibueritis eos Talium ÷ n̄ rēgnū dī <sup>15b</sup> uelud  
 paruulos n̄ intrauit in illud <sup>16</sup> **G** complec  
 tans eos **G** imponens eos manus sup̄ il  
 los b̄dicebat illos <sup>17</sup> **G** cum ēgress: eēt in ui  
 cū pcurrens quidā **Z**eno flexo ante. eū  
 rōzabat eum magis (*sic*) bonae quid faciam  
 ut uitā aeñ nā p̄cipiam <sup>18</sup> ih̄s hr̄ d̄x ei quid  
 me dicas bonum nemo bonus nisi un:  
 d̄s <sup>19</sup> p̄cepta nostri n̄ adul̄tabis Non occi  
 das Ne fureris Non falsū testimoñū  
 d̄xeris Ne fraudem feceris honora  
 patrē tuū et matrē tuā <sup>20</sup> CCT ille r̄es  
 ait magis omnia h̄i obser uauī aiuben  
 tute me (*sic*) <sup>21</sup> ih̄s hr̄ intuit: eū dilexit eū et d̄x  
 illi unumtribi de ÷ uade q̄:cūq: habes uen  
 de etda paup̄ib: et habebi tessaūr̄. in  
 caelo et ueni seq:reine. <sup>22</sup> q̄ īstristat: ÷ ī uer  
 ba abiit meriens Erat n̄ habiens pos  
 sesiones multas <sup>23</sup> et circumspeciens  
 ih̄s ait discipulis suis q̄ deficile ÷  
 confitentes impeccunis inrēgnū dī ī  
 TROIRE <sup>25</sup> FOCcili: ÷ camellū p̄ foramē  
 acus transire quam diuitē intra

RE IN RE<sup>35</sup>NUM D<sup>I</sup> 26 q<sup>1</sup> MA<sup>35</sup>IS ADMIRABA  
 NT<sup>2</sup> DICENTES ADSEMET IPSOS Q<sup>U</sup> QUI POT  
 + SALUOS FIERI 27 Q<sup>U</sup> INTUIENS ILLOS IH<sup>S</sup>  
 AIT AP<sup>H</sup> HOMINES IMPOSSIBILE + S<sup>N</sup> AP<sup>H</sup>  
 DM<sup>I</sup> OMA N<sup>A</sup> POSSIBILIA ST<sup>A</sup> AP<sup>H</sup> DM<sup>I</sup> 28 CE  
 PIT PETR: EI DICIRE Q<sup>U</sup> ECCE NOS DIMISIM:  
 OMQA ET SECUTI SUMI (sic) TE 29 R<sup>E</sup>S IH<sup>S</sup> COM  
 EN DICO UOBIS N<sup>E</sup>M<sup>O</sup> + QUI RELINQ:RIT  
 DOMUM A FRATRES ASORORES AUT PAT  
 RE A MATERM A FILIOS A AZROS PP<sup>T</sup> ME  
 ET PP<sup>T</sup> EUANGELI<sup>30</sup> Q<sup>1</sup> N ACCIPIAT CENTIES  
 TANTU NC INTEMPORE LI DOM: ET FRATRES  
 ET SORORES ET MATERES ET FILIOS ET AZROS  
 CU PSECUTIONIB: ET INSAECULO FUTURO  
 UITAM AEVN<sup>A</sup> 31 M<sup>L</sup>TI LR ER<sup>T</sup> P<sup>M</sup>INO  
 UISSIMI ET NOUISSIMI PRIMI 32 ERANT  
 LR INUIA ASCENDENTES HIRUSOLIMA  
 Q<sup>U</sup> P<sup>C</sup>EDEBAT ILLOS IH<sup>S</sup> ET STUPEBANT ET  
 SEQUENTES TIMEBANT ADSUMIENS  
 IT U XII COEPIT ILLIS DICIRE Q: ESSENT EI  
 EUENTURA 33 Q ECCE ASCENDIM: HIRUSO  
 LIMA ET FILI: HOMINIS TRADET<sup>P</sup> PRINCI  
 PI<sup>B</sup>: SACERDOTI<sup>U</sup> ET SCRIBIS Q STEMNA  
 BUNT E<sup>U</sup> MORTE ET TRADENT ZENTIB: 34 Q  
 ILUDENT EI ET OSPUENT E<sup>U</sup> ET INFICIENT

eum et tertia die resurget<sup>35</sup> Q accedunt  
adeum iacob et iohannis filii sebed  
ei dicentes magis uolum: ut q̄cūq: pe  
tierim: facias uobis (sic)<sup>36</sup> OCT ille ait eis q'd  
uultis ut facia uobis<sup>37</sup> et dixerūt danobis  
ut un: addextā tuā et ali: adsinistram  
tuā ſeam; in gloria tua<sup>38</sup> Ihs̄ hr ait illis  
Nescitis quid petatis potestis bibere  
calicē q̄ ego bibo ab baptismū q̄ ego bapti  
zor baptizari<sup>39</sup> OCT illi dx r̄t ei posum;  
ihs̄ hr ait illis calicē q̄ ego bibo biberis  
Q baptismū q̄ ego baptizor baptize  
mini<sup>40</sup> ait illis sedere hr addextā meam  
ſsimistrā n̄ ÷ meū dare uobis ſq'b: p  
aratū ÷<sup>41</sup> Q audientes .x. coepert̄ indig  
nari deiacobo et iohanne<sup>42</sup> Ihs̄ hr conuoc  
ans eos ait illis scitis q̄ hui qui uident̄ p̄  
ncipari gentib: dominant̄ eis Q p̄ncip  
es eoꝝ, potestatē habent ipsoꝝ<sup>43, 44</sup> n̄ ita ÷  
i uobis ſ q̄cūq: uoluerit ſuobis p̄m: ee  
erit omnium seu: (sic)<sup>45</sup> Nā fili: hominis n̄  
uenit ut ministraret̄ ei ſ ut ministraret  
et daret animā suā redētionē p̄ multis  
<sup>46</sup> et ueniret heriā (sic) et p̄ficiſcente eo de herich  
et discipuli e et plurima multitudine fili:

thibarthineus cecus se<sup>d</sup>ebat iuxta uiā men  
 dicans <sup>47</sup> qui cum audisset q̄ ih̄s nazare:  
 ÷ coepit clamare et dicere fili d̄d̄ ih̄s mis  
 serere <sup>48</sup> Ḡ cominabant illi multi uttace  
 ret at ille multo ma<sup>g</sup>is clamabat fili  
 d̄d̄ misserere mei <sup>49</sup> Ḡ stans ih̄s p̄cipit  
 illū uocari et uocant caecū dicentes ei a  
 nimæq'or esto sur<sup>g</sup>e uocattē <sup>50</sup> q̄ p̄iecto  
 uestimento suo exur<sup>g</sup>ens uenit adeū <sup>51</sup> et  
 rēs illi ih̄s dx̄ quid uis tibi faciā Cecus h̄  
 d̄xei rabboni utuidiā <sup>52</sup> ih̄s h̄ ait illi rabo  
 ni (sic) uade fidestua té saluā fecit et cfestī  
 uidit et seq:bat eā (sic) inuia xi. <sup>1</sup> Ḡ cū adppin  
 carent hirusolime et bīthania et mon  
 tē olua<sup>g</sup>. mittit duos exdiscipulis suis <sup>2</sup> et  
 ait illis ite incastellū φ contrauos ÷ Ḡ  
 statī introeuntes illud inuenietis pul  
 lū h̄zatū sup̄ q̄ nemo hominem (sic) sedit sol  
 ure illū et adducite <sup>3</sup> Ḡ si quis uobis dx̄  
 erit quid petitis dicite q̄ dnō necessaru: (sic)  
 ÷ Ḡ continuo illū dimittet hūc <sup>4</sup> et abeun  
 tes inuenerū pullum h̄zatū ante ianuā  
 foris inbibio et soluit (sic) eū <sup>5</sup> et q'dā de illuc st

antib: dicebat (*sic*) illis quid facitis sol  
 uentes pullum <sup>6</sup> quidxert sicut p̄cip  
 at illis ih̄s et dimisser̄t eis <sup>7</sup> ad duxer̄t  
 pullum ad ih̄m et ponunt illi uestim  
 enta sua **G** sedit sup' eum <sup>8</sup> multī  
 h̄ uestimenta sua inuia strauer̄t alii  
 h̄ frondes ceder̄t dearborib: et coedert̄  
 et st̄ ner̄t (*sic*) inuia <sup>9</sup>**G** qui p̄ibant et qui  
 seq:ban̄t clamabant dicentes oss  
 anna <sup>10</sup> b̄dicit: quiuenit innoe dn̄i b̄dic  
 tum q̄ uenit re<sup>3</sup>nū patris .n̄. dauid  
 ossanna inexcelsis <sup>11</sup>**G** intravit hir  
 usolima intemplū et circūspect  
 is omnib: cum iam uespaeasset hora  
 exhibit inbethaniam cum xii <sup>12</sup> et alia  
 die cum exirent inbethania cū .x. essu  
 t riuit .ii. <sup>13</sup> cum q: uidisset alon**g**e ficū  
 habentem folia uenit Si q'd forte in  
 ueniret inea et cum uenisset ad eā nih  
 il in uenit p̄t folia n̄ h̄ erat tempus  
 ficolorū <sup>14</sup>**G** rēs dx ei iā n̄ ampli: inēt̄  
 num quis q̄ fructū extē manducet et  
 audiebant discipuli <sup>15</sup>**G** uener̄t̄  
 h̄rusolimā et cum introis set intē  
 plū uenit coepit ieccere uendentes et  
 ementes intempo et mensas numu[la]  
 riorū **G** cathedras uendentium

† This numeral may just as well be v as ii.

columbas euertit<sup>16</sup> Q n̄ sinebat ut  
 quis q uas transferat p̄templū<sup>17</sup> et do-  
 cebat diciens eis n̄ne scriptū ÷ q dom:  
 mea dom; orationis uocabit̄ omnib;  
 sentib; uos hr fecistis eam speloncam  
 latronum<sup>18</sup> quo audito principes sacer-  
 dotū et scribe q:rebant q̄mo eū p̄der-  
 ent Timebant u eum qm̄ uniuersatur  
 ba ad mirabat̄ sup doctrinā ē<sup>19</sup> Q cū  
 ues pera facta eēt eʒrediebat̄ de ciq  
 tate<sup>20</sup> Q cum mare (sic) transirent uidet̄  
 ficum aridā factā aradicib:<sup>21</sup> Q rec-  
 ordat: ÷ petr: dī ei rabbi ecce ficus  
 male d̄xisti aruit<sup>22</sup> Q r̄s ih̄s ait illis h[a]  
 bete fidem<sup>23</sup> Q men dico uobis q̄q'c[ū]  
 q; dixerit monti huic tollere et mittē in  
 mare et n̄essitauerit incorde suo S  
 crediderit q̄q'cq: d̄xerit fiat ei<sup>24</sup> pp̄t  
 ia dico uobis oma q̄cūq: orantes pe-  
 titis credite q accipietis et uenient uo-  
 bis<sup>25</sup> Q cum stabitis adorandū di[mitti]  
 te si quid habetis aduers: aliquem  
 ut det (sic) apañ (sic) ur qui in caelis ÷ dimittat  
 et uobis peccatuestra (sic)<sup>27</sup> Q uenient r-  
 urs: hirusalem et c̄ambularet in  
 tēplo accedunt adeū su'mi sacer-

dotes et seniores et scribe<sup>28</sup> Q dñt illi in  
qua potestate hec facis et qui st̄ dedit ha  
nc potestatē ut ista faciens<sup>29</sup> ih̄s h̄ r̄s CCT  
illīs int̄ro<sup>30</sup> abo uōs et e<sup>31</sup>go unū uerbū respon  
dite m̄ et dicā uobis in qua potestate h̄ faciā  
xii  
<sup>30</sup> Beatus tuismum iohannis unde erat de caelo án  
ex hominib: respondite mihi<sup>31</sup> CCT illi co<sup>32</sup>ta  
bant secum dicentes si dixerim: decelo dicet  
quere non credidistis ei<sup>32</sup> si dicem: ex hominib: ti  
mem: populū Omnes uer habebant iohannē  
que uere profeta ēēt<sup>33</sup> et respondentes dominus ih̄u  
nescim: r̄s ih̄s ait illīs neq: e<sup>34</sup>go dico uobis ī  
[q]ua potestate h̄ facio xii. <sup>1</sup> Coepit illīs in parab  
ulīs loqui homo plantauit uiniā et sepē cir  
[cū]dedit ei et fodit lacū Q edificauit TURRĒ  
et loquauit eā a<sup>35</sup>riculīs et proe<sup>36</sup>fect: ÷  
<sup>2</sup> et a<sup>35</sup>riculas intempore seruū ut ab a<sup>35</sup>ricu  
[li]s accipat de fructu uiniae<sup>3</sup> qui ad prochen  
sū eum cederī et dimisserī uacuū<sup>4</sup> Q i<sup>37</sup>ñū  
missit ad illos aliū seruū et illū incapite  
[uulnerauerī] Q c<sup>on</sup>stumilis adficiarī<sup>5</sup> et rr  
[sus missit aliū?] et illū occidiarī et plures ali  
os qu[os dā cede]ntes CCTios ū occidentes<sup>6</sup> ad  
huc ēr unum habiens filiū carissimū et ill  
ū missit adeos nouissimū diciens que uereb  
unt<sup>7</sup> filiū mm̄ Coloni h̄ dominus adiuicē hic

÷ heris uenite occidam; eū etnā erit hered,  
 tás<sup>8</sup> adp̄chendentes h̄ occider̄t et iecit<sup>9</sup> ex  
 tra uiniā<sup>9</sup> quid ēr faciat dñs uiniē ueniet  
 et p̄det colonos et dab̄t uiniā alīs<sup>10</sup> nesciptu  
 rā hanc le<sup>f</sup><sub>monstra</sub> 3istis lōcp̄dē q̄ repauert̄ edif  
 icantes hic fact: ÷ incapud an3uli<sup>11</sup> adnō fac  
 t: ÷ istud et ÷ mirabile inoculis nostris<sup>12</sup> G  
 q:rebant eumtenere timuer̄t turbā co3nouert̄  
 n̄ φ adeos parabulā hanc dixerat G relicto eo  
 abiart̄<sup>13</sup> et mittunt adeū q̄sda<sup>z</sup> ex fariseis G hiro  
 dianis ut eumtraderent in uerbo<sup>14</sup> q̄ uenientes dñ  
 ei ma3ist̄ scim: q̄ ueraxes et n̄ curas qq̄ n̄ uides  
 infaciem hominis s̄ inueritate uiā dī doces li  
 cet dari tributū cessari án n̄ daum: <sup>15</sup> q̄ sciens [uer]  
 sutiā eōr, C̄it illis q̄d me temptatis ad fertē m̄  
 denariū ut uidiant (sic)<sup>16</sup> illi denariū adtuller̄t etait  
 illis cui: ÷ ima3o h̄ et inscriptio dñt illi cessaris  
<sup>17</sup> R̄s h̄ ih̄s dx̄ illis reddite i3it̄ q̄ s̄t cessaris cessari  
 et q; s̄t dī dō mirabantur sup̄ eo<sup>18</sup> G uenert ad  
 eū saducei quidn̄t resurrectionē n̄ eē et in3ro3a  
 bant eū dicentes<sup>19</sup> ma3ist̄ mo3ses nobis scrips  
 it Utsicui: frāt̄ mortu: fuerit et dimisserit  
 uxore et filios n̄ relinq:rit accipiat frāt̄ e uxo  
 rem illi: G res:citet semen fratri suo<sup>20</sup> .Uii.  
 er̄ fratres er̄3o erant et p̄mus uxore et mor  
 tuus ÷ n̄ relicto semine<sup>21</sup> G secund: accipit eā

et ipse mortuus ÷ et nec reliquit semen et t̄ti  
us similiſt<sup>22</sup> Q acciper̄t similiſt sept̄e et n̄ relin  
cert̄ semen nouissima omniū defuncta ÷ et m<sup>u</sup>  
lier<sup>23</sup> IN resurrectione ēr̄ cum re <sup>Fonteria</sup> SURREXER  
int̄ cui: de his erit uxor .uui. n̄ habuer̄t  
eam uxore<sup>24</sup> Q R̄es ih̄s ait illis n̄ ideo erra  
tis nec scientes scripturas Neq: uirtutē dī  
<sup>25</sup> cum n̄ mortui resurrexerint Neq: nubent  
Neq: nubent̄ ſ ſt̄ ſ an̄geli incaelis<sup>26</sup> demortui [sic]  
† hr̄ q̄ resurȝunt n̄ fleȝistis inlibro moȝſi sup̄  
rubruȝ qm̄ dixerit illi d̄ſ inquiens eȝo ſū d̄ſ  
abracahā d̄ſ issac d̄ſ iacob<sup>27</sup> Neq; d̄ſ MORTORUȝ ſ  
uiuoȝ. Uos hr̄ multū erratis<sup>28</sup> Q accessit un:  
describ̄is qui audierat illos concirentes et uid̄  
ens qm̄ b̄ illis R̄es (sic) inȝroȝauit eum quid ēet p'mū  
mandatū<sup>29</sup> ih̄s hr̄ R̄es ei q̄ p'mum omniū mand<sub>a</sub>  
tū ÷ Q̄ud̄i israhel d̄ns d̄ſ tuus un: ÷<sup>30</sup> Q̄ dile  
ȝes d̄nm extotocorae tuo et extota uirtute tua  
h̄ ÷ p'mū mandatū<sup>31</sup> F̄ hr̄ simile hui: Oileȝes  
pximū tam q̄ té ipsū mai: hoȝ alhud manda  
tū n̄ ÷<sup>32</sup> Q̄ ait illi scriba b̄ maȝis̄t̄ in ueritate  
d̄xisti q̄ un: et n̄ ÷ ali: p̄t illū<sup>33</sup> ut diligat̄ extoto  
corde et extota intellectu et extota anima et exto  
ta fortitudine Q̄ dileȝere pximū tāqteipsū  
mai: ÷ omnib: holocausto matib: et sacrifici  
cīs<sup>34</sup> ih̄s hr̄ uidiens q̄ sapient̄ respondisset ait

† Scribe has left an f apparently which he wrote first and then wrote l covering part of the other letter but leaving most of it so that *flegistis* is apparent.

illi n̄es longe are<sup>34</sup>no dī Q nemo iā audiebat  
 intrō<sup>35</sup>are r̄ēs ih̄s diceabat dociens tr̄ēplo  
 scribē q̄mo dñt xpm̄ eē filium dī ipse n̄  
 dī dī inspū sco Oixit dñs dño meo sede ad  
 extr̄is meis donec ponam inmicos (*sic*) tuos scabel  
 lū pedūtuař, <sup>37</sup> Ipse eř dī dī eū dñm et unde ÷  
 fili: e et multa tuba (*sic*) eū libenř audiuit <sup>38</sup> Q diceb  
 at eis indoctrinasua Cauete áscribis q̄ uo  
 lunt instolis ambulare et salutari in foro <sup>39</sup> ī  
 primis cathedris sedere insinu<sup>30</sup>sis Q p̄  
 mos discubitos incaenis <sup>40</sup> quideuorant do  
 m: uiduař, sobtentu plixae orationis hui ac  
 cipiunt plixi: iudiciū <sup>41</sup> Q sediens ih̄s contrā<sup>32</sup>  
 zaphilacium aspiciebat q̄mo turba iectaret  
 aes in<sup>33</sup>aza filaciū et multi diuites iectabant  
 multa <sup>42</sup> Cum uenisset hr uidua paupcula  
 missit duo minuta φ ÷ quadrans <sup>43</sup> Q o  
 uocans discipulos suos ait illis CCmen d [*sic*]  
 co uobis qm̄ uidua h̄ paupcula plus omnib:  
 missit qui misser̄ in<sup>34</sup>azo filacium <sup>44</sup> Oms  
 n̄ eoφ habundat illis miser̄ h̄ u depennuria  
 sua om̄a q̄ habuit missit totum uictū suū

xiii.<sup>1</sup> Q cū e<sup>35</sup>rideret detemplo ait illi un: ex disci  
 pulis suis ma<sup>36</sup>ist̄ aspice qualis lapi  
 des et qualis structura <sup>2</sup>Q resp ih̄s ait  
 illi uidēs h̄as ma<sup>37</sup>ns n̄relinq:t̄ lapis sup

lapidem qi non distruat<sup>3</sup> Gloria cum sederet in mon  
 te oluarum conter (*sic*) templum intro*g*abat est se  
 paratum petr: et iacob: et iohannis et and  
 rias<sup>4</sup> dicit nobis quoniam ista fiant Gloria Qui si*g*  
 num erit quoniam hoc om*a* incipiunt consumma  
 ri ■ Ress ihs cepit dicere illis Ubidete Nequ*s*  
 uos seducat<sup>6</sup> multi ueniunt in nomine  
 meo dicentes que e*go* sum et multos seducent<sup>7</sup> Cum  
 audieritis bella et oppinionis beller, Ne  
 timueritis oportet u fieri sed non ÷ (*sic*) finis<sup>8</sup> exur  
 gat u *gens* in*g*entem Gloria re*g*num sup*er* re*g*num et  
 erit tremot: proloca et fames initium dolorum  
 hoc<sup>9</sup> Ubide hoc uos metipsos Tradent u os in  
 concilios et insinu*g*o*g*is uabulabitis Gloria ante  
 prossides et re*g*es stabitis ppret me intestin*m*  
 nium illis<sup>10</sup> Gloria in omnes *gentes* primum oportet  
 pdicari euangelium<sup>11</sup> Gloria cum duxerint uos tra  
 dentes nolite proco*g*itare quid loquamini sed  
 quo datum uobis fuerit in illa hora ad loquam*m*  
 non u estis uos loquentes sed spiritus scripsit<sup>12</sup> Tradet hoc  
 frater frater in mortem Gloria pa*tr* fi hoc et con  
 sur*g*ent filii in parentes et morte adfici  
 ent eos<sup>13</sup> Gloria eritis odio omnib: hominib: ho  
 minib: ppret nominib: (*sic*) mm qi hoc sustinuerit  
 in finem hic saluus erit<sup>14</sup> Cum hoc uideritis abho  
 minationem desolationis stantem ubi non debet

qi legit intellegat Tunc qi iniudia sit fugiant in  
 montes <sup>15</sup> et qi super tectum nondis cendat indomum nec  
 introeat ut tollat qid dedomusua <sup>16</sup> Go qi inagro  
 erit non reuertetr retro tollere uestimentum suu  
<sup>17</sup> Uae hoc prignantib:s et nutrrientib:s in illis dieb:  
<sup>18</sup> Orate hoc ut non fiat fuga ua heme <sup>19</sup> Er*it* ubi d*omi*  
 es illi tribulationes tales quales fuerit a[b i]  
 initio creaturae qi condidit usq: non neq: [fi]  
 ant <sup>20</sup> et nisi breuiasset dominis dies non fuis[set]  
 salua omnis caro siper electos qis elegit  
 breuiavit dies <sup>21</sup> Go si quis uobis domixerit ec[c]e [hic]  
 domixps ecce illfc ne crederitis <sup>22</sup> Exurgent ubi [seo]  
 doxps et seodo pfete et dabunt signa et po[rten]a  
 ta adseducendos si fieri potest etiam electro[s]  
<sup>23</sup> Uos est uidete ecce predomixi uobis omnia <sup>24</sup> si in i[llis]  
 dieb: po tribulationem illam ocalcabitu[R sol et ?]  
 ndabit lumen suum <sup>25</sup> Go stelle cadent de [caelo]  
 Go uirtutes celom, comouebunt <sup>26</sup> Go tc uid[eb]  
 unt filium hominis ueniente inuibib; caeli [cū]  
 uirtute multa et gloria <sup>27</sup> Go mittet angelos  
 suos et omnigraunt electos suos am quat[uor]  
 uentis assummo tre usq: adsum mu ca[eli]  
<sup>28</sup> Confico hoc discite parabulam ciam ram: e [tener]  
 fuerit Go natum fuerit folia cognoscetis qi [in]  
 pximo <sup>(29)</sup> sit et iosteis <sup>30</sup> Conmen dico uobis [qm]  
 non transiuit generatio hoc donec omnia [ista? fi]

ant<sup>31</sup> caelū et t̄ra transibunt uerba h̄r mea  
 n̄ transibunt<sup>32</sup> Oe die h̄r illa et hora nemo scit  
 Neq: an̄geli incaelo neq: fili: missi pāt<sup>33</sup> Ū  
 dete ūgilate et parate nescitis n̄ q̄no temp:  
 sit<sup>34</sup> s̄ homo p̄ḡre pfect: reliquit domū suā  
 Q̄ dedit seruís suis potestatē cur:q: op̄is  
 et ianuatori p̄cipit ut ūgilate<sup>35</sup> Ūgilate er̄go  
 Nescitis n̄ q̄no dñs dom: ueniet sero añ me  
 dia nocte añgalligantu añ mane<sup>36</sup> necū uene  
 ret repente inueniat uos dormientes<sup>37</sup> q̄ h̄r  
 uobis dico Ūgilate xiv.<sup>1</sup> Erat h̄r phascha azem<sup>[Rū]</sup>  
 [p̄] b̄duū et q:rebant s̄umī sacerdotes et  
 [sc]ribē q̄mo eum tenerent et occident<sup>2</sup> dice  
 [b]ant n̄ fūndie festo ne forte tumult: fieret  
 [in?] populo<sup>3</sup> Q̄ cum esset ībethania in dom<sup>simo</sup>  
 n̄is lepsi et r̄ecumbent (sic) Uenit mulier  
 habiens alabastrum un̄genti nardipistī  
 ci p̄tiosi et fracto alauastro effudit sup̄ca  
 pud e<sup>4</sup> Erant quidā indigine ferentes in  
 tra semet ipsos dicentes utquid p̄ditio is  
 [ta] un̄genti facta ÷<sup>5</sup> pōtat n̄ un̄gentū istud  
 [u]enundari plu:q̄ xxxtis denarī etdari  
 [p]aup̄ib: et fremebant inēā<sup>6</sup> ih̄s h̄r d̄x sin̄te  
 [eā] q'd illi molesti estis Bonū op: opata ÷ inme  
<sup>7</sup> [s̄ep] n̄ paupes habebit is uobiscū Q̄ cū  
 [uol]ueritis potestis illis ðfacere me h̄r n̄

semp habebitis <sup>8</sup> q̄ habuit h̄ fecit puenit [un]  
 3ere corp: m̄m insepultura <sup>9</sup> C̄men dico u[ob]  
 is ubicumq; p̄dicatum fuerit euangeliū ist  
 ud in uniuerso mundo et q̄ fecit h̄ narrabī  
 tur inmemoriā <sup>10</sup> Ḡ iudas scariothis un:  
 de xii adsū mos sacerdotes ut p̄deret eū [eis?]  
<sup>11</sup> q̄ audientes 3auisist̄ et p̄ miser̄ ei peccuniā [se]  
 daturos et q̄:rebat q̄mo illū oportune tra[de]  
 ret <sup>12</sup> Ḡ p̄mo die azemor̄ q̄nō pasca fmmol[a]  
 bant dñt ei discipuli q̄ uſs eam: et parem[:]  
 t̄ utmanduces pascha <sup>13</sup> Ḡ mittit duos ex d[is]  
 cipulīs suīs et dñ eis ite inciuitatē et oc[cur]  
 rit uobis homo la3onā aq: baiolans seq[ui]  
 mīni eum <sup>14</sup> Ḡ q̄cumq: introierit dic[ite dño]  
 dom: q̄ ma3ist̄ dñ ubi ÷ refectio mea [ubi]  
 phasca cum discipulīs meis mandu[cem]  
<sup>15</sup> Ḡ ipse uobis demonstrauit cenacul[ū 3R]  
 andestratū Ḡ illic parate uobis (sic) <sup>16</sup> Ḡ [ab]  
 ier̄ discipuli ē et ueniar̄ inciuitatē et i[ue]  
 niar̄ sicut dñerat illis <sup>17</sup> Uespe hr fa[cto]  
 uenit cum xii <sup>18</sup> et discum bentib: eis et [m]  
 anducantib: C̄C̄T ih̄s C̄C̄mendico uob[is]  
 q̄ un: ex uobis me tradet q̄ manducat [me]  
 cū <sup>19</sup> C̄C̄T illi cooper̄ CONTRISTARI etdicere e[1 si]  
 3illatim nūquid e3o <sup>20</sup> q̄ ait illis un: ex xii q̄ inti[n]  
 3it mecum in cateno <sup>21</sup> et fili: honis (sic) uadet s [scr]

iptum ÷ deeo Uae homini illi p̄ q̄ fili: hominis  
 tradet̄ bonū ÷ ei s̄i n̄esset nat: homo ille <sup>22</sup> Ḡ m  
 anducantib: illis accipit panem et b̄ diciens  
 fre<sup>23</sup>it et dedit eis Ḡ ait sumite h̄ ÷ corpus  
 m̄m <sup>23</sup> et accepto calice gratiā dedit eis Ḡ b̄  
 beret̄ exillo oīs <sup>24</sup> etait illis hic ÷ san<sup>25</sup>uis meus  
 [n]oui testamenti q̄ p̄uobis effundit̄ <sup>25</sup> amen dico  
 uobis q̄ iā n̄ bibā de hōc genimine uitis usq:  
 in diem illū cum illud bibā nouū inre<sup>26</sup>no dī <sup>26</sup> Ḡ  
 fmno dicto exierit̄ in montem oliueti <sup>27</sup> Ḡ ait  
 illis oīs uos scandalizemini inista nocte  
 q̄ scriptū ÷ p̄cutiam pastorē et disp<sup>28</sup>entur  
 oues <sup>28</sup> sp̄ea q̄ resurrexero p̄cedā uos in<sup>29</sup>alihā  
<sup>29</sup> [petru]s hr ait illi Ḡ si oīs scandalizat̄ fuerit̄  
 [s̄ n̄ e<sup>30</sup>] <sup>30</sup> Ḡ ait illi ih̄s amendicotib: q̄ tu hodie in  
 [noc]te hāc p̄: q̄ <sup>31</sup> Ḡall: bis dederit uocē ū me ne<sup>32</sup>  
 [T]ur: es <sup>31</sup> CCT ille ampli: loq:bat̄ Ḡ si oportue  
 [R]it me simul cōmoritib: n̄ te ne<sup>33</sup>abo similit hr et  
 oīs dicebant <sup>32</sup> Ḡ ueniuunt in p̄diū cui nō <sup>34</sup> Ḡ  
 [s?]amanı et ait discipulis suis sedire hic  
 donec corā (sic) <sup>33</sup> et adsūpsit petr̄, et iacobū et io  
 hannē secum et coepit pauere et cedere <sup>34</sup> et a  
 [ir] illis tristis ÷ anima mea usq: admor  
 tem s:tinetē hic <sup>35</sup> ui<sup>35</sup>ilate et ē pcessiset pa  
 lulū pcedit sup ūram et orauit utsi fieri pos

SIT TRANSIRET abeo hora <sup>36</sup> G dx abba paſt  
 om̄a possibilia ſt̄ tibi transfer calicē hunc  
 ame ſñq ego uolo ſqtū <sup>37</sup> et uenit et inuenit  
 eos dormientes etait petro simōn d[ormis]  
 n̄potuſtis una hora uiſilare <sup>38</sup> uiſilate  
 G orate ut n̄ intretis in temptationem s[pſ]  
 quidem prumt: ÷ caro hr infirma <sup>39</sup> G iñū  
 habiens orauit eundē sermonē diciens <sup>40</sup> [et ??]  
 rursus denouo inuenit eos dormientes  
 Erant u oculi eoñ. 3rauati et 13noraban[t]  
 quid r̄s r̄t ei <sup>41</sup> G uenit tertio et ait illis do[r]  
 mite ia et requiescite sufficit et uenit ho[ra]  
 G ecce tradet fili: hominis inman: pec[ca]  
 torum <sup>42</sup> surȝite eam: ecce ppe ÷ qui [me tr]  
 adet <sup>43</sup> G ad hūc eo loquente uenit iuda[s sca]  
 rioth un: ex xii et cū illo turba multa [c̄]  
 3ladis et liȝnis assummis sacerdotib: et [a]  
 scribis et áseniorib: <sup>44</sup> dederat hr traditor [ə?]  
 siȝnū eis diciens q̄cq: osculat: fuero ips[e]  
 ÷ tenete illum et ducite cauete <sup>45</sup> et cū in uen  
 issent statī accediens adeū rabbi et oscu[la]  
 t: ÷ eū <sup>46</sup> CCT ille man: ineccer̄t ineū <sup>47</sup> un: hr q̄[dā]  
 decircum stantib: educiens 3ladiū p̄cusi[t]  
 seruū summi sacerdotes G amputau[t]  
 auriculā ə <sup>48</sup> G r̄s ait illis tāq adlatronem  
 existis cum 3ladis et liȝnis conþchender[e]

me <sup>49</sup> cotidie eram ap uos intempo docie  
 ns et n̄ me tenuistis s̄ ut inpleant<sup>r</sup> scripture<sup>e</sup>  
<sup>50</sup> Tunc discipuli oīs relinquentes eū cruci  
 [fi]xer<sup>t</sup> <sup>51</sup> adolosciens h̄ q̄dā seq;bat<sup>r</sup> eū ám  
 [ict]: sindone sup nudo Q tenuer<sup>t</sup> eū <sup>52</sup> at  
 illa relicta sindone nud: p̄fu<sup>z</sup>it abeis <sup>53</sup> Q  
 adduxiart ih̄m adsummū sacerdotum  
 Q conueniunt oīs sacerdotes et scribe  
 et seniores <sup>54</sup> petr: h̄ alon<sup>z</sup>e secut: ÷ eū usq:  
 inatriū sū misacerdotis et sedebat ē miñs  
 tr̄is Q calefaciebat sé adiznē <sup>55</sup> sūm ū sa  
 cerdo tis et oīs conciliū q:rebant adu  
 [e]rs: ih̄m testimoniū ut eū morti traderent nec  
 [in]ueniebant <sup>56</sup> multi n̄ testimoniū falsū dice  
 [ba]nt aduersu: eum et conuentia testimoniū  
 n̄erant <sup>57</sup> q̄dā sur<sup>z</sup>iens falsū testimoniū fe  
 rebant aduers: ih̄m dicentes <sup>58</sup> q̄m nos au  
 dibim: eū dicentem e<sup>z</sup>o desoluā temp  
 lū h̄ manu factū et p̄ triduum ali  
 ut n̄ manufactū Edificabo <sup>59</sup> et n̄ erat  
 conuenientes testimoniū illo<sup>r</sup> <sup>60</sup> exur<sup>z</sup>ien  
 [s] sūm: sacerdos inmediū IN<sup>r</sup> TRO<sup>z</sup>a<sup>r</sup>t  
 ih̄m diciens n̄ respondis quiq adea q:  
 t̄ obiciunt<sup>r</sup> abeis <sup>61</sup> ille h̄ dicebat et nihil r̄es  
 dit rursū summ: sacerdos in<sup>r</sup> ro<sup>z</sup>abat  
 eū er d̄ ei tuēs x̄ps fili: b̄dicti <sup>62</sup> ih̄s h̄ dx illi

e3o sum et uidebitis fihū hominis sedentē  
 adextris uirtutis et uenientem in nubib: cae  
 li <sup>63</sup> Summus hr sacerdos scindiens uestimen  
 ta sua ait quid ad hūc desideram: testes  
<sup>64</sup> audistis blasphemā ē q'd uobis uider<sup>t</sup> q oms o  
 tēpnauerit eū ēē reūmortis <sup>65</sup> Q coepert q'dā  
 conspuerit (*sic*) eū et uelare (*sic*) faciā ē et colaphis  
 eū cedere et dicere ei pfectiza nobis et minis  
 TR[ ] a al[a] pīdib; eū cedebant <sup>66</sup> Q cū esset pet  
 R: iatri[o] <sup>Fenestra</sup> deorsū uenit una ex ancillis sū  
 mis ace rdotis <sup>67</sup> Q ē uidisset petr, cale fa  
 cientē se et aspiciens inillū ait ettū cū ihū  
 nazareno eras <sup>68</sup> OCT ille neʒauit diciens ne  
 q: scio Neq: noui quid dics <sup>Q</sup> exibit  
 foras ante atriu et ʒall: can tauit  
<sup>69</sup> RURS: hr cū uidisset ancilla illū coe  
 pit et dicere circumstantib: q hic exillis  
 ÷ <sup>70</sup> OCT ille iñum neʒauit <sup>Q</sup> p° pussil  
 lū RURS: qui adstant diceabant pet  
 ro uere exillis ÷ Nā et ʒalili: es <sup>71</sup> ille hr coe  
 pit anazemare et iurare q nescio homi  
 nē q dicitis <sup>72</sup> Q statī iñū ʒall: cantau[it]  
 Q recordat: ÷ petr: uerbi q dixerat [ei]  
 ih̄s p: q ʒall: cantet bis ī me neʒab[is]  
 Q coepit flere xv. <sup>1</sup> Q cfestim man[e]

[ɔ]siliū facientes sūmī sacerdotes ēseniorib:  
 et scribīs et uniuerso concilio uinctū ih̄m duxē  
 r̄t et tradidīar̄t p̄flatō <sup>2</sup> Q̄ int̄roʒauit eū p̄f  
 lat: tues rex iudeoꝝ, at ille r̄s ait illi tu dīcis  
<sup>3</sup> Q̄ accussabānt eū summi sacerdotes inm̄l  
 t̄is <sup>4</sup> p̄flat: h̄ rursū int̄roʒauit eū diciens n̄  
 respondiens quiq̄ uide incantis te accusa  
 nt <sup>5</sup> ih̄s h̄ ampli: nihil r̄s ita ut mirarent(sic) p̄f  
 lat: <sup>6</sup> p̄diē h̄ festū dimiſe solebat illi      is un  
 ex uinctis qq: petiſſent <sup>7</sup> Erat h̄      Fenestra q̄di      Fenestra ū  
 bat̄ barabbas q̄cum seductiosis er      at uinc  
 t: q̄ inſeditiōne fecerat homicidiū <sup>8</sup> Q̄ cū  
 ascendisſet turba coepit roʒare ſicut ſēp  
 faciabat illis <sup>9</sup> p̄flat: r̄s eis et d̄xuultis di  
 mittā uobis reʒē iudeoꝝ, <sup>10</sup> ſciebat n̄ q̄ inui  
 diā tradiſſent eū ſūmisacerdotes <sup>11</sup> pontifi  
 ces h̄ occitauer̄t turbā ut maʒis barabbān  
 dimiſet eis <sup>12</sup> p̄flat: h̄ iñū r̄s ait illis quid eñ  
 uultis ut faciā reʒi iudeorū <sup>13</sup> CCT illi iñū cla  
 mauēt crucifiʒe eū <sup>14</sup> p̄flat: uero dicebat  
 eis quid n̄ malifecit at illi maʒis clamab  
 ant dacrucifiʒe (*sic*) eū <sup>15</sup> p̄flat: h̄ uohens pop  
 [ul]o ſatisfacere diuſſit illis barabbān  
 [er] TRADIDIT ih̄s (*sic*) flaʒillis cessoſ utcruci  
 [fiʒ]er̄ <sup>16</sup> milites h̄ duxer̄t eum inatrium  
 [p̄to]rū et ouocant totum chortē <sup>17</sup> et indu

et aliæ multa (*sic*) q̄ simul cūeo ascenderant hi  
 rusolimae (*sic*) <sup>42</sup> Q̄ cum iā sero esset factū q̄ er  
 at parascue φ ÷ ante sabbatū <sup>43</sup> Uenit ios  
 eph abarimathia nubilis decurio q̄ et ipse  
 erat expectans regnū dī et audaciū intrauit  
 ad p̄flatū Q̄ petit corp; ihū <sup>44a</sup> p̄flat: h̄ mi  
 rabat̄ sī iā obiset et arcessito centorione <sup>45b</sup> do  
 nauit corp: ioseph <sup>46</sup> ioseph h̄ mercat: ÷ sidon  
 ē et ponens eum inuoluit in sindone Q̄ pos  
 suit eū īmonumento φ erat excisū de petra  
 Q̄ aduoluit lapidē ad hostiū monumen  
 ti <sup>47</sup> maria h̄ magdalene et maria iaco  
 bi et salone et maria ioseph aspicibant  
 ubi poneret <sup>xvi. 1</sup> et ē transiset sabbatū maria  
 magdalene et maria iacobī et salone eme  
 rī aromata ut uenientes ungerent eū <sup>2</sup> Q̄  
 ualde mane p'ma sabbatoꝝ, uenert ad  
 monumentum orto iā sole <sup>3</sup> et dicebant ad  
 inuicē quis reuoluit nobis lapidē ab  
 hostio monumenti <sup>4</sup> Q̄ respicientes ui  
 derī reuolutū erat quippe maḡn: uai'de [*sic vid.*]  
<sup>5</sup> Q̄ intromuntes īmonumentū uiderī iu  
 benem sedentē indextr̄is cooptū stola can[di]  
 daetobstupuerī <sup>6</sup> q'dī illis N̄olite expauescere  
 ih̄m̄q:ritis Nazarenū crucifixū surrexit

n ÷ hic ecce locus ubi possuiaſt eū <sup>7</sup> s ite et diſci [sic] te diſcipulię (sic) et petro q p̄cidit uos in Galiliā ibi eū uidebitis ſicut dxi (sic) uobis <sup>8</sup> OCT ille exeunteſ fuſerū demonumento INuafferat n eas tī mor et pauor Q nemini q' q d̄xerū n time bant surgiens h̄ ih̄ ſ mane p'masabbati a paruit p'mo mariæ maſdalene dequa iecce ret .ui. demonia <sup>10</sup> illa uadiens nuntiauit h̄ qui cū eo fuerant luſentib: et flentib: <sup>11</sup> illi au dienteſ q uiueret et uiu: (sic) eēt abea n credidia rū <sup>12</sup> p° h̄ h̄ duob: exeis ambulantib: ostens: ÷ iaha effigie euntib: inuillā <sup>13</sup> Q illi audienteſ nuntiauerū cætiſ nec illiſ cre diidiarū <sup>14</sup> nou † iſſime recubenteſ illiſ xi (sic) apparuit et expbra uit iſcredulitatē eoř, et duritiā cordis q hiſ qui uiderū eum surrexiſe ncrediſiarū <sup>15</sup> et d̄x eis Eunteſ in mundū uniuersū p̄dica te euangeliū omni creaturæ <sup>16</sup> q' crediderit et babtizat: fuerit ſalu: erit q' u n crediderit o tenabit <sup>17</sup> ſiſna h̄ eos q' credidiarū h̄ ſequent̄ i n̄ meo demonia ieccant linquuſ loquent̄ no biſ (sic) <sup>18</sup> ſerpenteſ tollent Q ſi mortifeř, q bibe riq̄ n̄ eos nocebit ſup eſros man: inponent et b̄ habebunt <sup>19</sup> Q dūs quidē ih̄ ſ p̄q loquit̄ ÷ eis adſumpt: ÷ incaelū ertsedit ad dextrā dī <sup>20</sup> illi h̄ [pf]ecti p̄dicauerū ubiq: dño q' opant̄ et ſermonē oſfirmante ſequenteſ ſiſn̄s: . . . . .

† The usual way would be XI or ·XI· or XII or ·XII·. This XI is peculiar here, as if II  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

i. 13

lus netimias † Sachariaš qm̄ exaudita [÷]  
 deſcatio tua et uxor tua elizabeth pariet  
 tibi filium et uocauis nomen ē iohannem  
<sup>14</sup> Q erit ſaudium tibi et exultatio Q multi  
 inntuitate (*sic*<sup>vid</sup>) ē ſaudia bunt <sup>15</sup> Erit u mafus  
 coram dño et uinū et ſicerā ūbiberet Q ſpu  
 ſco replebit ad huc exuſo matrissuae <sup>16</sup> Q mul  
 toſ filiorum israhel Conuertet addñm dñ  
 ipsorum <sup>17</sup> Q ipſe pcedet ante illum inſpū  
 et uirtute heliae ut conuertat corda pat  
 rum in filios et incredibiles adprudentia  
 iuſtorū parare dño plebem pfectā <sup>18</sup> Q  
 dx Zacharias ad anđelum unde h sci  
 am eđo u sum ſenex et uxor mea pcessit  
 in die b: ſuīs <sup>19</sup> Q rēs anđelus dx ei eđo ſu  
 ſabriel anđelus qui adsto ante dñ et mi  
 ſus ſum loqui adré Q h tibi euangeliſare  
<sup>20</sup> Q ecce eriſtaciens et ū poñis loqui usq: ī  
 diem quo h fiant p eo q ū credisti (*sic*) uerb  
 is meis q: in plebuntur in tempore ſuo  
<sup>21</sup> et erat plebs expectans zachariā et mira  
 bant q tarderet ipſe in templo <sup>22</sup> eđress:  
 h ū poñar loqui ad illos et cođnoueret q ui  
 ſionem uidisset in templo et ipe (*sic*) erat in  
 nuiens (?) eis et pmansit mutus <sup>23</sup> Q facti  
 ſt ut in pleti ſt dies officii ē abuit in do

† Special letter for this hybrid z and s combined.

mum suā <sup>24</sup> post hos h̄ dies concepit eli  
 zapheth uxor eius et oculabat se men  
 sib: diciens <sup>25</sup> ʒaudio q̄ sic fecit mihi dñs  
 in dieb: quib: res pexit auferre ob:pbrīū  
 meum inī homines <sup>26</sup> IN mense h̄ sexto mis:  
 ÷ ʒabriel adō inciuitatem ʒalilae cui nō  
 erat nazareth <sup>27</sup> Ccdūrʒinēm dīs ponsatā  
 uiro Cui nō erat ioseph dedomu dauid et  
 nō uirʒinis maria <sup>28</sup> et inʒres sus anʒelus  
 adeam d̄x haue ʒratia plena dñs tecū  
 benedicta tu in mulierib: <sup>29</sup> q̄ cum uidisset (*sic*)  
 turbata ÷ insermone eius et coʒitabat qua  
 lis esset ista salutatio <sup>30</sup> Q̄ ait ei anʒelus  
 Ne timias maria IN uenisti eū (*sic*) ʒratia ap  
 dñm <sup>31</sup> Ecce cōpries inuō et paries filiū et uo  
 cabis nō ē ih̄m <sup>32</sup> hic uenit maʒn: et fili: alti  
 sim: uocabit̄ Q̄ dabit illi dñs d̄s sedem d̄d  
 patris ē et reʒna uit indom uiacob inētnū  
<sup>33</sup> et reʒni ē ūerit finis <sup>34</sup> Ox h̄ maria adanʒe  
 lū q̄mo fiet istud uirū h̄ n̄ coʒnosco <sup>35</sup> Q̄ r̄es an  
 ʒel: et d̄x ei sp̄s sc̄s sup̄ ueniet int̄ et uirtus  
 altissimi obumbravit tibi Ideo q: φ uocat̄ (*sic plane*)  
 exte sc̄m uocabitur fili: d̄i <sup>36</sup> Q̄ ecce elizab  
 eth coʒnatatua Q̄ ipse (*sic*) con cepit filiu  
 insenecta sua Q̄ hic mensis ÷ sext: illi q:·  
 uocat̄ sterilis <sup>37</sup> q̄ ūerit impossibile aƿ

† *Altissimus* therefore. But see verse 76 further on.

dñi omne uerbum <sup>38</sup> Oꝝ h̄ maria ecce anc  
 illa dn̄i fiat mihi F uerbū tuum Ḡ disces  
 sit ab illa an̄gelus <sup>39</sup> Exur̄gens h̄ maria indie  
 b: illis C̄buit in montana cū festinatione  
 in ciuita tē iude <sup>40</sup> et intrauit indomum sa  
 chariae et salutauit elizabeth <sup>41</sup> Ḡ factū ÷  
 ut audiuit salutationem mariae elizabeth  
 Exultauit infans inutero ē et repleata ÷  
 spū s̄cō elizabeth <sup>42</sup> Ḡ exclamauit uoce maꝝ  
 na et d̄x benedicta tu inī mulieres et b̄dic  
 tus fructus uentrīs tui <sup>43</sup> Ḡ unde mihi ut  
 ueniat maꝝ dn̄i mei ad me <sup>44</sup> Ecce n̄ ut facta  
 ÷ uox salutationis tuae inaurib: meis ex  
 ultauit infans inaudium inuīto meo <sup>45</sup> et be  
 ata q: credidisti qm̄ pficienꝫ eaꝫ dictasꝫ  
 ei a dño <sup>46</sup> et ait maria maꝝnificat anima mea  
 dn̄m <sup>47</sup> et exultauit sp̄s m̄s indō salutare meo  
<sup>48</sup> quia res pexit humilitatē ancille suae Ecce  
 enim ex hoc beatam me dicent oīs ġenera  
 tionis (sic) <sup>49</sup> q̄ fecit m̄ maꝝna qui potiens ÷ et sc̄m  
 nō ē <sup>50</sup> et misericordia ē in p̄genies et p̄genies ti  
 mentib: eum <sup>51</sup> fecit potentia (sic) imbrachiosuo ds  
 psit supbos mente cordis sui <sup>52</sup> Odeposit po  
 tentes desede et exaltauit humiles <sup>53</sup> essurientes  
 inpleuit bonis Ḡ diuites dimissit inanes  
<sup>54</sup> suscipit israhel puerū suū memorari

misericordiae suaee <sup>55</sup> sicut locut: ÷ ad  
 patres nostros (nostras Abbott) abrachā et semini eius  
 usq: in seculum <sup>56</sup> mansit h̄ maria cū il  
 la q̄si mensib: trib: et reuersa ÷ in dom  
 um suam <sup>57</sup> elezebeth h̄ inpletū ÷ tempus  
 pariendi et peperit filium <sup>58</sup> Q audiarī  
 [ui]cini et coʒnatī ē q̄ maʒnificat dñs mis  
 sericordiā suam cum illa et conʒratu  
 labant̄ ei <sup>59</sup> Q factum ÷ inde octauo ue  
 nerī circū cidiare puerum et uocabā  
 nt eum nōe patris sui Zachariā <sup>60</sup> et r  
 ēs mař ē dx nequaq̄ s uocauit (*sic*) iohannis  
<sup>61</sup> ET d̄xr̄ ad illā q̄ nemo ÷ incoʒnationetua  
 qui uocet̄ hoc nōe <sup>62</sup> IN uebant h̄ patri ē q̄  
 uellet uocari eum <sup>63</sup> et postulans puʒilla  
 rem scripsit diciens iohannis ÷ nō ē Q  
 mirati st̄ uniuersi <sup>64</sup> occptū ÷ h̄ ilico os ē et  
 linʒa ē et loq:bat̄ b̄ diciens dñm <sup>65</sup> Q factus ÷  
 timor sup̄ omnes uicinos eorū Q sup̄  
 omnia montana iude deuulʒabať oma  
 uerba h̄ <sup>66</sup> et possuerūt oīns qui audiera  
 nt in corde suo dicentes quid putas pu  
 er iste erit Q h̄ manus dī (*sic*) cum illo ÷  
<sup>67</sup> Q zacharias pař ē inplet: ÷ spū scō et p  
 [feta]uit diciens <sup>68</sup> benedictus dñs d̄s  
 isrl̄ et fecit redemptionem pleuis suaee

69 **C**[e]REXIT CORNU SALUTIS NOBIS IN DOMU dicitur  
 PUERI SUI 70 SICUT LOCUTUS ÷ PR OS SCORU  
 PFETARU SUAR, QUI ABEO SUNT 71 **C** LIBERAU  
 IT NOS COMBINIMICFS NOSTRIS ET DE MANU OM  
 NIUM QUI NOS ODIART 72 COND FACIENDA MI  
 SSERICORDIAA CUM PATRIB:N NOSTRIS . . . . . †  
 . . . . . MENTISU SCI . 73 IUS IURANDU QUE  
 IURAUIT ADABRACHA PATREN Datur  
 UM SE nobis 74 UT SINETIMORE DEMANIB: INI  
 MICORU NOSTRORUM LIBERATI SERVIAMUS  
 ILLI 75 INSCITATE **C**IUSTITIA(sic) CORAM IPSO OMNI  
 B: DIEB: NOSTRIS 76 **C** TU PUEPU FEATA ALTISSI  
 MI UOCaueris probis enim ante faciem dominui  
 PARARE UIAS E 77 CONDANDA SCIENTIAA SALUTIS  
 PLEUI E INREMISIONEE PECCATORU EORU  
 78 PR UIISCERA MISERICORDIA (sic) DomiNuI INQUIB:  
 UISSITAUIT NOS ORIENS EXALTO 79 **C** INLUMI  
 NARE HIS QUI INTENEBRIS ET UM BRA MOR  
 TIS SEDENT ADDIRIGENDOS PEDES NOSTROS  
 INUIAM PACIS 80 PUEPU CRESCEBAT ET CONF  
 ORTEBATUR INSPIU ET ERAT INDESERTIS USQ:  
 ADDIE OSTENSIONIS SUAE AD ISRAHEL . . .

ii. 1 **F**CC*ctum* ÷ HR IN ILLIS DIEB: EXIUT EDICTU  
 ACCESARE AZUSTO UT CENSUM PRO  
 FETERENTUR OMNES PROBEM TRE <sup>2</sup> HAB PRO  
 FESSIO PRIMA FACTA ÷ APSIDE SIRIAE

ii

† Wordsworth and White note that *et memorari* are also “*in ras.*” in the MS. Z.

cfrino nomine <sup>3</sup>Q ibant om̄s ut pfeter  
 entur un:quisq: insuam ciuitatē <sup>4</sup>CCS  
 cendit hr ioseph a galilia deciuitate naza  
 reth in iudiam ciuitatē dauid q: uocat̄  
 bethlē. Eo q̄ esset dedomu et patria dauid  
<sup>5</sup> ut pfeteret̄ cum maria sponsa priɔnan  
 te despū sco <sup>6</sup>F CCTUM ÷ hr dum ibiessent  
 inpleti s̄t dies ut pariret <sup>7</sup> et peperit filiū su  
 um primoʒenitum Q pannis eū inuolu  
 it et possuit eum impresepio q̄ n̄erat locs  
 in eo diuersorio <sup>8</sup> pastores autē erant in  
 illa reʒione uiʒilantes et custodientes ui  
 ʒilias noctis supraʒreʒē suum <sup>9</sup>Q ecce an  
 ʒel: dñi stetit circa illos Q claritas dī  
 cicum fulsิต (sic) eos Q timu iart̄ timore  
 maʒno <sup>10</sup> et dixit illis anʒelus Nolite time  
 re Ecce h nuntio uobis ʒaudiū maʒnū  
 q̄ erit omni populo <sup>11</sup> q̄ natus ÷ uobis ho  
 die conseruator salutis qui ÷ x̄ps dñi (sic) i  
 ciuitate dauid q: d̄R bethlem <sup>12</sup>Q h. uo  
 bis siʒnū inuenietis infantē pannis in  
 uolutum Q possitum in p̄sepio <sup>13</sup>Q su  
 bito facta ÷ cum anʒelo multitudo exer  
 cit: caelestis laudantiū dñi et dicentiū  
<sup>14</sup> ʒloria inaltissimis dō et intra pāx hom  
 nib: bonae uoluntatis <sup>15</sup>F CCTU ÷ hr ut

dicere inter uos patrē habem: abrachā [dī]  
co u uobis quia pot̄ d̄sdelapidib: istis susci-  
tare filios abrach[æ?] <sup>9</sup> Iā u securis adradices  
arborū possita ÷ omnis ē arbor q̄ n̄ facit  
fructum bonū exci[dit?] et inī3nem mittet <sup>10</sup> Ḡ i  
TRO3abant eum [turbae] dicentes quid ē  
faciemus <sup>11</sup> R̄es [hr dicebat] illis qui habet du-  
as tunicas d[et n̄ habenti] et qui habet eas (sic)  
as similiū [faciat <sup>12</sup> Uene]RT hr et puplicani ut  
babtizar[ent] et d̄xerū ad eū? m]a3ist̄ quid facim:  
<sup>13</sup> OCT ille [dixit ad eos] N̄ihil amplius quā q̄ (sic)  
consti[tutum ÷ u]obis faciatis <sup>14</sup> IN TRO3aba-  
nt hr eu[m et m]ilites dicentes quid facia (vid.)  
mus et nos et ait illis neminē concutiat  
is Neq: calumniā faciatis Ḡ contenti  
estote stipendis uestris <sup>15</sup> existimante  
hr populo etcō3itantib: omnib: incordi-  
b: suis deiohanne Ne forte ipse esset  
xps <sup>16</sup> R̄es iohannis dicebat omnib: e3o q'd  
em aqua babtiz[o?] uos Uenit hr fortior  
me Cuius n̄ su[m] dī3nus soluere corre3iā  
calciamentio[r̄ e ipse?] uos babtizauit inspū sc̄i (vid.)  
et i3ni <sup>17</sup> C[u]ius uenti]labrū inmanusua Ḡ  
pur3au[it areā s]uā Ḡ cō3re3auit triticū  
suū in [horreum suum(?) p]a[l]eas hr oburet i3ni inex-

NOTE.—The above square brackets represent lacunae from two large “windows,” now beautifully mended.

tingubili <sup>18</sup>	multa quidem et alia exor-
tans euangelizabat popul[o] <sup>19</sup>	hirodis
h[ab] tetracha	Cum corriperetur ab eo
de herodiade uxo[re f]ratis sui	G[raecia] de
omnib[us]: q[uod] fecit her[odis?] <sup>20</sup>	adieccit et hoc
sup[er] omnia inclu[sit iohan]nē incarcere	
<sup>21</sup> [F]occum ÷ h[ab] cum [babtiza]ret omnis po-	
pulus et ihū ba[b]ti[zato et ora]nte apertū	
÷ caelum <sup>22</sup> G[raecia] d[iscendit? sp̄s sc̄s] corpora	
h[ab] speciae sicut columba [in ipsū et?]	uox de
caelo facta ÷ hic ÷ filius m[eus dilectus] in t-	
mīhi b[ea]conplacui <sup>23</sup> G[raecia] ipse [ih̄s erat] incipi[e]	
ns q[ui] anni xxx. ut putabat ēē filius [iose]	
qui fuit heli	qui fuit naʒa
qui fuit matha	<sup>26</sup> qui fuit maa
<sup>24</sup> qui fuit leui	qui fuit mat
qui fuit melchi	qui fuit sem
qui fuit ianae	qui fuit iosso
qui fuit ioseph	qui [f]uit iud
<sup>25</sup> qui fuit mathae	<sup>27</sup> qui f[u]it iob
qui fuit amos	qui [fuit] res
qui fuit nauum	qui [fuit zo]
qui fuit heli	qui [fuit sal]

- qui fuit **N**eri  
<sup>28</sup> qui fuit melchi  
qui fuit addi  
qui fuit chosā  
qui fuit elmadā  
qui fuit Ér  
<sup>29</sup> qui fuit iessu  
qui fuit eliezer  
qui fuit zorū  
qui fuit mathat  
qui fuit leui  
<sup>30</sup> qui fuit simon  
qui fuit iuda  
qui fuit ioseph  
qui fuit iona  
qui fuit eliachi  
<sup>31</sup> qui fuit melcha [?]  
qui fuit menna  
qui fuit mathatia  
qui fuit nathan  
qui fuit dauid  
<sup>32</sup> qui fuit iesse  
qui fuit Oberh  
qui fuit boos  
qui fuit salamón  
qui fuit nassón
- <sup>33</sup> qui fuit amin[adab]  
qui fuit aran  
qui fuit ESRON(?)  
qui fuit farae  
qui fuit Iuda  
<sup>34</sup> qui fuit iacōb  
qui fuit issac  
qui fuit abracham  
qui fuit tharæ *vid.*  
qui fuit **N**achor  
<sup>35</sup> qui fuit Seruch  
qui fuit Ra3au  
qui fuit falléc  
qui fuit Eber  
qui fuit Salae  
<sup>36</sup> qui fuit Cainán  
qui fuit arfaxath  
qui fuit sem  
qui fuit **N**oe  
qui fuit lamech  
<sup>37</sup> qui fuit madusale  
qui fuit Enoc  
qui fuit iareth  
qui fuit malalel  
qui fuit cainan  
<sup>38</sup> qui fuit enos

qui fuit Seth qui fuit CCdam qui fuit dī  
 iv. <sup>1</sup> Ihs autem plenus spū scō regress: ÷ aior  
 dane et aʒebat̄ insp̄ u indesertū <sup>2</sup> dieb: quad  
 raʒenta Q temptabatur asabulo Q nihil  
 manducauit inillis dieb: Q consū matīs il  
 lis essuruit <sup>3</sup> dī autē illi diabul; si filius dī  
 es dīc lapidib: istis ut panes fiant <sup>4</sup> Q res  
 ad eum ih̄s scriptum ÷ qm̄ n̄ in pane solo  
 uiuet homo s̄ inomni uerba (sic) dī <sup>5</sup> Q dīx (sic) illum  
 diabulus inmontem excelsū et ostendit illi  
 omnia reʒna orbis̄tre inmomento tempo  
 ris <sup>6</sup> Q ait illi tibidabo potestatē. hanc uni  
 uersam Q ʒloriam illorū quia mihi tradī  
 ta st̄ apatre meo Q cui uoluero doo illa <sup>7</sup> Tu  
 ū siadoraueris corā me erunt tua omnia  
<sup>8</sup> Q res ih̄s dī illi scriptum ÷ dn̄m dī tuū  
 adorabis et illi soliseruies <sup>9</sup> Q duxit illū inhi  
 rusalē et statuit eū sup' pinnaculū temp  
 li Q dī illi si filius dī es mittetē hinc de  
 orsum <sup>10</sup> Scriptum ÷ n̄ qm̄ anʒelis suis m  
 andauit dete ut seruent té <sup>11</sup> Q q̄ inmanib:  
 suis tollentté Neforte offendas adlapi  
 dem pedem tuum <sup>12</sup> Q res ih̄s ait illi dictū ÷  
 n̄ temptabis dn̄m dī tuum <sup>13</sup> et consū  
 mata omni temptatione diabulus reces  
 sit abillo usq: adtempus <sup>14</sup> Q eʒressus ÷

ih̄s inuirtute sp̄s in 3ahiliā et fama exiit p̄  
 uniuersā re 3ōnē deillo <sup>15</sup> et ipse docebat insina  
 3ōs eorum et ma 3ōnificabat ab omnib: <sup>16</sup> Q uenit  
 nazareth ubi erat nutritus Q intravit F  
 osuetudinem suā die sabbati insina 3ōs  
 Q surrexitile 3ere <sup>17</sup> et traditus ÷ illi liber iess  
 aie pfete et ut reuolut̄ librum IN uenit locū  
 ubi scriptum ÷ <sup>18</sup> Sp̄s dñi sup̄ me eoq; unxit  
 me euangelizare pauperib: missit <sup>19</sup> sanare  
 contritos corde pdicare captiuis remis  
 sionē Q caecis uisum dimittere ofractos ī  
 remissionem ofractos. pdicare annū dñi  
 acceptū et diem retributionis <sup>20</sup> Q cū compli  
 cuiusset librum reddidit minis tro Q se  
 dit Q omnium insina 3ōs oculi erant inten  
 tentes ineū <sup>21</sup> Coepit h̄ dicere ad illos q̄ odie  
 inpleata ÷ h̄ scriptura inaurib: uestris  
<sup>22</sup> Q omnē testimonium illi dabant Q mira  
 bantur inuerbis 3ratiae q̄ pcedebant de  
 ore e Q dicebat (sic) nne hic ÷ filius ioseph  
<sup>23</sup> Q ait illis utiq: dicitis mihi hanc simi  
 litudinē medice curatē ipsum quan  
 ta audiūm: facta audiūm: facta  
 IN capharnaum fac h̄c et in patria  
 [t]uoc <sup>24</sup> amen dico uobis q̄ ne  
 mo pfeaata acceptus ÷ in patria s[ua]

† S in ras. pr. man. Post ua in ras., illeg.

25 IN ueritate dico uobis multae uiduae erant in dieb: heliae in israhel q̄no conclus (*sic*) sum ÷ caelum annis tr̄ib: et mensib: sex  
 Cum facta ÷ famis maʒna inomnīra  
 26 et adnullā illarū mis: ÷ helias nissi in sarepta sindoniae ad mulierē uiduā 27 Q̄ multi lepsi erant inisrahel sub helesseo p̄ feata Q̄ nemo illorū mundatus ÷ nisi (*sic*) nemansi rus 28 et repleti s̄t om̄s insinaʒoʒa ira h̄ audientes 29 et surrexer̄t et ieccert illū extra ciuitatē et duxiar̄t illū usq: adsup̄ ciliū montis Sup̄ quem ciuitas illor̄ erat edificata ut p̄cipitarent eū 30 Ipse h̄ tran siens per mediū illor̄ ibat 31 Q̄ descendit in capharnaū ciuitatē ʒalilae ibiq: docebat illos sabbatis 32 et stupebant indoctrina e q̄ impotestate erat sermo e 33 Q̄ insinaʒo ʒa erat homo habiens demonium inmundenū Q̄ exclamauit uoce maʒna 34 diciens q'd nobis ettibi ihū nazarene uenisti p̄de re nos scio té quis is sc̄s dī 35 Q̄ increpat̄ illi ih̄s diciens obmutesce et exii ab ilo Q̄ cum proieccisset illū (*sic*) demoniū exīt̄ abeo nihilq: illum nocuit 36 Q̄ fact: ÷ pa uor maʒnus in omnib: et conloq:ba ntur adiuicem dicentes quid (*sic*) ÷ uerbū

Q (sic tantum) in potestate et uirtute imperat inmu  
 ndis spiritibus Gexeunt<sup>37</sup> et deuulzabatur  
 fama de illo in omnem locū reʒionis<sup>38</sup> Surʒi  
 ens h̄ desinaʒoʒa intrauit indomum simonis  
 SOCRUS h̄ simonis tenebat̄ maʒnis febribus  
 et roʒauer̄t eum pea dicentes missere n̄i  
<sup>39</sup> G stans sup̄ inpauit illā febri G dimi  
 sit illā G continuo surʒiens ministrat̄  
 illis<sup>40</sup> Cū h̄ sól occidisset omnes aui (sic) habeba  
 nt infirmos ducebant illos adeum at ille  
 singulis manu (sic) imponiens curabat eos  
<sup>41</sup> Exibant h̄ etiam demonia CCmultis demo (sic)  
     clamantia et dicentia q̄ tues filius dī G  
     dicentia quia tues filius dī G increpa  
     ns n̄sinebant (sic) ea loqui quia sciebant  
     ipsū ee xpm<sup>42</sup> Fcccta h̄ die eʒressus ibat  
     in desertū locum et turbae q:rebant eum  
     G uener̄t usq: adillum et detinebant eū  
     nedis cederent abeis<sup>43</sup> quib: ille ait quia  
     et aliis ciuitatib: oportet me euangeliz  
     are reʒnū dī quia ideo misus sū<sup>44</sup> G  
     erat p̄dicans insinaʒoʒis ʒahliae v.<sup>1</sup> G  
     factum ÷ cū turbae INRUERT (sic) ineū ut au  
     diren̄t uerbū dī et ipsestabat secus st  
     aʒnum ʒenazareth<sup>2</sup> G uidit duas nau  
     es stantes secus staʒnum piscatores h̄

discenderant et leuabant retia <sup>3</sup> C scen  
diens h̄ inunam nauē q: erat simon  
is rōgauit eum ut ātra reduceret pus  
sillum Q [†]edens docebat denauicula  
turbas <sup>4</sup> ut cessauit autem loqui d̄x ad  
simonem dūc inaltum et laxate retia ues  
tra incapturā <sup>5</sup> Q rēs simon d̄x illi p̄cep  
tor p totā noctem laborantes nihil ce  
pimus inuerbo h̄ tua (sic) laxabo retia <sup>6</sup> Q c.

h̄ fecissent conclusser̄t pisciū mul t̄  
tudinem copiosā Rumpēbat h̄ rete eō,  
<sup>7</sup> Q annuer̄t sociis qui erant in alia na  
ui ut uenirent et adiubarent Q uener̄t  
et impleuer̄t ambas nauiculas ita ut m  
ergerentur <sup>8</sup> quod cum uiderit semion (sic hoc loco)  
petrus pcedit ad ḡnua ihū dicens (sic hoc loco) Exii á  
me dñe quia homo peccatorum <sup>9</sup> suptor (sic)  
n̄ circū dederat eum Q omnes quicum  
eo erant incaptura piscium q̄ ceprant  
<sup>10</sup> Similiū h̄ iacobū et iohannem filios  
sebedeiquierant socii simonis Q ait  
C dsimonem ihs noli timere ex h̄ n̄ homines  
capias <sup>11</sup> et supductis ad trā nauib: relictis  
omnib: securi s̄t eum. <sup>12</sup> Q factū ÷ c ēet in una  
ciuitatū Ecce vir plenus lepra uidiens  
ihm pcedens infaciem rōgauit eū diciens

† s erasum.

dñe siuis potes me mundare <sup>13</sup> Q extendi  
 ens manum tetigit illum diciens uolo mu  
 ndare Q confessim lepra dis cessit ab illo  
<sup>14</sup> et ipse p̄cipit illi ut nemini diceret s̄ ua  
 de ostendetē sacerdotii Q offer pemun  
 datione tua sicut p̄cipit moſes intesti  
 monium illis <sup>15</sup> perambulabat maſis serm  
 de illo Q cum uenabant turbae multae  
 ut audirent et curarent ab infirmitatib: su  
 is <sup>16</sup> Ipse h̄r sedebat (sic) indeserto (sic) et orabat <sup>17</sup> Q fac  
 tum ÷ inuadierum et ipse sedebat do  
 cens et eran (sic) farissei sedentes et leſis doct  
 ores quia uenerit (sic) ex omni castello Galilie  
 et iude et h̄rusalem et uirtus erat dñi ad  
 sanandos eos <sup>18</sup> Q ecce uiui portantes in  
 lecto hominē qui erat paraliticus Q q:  
 rebant eum inferre et ponere ante eum  
<sup>19</sup> Q n̄ inuenientes qua parte illum inferent  
 p̄turba ascenderit sup tectū Q pteſulas  
 submisserit eū cū lecto in medio ante ih̄m  
<sup>20</sup> quorum fidem ut uideat dx homo remittet  
 tur tibi peccata tua <sup>21</sup> Q cooperit coȝitare sc  
 ribe et farissei dicentes quis ÷ hic qui loq'  
 tur blasfemas (sic) quis pot̄ dimittit peccata  
 nisi d̄s solus <sup>22</sup> ut coȝnouit h̄r ih̄s cogitationes  
 eorum res dx ad illos quid coȝitatis in cordi

b: uestris<sup>23</sup> quid ÷ facilius dicere dimittunt  
 tibi peccata tua ā dicere surȝe et ambulā  
<sup>24</sup> ut hr sciatis q filius hominis potestatem  
 habet inītra dimiñē peccata Ȑixit para  
 litico tibi dico surȝe et tolle lectū tuū G  
 uade indomumtuā<sup>25</sup> G confestim surȝie  
 ns corā ipsis tullit in quo iacebat et abiit  
 indomū suā maȝnificans dñ et stuporad  
 p̄chendit omnes et maȝnificabant G rep  
 letist̄ timore dicentes q uidimus m̄ rabī  
 lia hodie<sup>27</sup> G post h̄ exiit et uidit puplica  
 num nomi ne leui sedentē adteloniū  
 G ait illi seq:re me<sup>28</sup> G relictis omnib:  
 surȝiens secuti s̄t (sic) eum<sup>29</sup> et fecit ei conuiuiū  
 maȝnū leui indomusuā et erat turba m  
 ulta puplicanorū et aliorū qui cū eo (sic) erant  
 discubentes<sup>30</sup> G murmurabant faris  
 sei et scribe eorum dicentes addiscipulos  
 ē qre ē puplicanis et peccatorib: mandu  
 catis et bibitis<sup>31</sup> R̄es ih̄s dx adillos ūneȝent q̄  
 sanī s̄t medico ſqui male habent<sup>32</sup> ū ueni uo  
 care iustos ſ̄ peccatores inpenitentiā<sup>33</sup> OCT  
 illi dxr̄t adeum qre discipuli iohannis ie  
 lunant frequen̄t et obsecratione (sic) facient  
 similiñ et fariseorū Tui hr cedunt (sic) et bibunt  
<sup>34</sup> quib: ipse ait N̄ūquid potestis filios spon

si dum ē illis ÷ spons: ie iunare <sup>35</sup> Ueni[ t h?] dies cum ablutus (*sic*) fuerit abeis sponsus tē  
ie iunabunt in illis dieb; <sup>36</sup> dicebant (*sic*) h̄ et sim  
litudinem ad illos quia nemo com missu  
rā auestimento mittit in uestimentū ue  
tus Clioquín Q nouum rumpit et ueſtī  
ñ conuenit commissura anouo <sup>37</sup> Q nemo  
mittit uinum nouum in uſtes ueſtes alioq  
uín rumpit uinū nouum utres et ipsū eff  
undit <sup>38</sup> Q uteres peribunt sed uinū nou  
um in uteres nouos mitendus ÷ Q utraq:  
conseruantur <sup>39</sup> Q Nemo bibiens uetus  
statim uult nouum dicit uetus meli: ÷

vi. <sup>1</sup> F Octū ÷ h̄ insabbato secundo primo cū  
transiset ih̄ psata uellebant discipuli  
e spicas ut manducabant confringentes m  
nibus <sup>2</sup> quidā autem farisseorū dice  
bant illis quid facitis q̄ n̄ licet sabbatī  
<sup>3</sup> R̄s ih̄ adeos dx Nec hoc lēsistis quid (*sic*) fe  
cit dauid cum essurisset ipse et quicūeoer  
ant <sup>4</sup> quomodo intravit indomumdī  
et panes ppositionis sumpsit et mandu  
cauit <sup>5</sup> dedit his quicūeoerant quos  
ñ h̄qebat manducare nisi t̄m sacerdo  
tib: <sup>6</sup> dicebat illis q̄ dom: (*sic*) ÷ fili: hominis  
et iā sabbati †

† First occurrence of such a short carry-down.

6 **F**CCCTUM ÷ h̄ in alio sabbato ut intraret insina  
 7ogam et doceret Q̄ erat ibi homo et manu (*sic*) ē  
 dex̄ta erat arida <sup>7</sup> O**b**serbauant h̄ fariss  
 ei et scribe si insabbato curaret ut inuenire[nt ??]  
 accussare illum <sup>8</sup> Ipse ū scebat cogitationes  
 eorum Q̄ ait homini qui habebat manū ar[1]  
 dā surge et sta inmedium et surgiens stetit  
 9 Q̄ ait ad illos ih̄s introgo uos Silicer sabba  
 tis b̄facere aī malae animā saluā face  
 re aī p̄dere <sup>10</sup> Q̄ circum spectis omnib: dx̄  
 homini extende manum tuā et extendit et re  
 stituta ÷ man: ē sicut alīa <sup>11</sup> Ipsī h̄ repleti s̄t  
 insipientia et conloq:bantr ad inuicē quid  
 nam facerent ad ih̄m <sup>12</sup> FCCCTU ÷ h̄ illis die  
 b: exiit in montem orare eterat pnoctans in  
 oratione dī <sup>13</sup> Q̄ cū dies fact: ēēt uocauit adsē  
 discipulos suos et elegit XII ex ipsis quos et apos  
 tolos nominauit <sup>14</sup> simonē q̄ cognominauit pe[r]  
 rum et ndreā (*sic*) fratrē ē iacobū et iohannem  
 p̄filum et bartholomeum <sup>15</sup> matheū et thomas  
 iacobum alfei et iohannē qui uocat̄ zelotis <sup>16</sup> iu  
 dā iacobi et iudas scarioth qui fuit pditor  
 17 Q̄ discendiens cū illis stetit in loco camfistri  
 et turba discipulor̄, ē et multitudo copiosaple  
 bis et ab omni iudia et h̄rusalem et maritima  
 et t̄fri et sidonis <sup>18</sup> q̄ uenerit ut audirent eū Q̄ sa

narent<sup>1</sup> alansorib: suis · Q qui uexabant<sup>2</sup> as  
 piritib: immundis curabant<sup>19</sup> et omnis turba  
 q:rebat(sic) eū tanzere q uirtus deillo exiebant (sic) et sa  
 nabat omnes<sup>20</sup> Q ipse eleuatís oculís indiscípulos  
 suos dicebat b eati pauperes spū qm̄ ūm ÷  
 re3nū dī<sup>21</sup> b eati qui nunc essuritis q saturabem  
 ni b eati qui nc̄ fletis q ridebitis<sup>22</sup> b eati eritis  
 cū uos oderint homines Q cum separauerint ys  
 homines et expbrauerint et ieccerint nō ūm  
 tamquam malum pp̄t malum (sic) filium hominis  
<sup>23</sup> Gaudite et exultate in illadie Ecce n merces  
 uestra multa in caelo F h n facebant (sic) p fe  
 tis patres eorum<sup>24</sup> Uerū tñ uae uobis diui  
 tib: qui habetis consultationē uestrā<sup>25</sup> Uae uo  
 bis qui saturati estis q ess(sic tantum) Uae uobis qui re  
 ditis nc̄ q flebitis et lu3ebitis<sup>26</sup> Uae uobis c̄  
 male dixerint omnes homines F h facie  
 bant profetis patres eorum<sup>27</sup> S uobis dico  
 qui auditis dile3ite inimicos uestros b enefa  
 cite his qui uos oderit<sup>28</sup> b enedicite maledicen  
 tib: uobis orate p calumnientib: uobis  
<sup>29</sup> Q quite p cusserit indextam maxillā  
 pbe ei et alfam et abeo qui aufert t̄  
 uestimentum etiā tonicam noli p ibere  
<sup>30</sup> Omni hr poenitenti té tribuae Q qui aufert  
 q: tua s̄t ne repetas<sup>31</sup> et p ut uultis ut faci

ant uobis homines bona ita et uos facite  
 illis similiſ <sup>32</sup> Q si diligatis eos qui uos dilectiſ  
 unt q̄ uobis ÷ gratia Nam et peccatores di-  
 ligent̄es (sic) sé diligunt <sup>33</sup> Q si beneficerit̄is his  
 qui uobis benefaciunt q̄ uobis ÷ gratia  
 Siquidē et peccatores h̄i faciunt <sup>34</sup> Q simi-  
 tum dederit̄is his aquib: speratiſ recipi-  
 pre q̄: gratia ÷ uobis · Nam et peccatores  
 peccatorib: fenerant ut recipia (sic) equilia (sic)  
<sup>35</sup> Uerum tñ diligite inimicos uestros Q lib  
 facite eis et motum date nihil speran-  
 tes et erit mercis uā multa Q eritis  
 filii altissimi q̄ ipse beniḡn: ÷ sup in-  
 gratios et malos <sup>36</sup> Q malos <sup>36</sup> estote misseri-  
 cordes sicut et pañ uā misericors ÷ <sup>37</sup> No  
 lite iudicare ut n̄ iudicemini Nolite o-  
 temnare ut n̄ contempnemini dimittite  
 Q dimittemini <sup>38</sup> Date et dabit̄ uobis m-  
 ensurā bonā et conuersā et coagitatā  
 Q sup effluentem dabunt insinum  
 uestrū Eadem quippe mensura q̄  
 mensi fuerit̄ remittet̄ uobis <sup>39</sup> Oi-  
 cebat h̄i illis et similitudinē Nūquid  
 pot̄ cecus caecum ducere ūne ambo

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puli ē et turba copiosa <sup>12</sup> Cum h̄ ad p̄pincaret  
 portae ciuitatis Ecce defunct us efferebat̄ fili:  
 unicus matrisuae et h̄ uidua erat et turba ci  
 uitatis multa Cum illa <sup>13</sup> q̄ cū uidiset dñs misse  
 ricordia motus ÷ sup̄ eā d̄x Nolū flere <sup>14</sup> Ḡ acesit  
 Ḡ tet̄ 3̄ loculū h̄i h̄ qui portabant steter̄t et  
 ait adolescens tibi dico sur̄ 3̄e <sup>15</sup> Ḡ resedit q̄  
 erat mortuus et coepit loqui et dedit illū  
 matrisuae <sup>16</sup> C̄ccipit h̄ omnes timor et ma 3̄ni  
 ficabant dñ dicentes q̄ profeata ma 3̄nus  
 surrexit innobis Ḡ quia d̄s uissitauit ple  
 bem suam in bono <sup>17</sup> et exiit hic sermo in uniu  
 ersam iudiā deo Ḡ omnē circa re 3̄ionē  
<sup>18</sup> Ḡ Nuntiauer̄t iohanni discipuli ē de omnib:  
 his <sup>19</sup> et conuocauit duos discipulis suis iō  
 hannis et missit ad ih̄m diciens Tu es qui  
 uenturus es C̄n̄ alium expecta mus <sup>21</sup> IN ipsa  
 h̄ hora curauit multos multos alan̄orib:  
 Ḡ plaz̄is et spir̄itib: malis et caecis multis  
 donauit uisum <sup>22</sup> Ḡ resp̄ d̄x illis euntes renun  
 tiate iohanni q̄: audistis et uidistis Ce  
 ci uident cludi ambulant leprosi mun  
 dantur surdi audiunt mortui resur  
 3̄unt pauperes euanḡelizantur <sup>23</sup> Ḡ bea  
 tus ÷ quicumq: n̄fuerit scandalizatus  
 in me <sup>24</sup> Ḡ cum discessissent nunti iohanns

coepit dicere deiohanne adturbas qui (*sic vid.*) ex[istis i]  
 desertū uidere arundinem uento moue[ri] 25 sed  
 quid existis uidere hominē mollib: uest[imen]  
 tis IN durtū Ecce qui inueste p[ro]tiosa s[an]ctū Q[uod] dilicis  
 indomib: re[lig]um s[an]ctū 26 ſquid existis uidere p[ro] fea  
 tā utiq: dico uobiſ etplusq[ue] p[ro]featā 27 hic ÷ deq[uo]  
 scriptum ÷ Ecce mitto an[gel]ū m[m] antefaci  
 em tuā qui preparauit uiamtuā antetē 28 OI  
 co h[ab]it uobiſ maior internatos mulierum p[ro]fe  
 ta iohanne babtiza n̄ ÷ qui h[ab]it minor inre[lig]o  
 no caelor[um] maior ÷ illo 29 Q[uod] omnīs pop  
 ulus audiens Q[uod] puplicani iustificaue  
 r[er]ū d[omi]ni babtizati babtismo iohannis  
<sup>30</sup> farissei autē et le[git]is periti consilium  
 dī spreuerū insemet ipso (*sic*) Non babtizati  
 abeo <sup>31</sup> Cui er[igit]o similes dicam homines  
 generationis huius Q[uod] cui similes s[an]ctū <sup>32</sup> si  
 miles s[an]ctū pueris sedentib: inforo et loq (*sic*)  
 entib: inuicē et dicentib: cantauimus uo  
 bīs tibīs et n̄ saltastis locmentauimus  
 uobiſ etnon plorastis <sup>33</sup> Uenit u[er]o iohannis  
 babtista Neq[ue]: manducans panem Neq[ue]: b[ea]tū  
 biens uimū et dicitis demonium habet <sup>34</sup> Uen  
 it fili: hominis hominis manducans et  
 bibiens et dicitis Ecce homo uorax biuiens  
 amicus puplicanor[um] et peccatorū <sup>35</sup> et iustifi  
 cata ÷ sapientia abomnib: filiis suis <sup>36</sup>

† dam ex farisseis ut manducaret cum illo  
 Quo*m*gressus domum farissei discubuit  
<sup>37</sup> et ecce mulier q:<sup>c</sup> erant (*sic*) peccatrix ut co*gn*o  
 ut qu occubuit indomufarissei ad tullit  
 alauastrum un*g*enti <sup>38</sup> Stans retro secus  
 pedes e*st* lacrimis pedes cepit ri*g*are Qu cap  
 pillis capit*is* sui i*g*eabat et osculabat<sup>r</sup> pe  
 des e*st* Qu un*g*ento un*g*eabat <sup>39</sup> Iudiens h*ab* fa  
 risseus qui uocauerat eum ait intra  
 se diciens hic si esset p*re*feata sciret utri  
 q:<sup>c</sup> d*omi*n*e* q:<sup>c</sup> et qualis mulier q:<sup>c</sup> tan*g*it e*st*  
 qu peccatrix <sup>40</sup> Qu r*es* ih*s* d*x* ad illum s*f*m  
 on*h*abeo tibi aliq*uid* dicere OCT ille ait  
 ma*g*is*t* d*ic* <sup>41</sup> duo debitores erant cui*d*a  
 feneratori unus debebat denarios qui  
 n*g*entos Qu ali*qu* <sup>qua</sup> un*g*enta <sup>42</sup> n*on* habentib*us* illis  
 unde redderent donauit utrisq*: quis er*  
 eum plus dile*g*it <sup>43</sup> R*es* simon d*x* estimo q*u* is  
 cui plus donauit OCT ille d*x*ei recte iudi  
 cas <sup>44</sup> et conuers*us* ad mulierem d*x* s*f*m*on* ui  
 des hanc mulier*e* INtraui indomum tuum  
 a*q* pedib*us* meis n*on* dedisti ha*ec* h*ab* lacrimis  
 ri*g*auit pedes meos Qu capillis suis i*ts*i*t*  
<sup>45</sup> Oscul*u*m mihi n*on* dedisti h*ab* ex*q*<sup>o</sup> intrauit non

† 36 init. Rogabat autem illum is evidently missing init. vers. There is only room for quidam.

cessauit osculari pedes meos <sup>46</sup> Oleo capud  
 mm non unxit haec autem unguento unxit  
 pedes meos <sup>47</sup> pp̄t φ dico tibi dimittunt illi p  
 eccata multa qm̄ dilexit multum Cui h̄ mi  
 nus dimittitur minus dilegit <sup>48</sup> d̄x h̄ ad illā  
 dimittunt tibi peccata <sup>49</sup> Ḡ cooperit quisimul  
 accumbebant dicere intrasē quis ÷ hicqui  
 etiā peccata dimittit <sup>50</sup> d̄x h̄ (sic<sup>vad\*</sup> hoc non h̄) ad mulierem fi  
 des tua te saluam facit uade in pace. <sup>viii. 1</sup> Ḡ f viii  
 actum ÷ deinceps et ipse iter faciebat p̄ ciuita  
 tes Ḡ castella p̄dicans et euangelizans reɔ̄  
 nū dī Ḡ exierit xii cum illo <sup>2</sup> et mulieres  
 aliq; q: erant curate aspiratib: malitn̄is  
 et infirmitatib: maria q: uocat̄ maledale  
 ne dequa demonia septem exiebant <sup>3</sup> Ḡ <sup>10</sup>  
 hanna uxor cui p̄curatoris herodis Ḡ s:  
 sunna (sic) Ḡ alia multa q: ministrabant  
 eis defa cultatib: <sup>4</sup> Cū h̄ turba multa conue  
 niret et deciuitatib: properarent adeū  
 d̄x persimilitudinem <sup>5</sup> Exiit quisemint  
 seminare semensuum et dū seminauit ali  
 ud cecidit sec: uiam et conculcatum ÷ et uol  
 ures celi comediant̄ illud <sup>6</sup> Ḡ alnud cecid  
 it sup petrā et natū aruit q̄ n̄ habebat  
 humorem <sup>7</sup> Ḡ aliud cecidit IN̄ spinas et si  
 mul exorte spine sufucauerit illud <sup>8</sup> Ḡ a

Iud cecidit IN̄TRAM bona et ortum fecit [fr]  
 uctum centuplū haec diciens clamabat [q<sup>i</sup>]  
 habet aures audiendi audi audiat (sic) <sup>9</sup> IN̄TRO<sup>3</sup> †  
 abant h̄ eum discipuli eius q: esset ha' (sic)  
 parabula <sup>10</sup> quib: ipse d̄x uobis datum  
 ÷ nosse misterium RE<sup>3</sup>NID̄I caeteris h̄ in  
 parabolis ut uidentes ut non uidant  
 et audientes non intellegant <sup>11</sup> ÷ h̄ h̄ parabu  
 la semen ÷ uerbum d̄i <sup>12</sup> qui h̄ secus uā  
 hui s̄t qui audiunt deinde uenit diabul;  
 Q<sup>u</sup>tullit uerbum decordeorū Necre  
 dentes saluī fiant <sup>13</sup> Nam qui super  
 petram cecidit hui qui c̄ audierint cum 3a<sup>o</sup>  
 dō accipiunt uerbum et iradices (sic) n̄ habe  
 nt qui adtempus credunt Q<sup>u</sup> intempore  
 tribulationis recedunt <sup>14</sup> quod h̄ inspin  
 ns cecidit hui s̄t qui audiart̄ Q<sup>u</sup> asoli  
 critudinib: et diuitis et uoluntatib: ui  
 tae euntes suffucantur et n̄ refert̄  
 fructū <sup>15</sup> quod h̄ in bonam terram  
 hui s̄t qui in corde bono et optimo audien  
 tes uerbum retenent (sic) Q<sup>u</sup> fructū adfer̄t̄  
 p patientiā <sup>16</sup> Nemo h̄ lucer nā accendie  
 ns operit eā uasso ā sublectus (sic) ponit  
 s sup candelabrum ponit ut intrantes

† Here an exceptional decorative Irish N (N).

[uid]iant lumen <sup>17</sup> Non n̄ d̄ occultum q̄ n̄ reue  
 [le]tur neabsconditum q̄ n̄ coʒnoscatur Ḡ in  
 [p]alā ueniat <sup>18</sup> Uidete eī q̄mo audit̄is qui n̄ ha  
 bet dab̄t ei et quicq: (sic) n̄ habet etiā q̄ putat se  
 † habere auferet (sic) abillo <sup>19</sup> Generū h̄ adeū ma  
 t̄ et fratres ē et n̄ poñant ireadeū p̄turba  
<sup>20</sup> adnuntiatū d̄ illi mañ tua et fratres tui stañ  
 foris uolentes te uidere <sup>21</sup> q̄ r̄ēs d̄x ad illos ma  
 t̄ tua et fratres me huī s̄t qui uerbum dī au  
 diunt et faciunt <sup>22</sup> F̄occu d̄ h̄ in una dierum et  
 ipse ascendit in nauicula (sic) et discipuli eius  
 Ḡ ait ad illos transfretamus trans staʒ  
 num et ascenderū <sup>23</sup> nauicantib: ih̄s obdormiunt  
 Ḡ descendit p̄cella uenti in staʒnū Ḡ con  
 [ple]bant et p̄chitabat <sup>24</sup> C̄ccidentes h̄ suscita  
 uerū eum dicentes p̄ceptor perim: C̄ct ille  
 surʒiens increpauit uentū et tempestatem  
 aq: et cessauit Ḡ facta d̄ trancillitas <sup>25</sup> d̄x h̄  
 illis ubi d̄ fides uestra qui timentes mira  
 ti s̄t dicentes ad muicem quis putas hic d̄ q̄ et  
 uent: impat et mari obediunt ei <sup>26</sup> Nauicauert  
 h̄ ad regionē ʒerasinorū q̄: d̄ otrajalhā  
<sup>27</sup> Ḡ cum eʒressus esset adīram occurrit  
 ei vir quidā qui habebat demonū  
 iam temporib: multis Ḡ uestimento n̄

† auferet \*, auferetur\*\*.

induaebatur Neq: manebat in [domu?] sed in monumentis <sup>28</sup> is ut uidit ih̄m pro cedit ante illū Q exclamans uoce ma<sup>3</sup>[na] [dix]it quid mihi et tibi ÷ ihu filiū dī uiui altissimi Obsecro te ne me torceas <sup>29</sup> p̄cip[ie] bat u sp̄ui in mundo Q (sic) exiret ab homin[e] multis u temporib: arripebat illum et uincebatur catenis et conpedib: cus toditus Q ruptis uinculis a<sup>3</sup>e batur a demonio in deserta <sup>30</sup> IN TRO<sup>3</sup>auit h̄ [ih̄s?] [eum?] diciens quid tibi nomen ÷ oꝝ ille d<sup>x</sup> [le<sup>31</sup>]o quia intrauerāt demonia multa [in] eum <sup>31</sup> Q ro<sup>3</sup>abant illū ne im peraret illis ut in abisum irent <sup>32</sup> erat h̄ <sup>3</sup>rex por corum multorum pascentium in mon te Q ro<sup>3</sup>abant eum ut p̄mitterent eos in illos in<sup>3</sup>redi Q p̄missit illos <sup>33</sup> exiārāt eī demonia ab homine et intra uerāt in porcos et impetu abiut <sup>3</sup>rex per p̄ceps insta<sup>3</sup>num etsuffocatus ÷ <sup>34</sup> q̄ ut uiderāt factum ÷ qui [p]ascebant fu<sup>3</sup>erāt et nun tiauerāt in ciuitatē et uillas <sup>35</sup> Exiārāt h̄ uidere q̄ factum ÷ et uenerāt ad ih̄m et in ueniārāt hominem sedentē aquo demonio (sic) exiārāt uestimento indumentum Q sa

† This sheet and the following ones are by quite a different scribe to the last.

[na mente] adpedes ə ettimuerſt<sup>36</sup> nuntiau[erſt]

[h?] illis Q qui uiderſt qmō sanus factus ÷

[a?] leʒione<sup>37</sup> Q roʒauit illum omnis multitu

do reʒionis ʒerasinorum ut discederet

abeſis quia timore maʒno tenebatur (sic)

Ipſe h ascendens nauem reuersus ÷

<sup>38</sup> Q roʒabat eum uir aquo demonia ex

erſt ut cū eo eet dimiſſit h illū ih[ſ] dici ?]

ens<sup>39</sup> redi indomum tuam et nar[ra q]

uanta tibi fecit dſ Q abuit p [uniuer]

sā ciuitatē p̄dicans quanta [illi fe]

cisſet dſ<sup>40</sup> F̄CC̄ctum ÷ h cum rediſſet

ihſ excepit illū turba Erant u om

nes expectantes eum<sup>41</sup> et ecce uenit uir

cui nō erat iarus Q ipſe princeps

ſinaʒoʒe erat et cic[idi]t a]dpedes eius

roʒans eum et (sic) in[traret??] in domum ə

<sup>42</sup> q filia unica era[t illi fer]e annorū

xii Q h moriebat [et cont]iʒit dū iret

aturba uenit ɔpri[mebat]ur<sup>43</sup> Q mu

herq:dā erat INfluxu sanʒuinis

XII annis q[uo]d medicis (*sic*) erogauerat om  
 nem substantiam suā **N**ec ab ullo  
 potuit curari <sup>44</sup> **O**ccessit retro et tet*er*  
**T**et*er* fimbriam uesti menti e et confest*er*  
 stetit fluxu (*sic*) san*guinis* e <sup>45</sup> **G**air ih̄s q's ÷  
 qui metet*er* **T**e*st*antib: h̄ omnib: d̄x pet  
 rus et quicumeo erant preceptor turbae  
 té compremunt et adfligunt et dicis quis  
 me tet*er* **T**et*er* <sup>46</sup> **G** d̄x ih̄s tet*er* **T**et*er* me a[li]quis  
**N**am et ego cognoui uirtutem deme exis  
 se. <sup>47</sup> Uidens h̄ mulier quia n̄ latuit tre  
 mens uenit et procedit ante pedes e et  
 ob q[uo]d causā tete*ter* eum indicauit  
 coram omnipopulo **G** quemadmod  
 um confestim sanata sit <sup>48</sup> **C**et ipse d̄x  
 illi filia fides tua té saluam fecit ua  
 de inpace <sup>49</sup> **O**cdhuc illo loquente Uenit  
 ad principe[m] si*n*ao*g*ae diciens ei q[uo]d  
 mortua ÷ filia tua **N**olui uexare illū  
<sup>50</sup> **I**hs h̄ auditō hoc uerbo rēs patri  
 puelle **N**olui timere crede tantū

[et?] salua erit <sup>51</sup>ꝝ cum uenisset domum n̄  
 p̄missit intrare secum quemq; nissi  
 petrum et iacobum et iohannem et pat  
 rem et matrem puelle <sup>52</sup> flebant h̄ omnes  
 ꝝ planȝebant il[lā] at ille d̄x nolite flere  
 non ÷ mortua s̄ dormiuit <sup>53</sup> et diridebaq;  
 eum scientes q; mortua esset <sup>54</sup> Ipse h̄ tene  
 ans (*sic*) manum e clamauit diciens puialla  
 surȝe <sup>55</sup> et reuers: ÷ s̄ps e ꝝ surrexit cti  
 nuo et iussit dari illi manducare <sup>56</sup> et stu  
 puerī parentes e quib: p̄cipit ne alicui  
 dicerent q; factum erat <sup>ix. 1</sup> Conuocatis h̄ xii  
 apostolis dedit illis uirtutē et potestatē  
 sup' omnia demonia ꝝ ut lanȝores cu  
 rarent <sup>2</sup>ꝝ missit illos p̄dicare reȝnū  
 dī et sanare infirmos <sup>3</sup>ꝝ ait ad illos  
 N̄ hil tolleritis inua neq; peccuniam  
 Neq; pearam Neq calciamenta Neq;  
 panem Neq: duas tonicas habeatis  
 ꝝ INquacūq; domū intraueritis  
 ibi manete et inde ne exiatis <sup>5</sup>ꝝ q;  
 cūq; n̄ recipierit (*sic*) uos exeentes deciuita  
 te illa etiam puluerem pedum ues-

TRORUM EXCUTITE INTES TIMONIŪ SUP̄ IL  
 LOS <sup>6</sup> EGRESSI H̄ CIRCUM IBANT P̄ CASTELLA  
 EUANGELIZANTES ET CURANTES UBICE <sup>7</sup> OCCL  
 DIUIT H̄ HERODIS TETRACHA OMNIA Q̄ FIEBA  
 NT ABEO <sup>Q̄</sup> HESSITABAT DEEO Q̄ DICERET <sup>8</sup> A  
 QUIB: DAM Q̄ IOHANNIS SURREXIT AMOR  
 TUÍS OCCL QUIB: DAM UERO Q̄ HELIAS APPA  
 RUIT ABALÍS H̄ Q̄ P̄ FEATA UNUS DEANTICIS  
 SURREXIT <sup>9</sup> ET AIT HERODIS IOHANNEM EGRODE  
 COLAUI QUIS H̄ ÷ ISTE DEQUO AUDIO EGROTA  
 LIA ET Q:REBAT VIDERE EUM <sup>10</sup> <sup>Q̄</sup> REUERSI  
 APOSTOLI NARRAUAR̄ ILLI Q:·CUMQ: FECER  
 R̄T <sup>Q̄</sup> ADSUMPTIS ILLIS SECESSIT SEOR  
 SUM INLOCŪ DESTUM (*sic*) Q:· ÷ BETZAIDA <sup>11</sup> Q:·  
 COGNOUİSSENT TURBA (*sic*) SAECUTAE <sup>12</sup> (*sic*) + ILLŪ ET EX  
 CEPIIT ILLOS ET LOQ: BATUR ILLIS DEREGR̄ NO D̄ ET  
 EOS QUI CURA INDIḠ BANT SANABAT <sup>12</sup> DIES  
 COOPERAT DECLINARE <sup>Q̄</sup> ACCIDENTES XII.  
 DXR̄ ILLI DIMITTE TURBAS UTEUNTES INCAS  
 TELLA UILLASQ: QCIRCA ST̄ DEUERTANT <sup>Q̄</sup>  
 INUENIANT IASCAS QUA HIC INLOCO DE  
 SERTO SUMUS <sup>13</sup> OCCT H̄ ADILLOS UOS DA  
 TE ILLIS MANDUCARE CCT ILLI DXR̄ N̄ ST̄

+ That is: *turba* | *saecutae* | *sunt* |, not *turba* | *saecuta* | *est* |.

[ñ sunt?] nobis plus quam quinq: pan  
 es et duos pis ces nissi forte nos eamus  
 et emamus in omnem hanc turbam es  
 cas <sup>14</sup> Erant hr fere viri .u. milia CCIT hr  
 addiscipulos suos facite illos discū  
 bere p' coniuia quinqua<sup>15</sup> genos et ita se  
 cert̄ et discumbere fecer̄ omnes <sup>16</sup> accep  
 tis hr .u. panib; et duob: piscib: respexit  
 incaelum Q benedixit illis et fre<sup>17</sup>git et  
 distribuit discipulis suis ut ponerent  
 ante turbas <sup>18</sup> ut (sic) manduauer̄ omnes et  
 saturati s̄t Q sublatum ÷ q sup' fuit  
 illis fra<sup>19</sup>mentorū cofini .xii. <sup>18</sup> Q factū  
 ÷ cum consummasset orans et cum  
 illos (sic) discipuli intro<sup>20</sup>gauit illos diciens  
 q me dñt ee turbae <sup>19</sup> OCT illi resr̄ et d<sup>21</sup>  
 rt iohannem bingtistā alii hr heliā CCli[1?]  
 q pfecta unus de pfectis surrexit <sup>20</sup> OX  
 hr illis Uos hr q me ee dicitis et res simón  
 petrus d<sup>21</sup> xpm d<sup>21</sup> OCT ille increpans illos  
 p̄cipit necuidicerent <sup>22</sup> diciens q oportet  
 filiū hominis multa pati et repbari  
 aseniorib; et principib: sacerdotū

ET SCRIBÍS Q̄ occidi et T̄TIA die RESURGERE  
<sup>23</sup> dicebat h̄ ad omnes Sí quis uult ueni  
 re abneGat séipsum et tollat crucem suā  
 cotidie et se quaT̄ me <sup>24</sup> qui n̄ voluerit  
 animā suā saluā facere p̄det illā Nā  
 qui p̄diderit animā suā p̄ p̄t me sal  
 uam faciet illā <sup>25</sup> quid n̄ p̄ficit hominī  
 si lucreT̄ mundum totum si (*sic*) h̄ ipsum  
 p̄det et detrimēntū faciet animā suā  
<sup>26</sup> qui me erubuerit et sermones meos h̄c  
 et fili: hominis erubescet cū ueniet in ma  
 iestate sua et patris et scorum an 3e  
 lorūm <sup>27</sup> Oico h̄ uobis uere s̄t aliqui h̄c  
 stantes qui n̄ gustabunt mortes (*sic*) † donec  
 uidiant regnum dī <sup>28</sup> Factum ÷ h̄ p̄ h̄ uer  
 ba feredies octo adsumpsit petrum et  
 iacobū et iohannem et ascendit in mon  
 tem ut oraret <sup>29</sup> Q̄ factum ÷ dum oraret  
 speies (*sic*) uultus ē al̄ta et uestitus ē alu: (*sic* = aluus, alvus, albus)  
 refulgiens <sup>30</sup> Q̄ ecce duo uiri loq:bat̄  
 cū eo erant h̄ moſses et helias <sup>n</sup> 31 uisi in  
 maiestate et dicebant excessum eius q̄  
 opleturus erat in hiſusalē <sup>32</sup> petrus

† *Mortes* is absolutely deliberate. *Mortem* is invariably written *MORTĒ* or *MORTEM*.

uero et qui cum illo erant 3rauati s̄t as  
 somno Q̄ euī3ilantes uider̄t maies  
 tatem eius et duos uiros qui stab  
 ant cum illo <sup>33</sup>Q̄ factum ÷ cum dis  
 cenderent abeo ait petrus ad ih̄m  
 petrus p̄ ceptor bonum ÷ nob̄is h̄c  
 ēe Q̄ faciamus trea tabernacula  
 unum tibi et unum mōsi et unum  
 heliae Nesciens quid diceret <sup>34</sup>h̄r  
 il lo loquente facta ÷ et obumb  
 rauit eos et timuer̄t intrantibus  
 illis in nubem <sup>35</sup>Q̄ uox facta ÷ denu  
 be diciens hic ÷ filius meus dilec  
 tus ipsum audire <sup>36</sup> et dum fieret uox  
 inuentus ÷ ih̄s solus Q̄ ipsi tacu  
 er̄t et nemini d̄xer̄t in illis dieb: q̄ q̄  
 ex his q̄: uider̄t <sup>37</sup> F̄CCCTUM ÷ h̄r inse  
 quenti die discendentib: illis dem̄n  
 te occurrit illis turba multa <sup>38</sup>Q̄  
 ecce uiR deturba exclamauit

dicens ma<sup>g</sup>ist<sup>r</sup> obsecro té respice in  
 filium m<sup>m</sup> quia unicus ÷ mihi <sup>39</sup> G ec  
 ce sp̄s adpchendit illum et subito  
 clamat eteledit et dissipat illum cū  
 spuma et uix descendit delanians eū  
<sup>40</sup> G ro<sup>g</sup>aui discipulos ut ieccerent eum  
 et n̄ potuer<sup>t</sup> <sup>41</sup> res hr ih̄s O<sup>g</sup>eneratio infi  
 delis et puerisa usq: quo ero apud  
 uos et patiar uos Qd huc (*sic*) huc filium  
 tuum <sup>42</sup> G cum accederet elissit eum de  
 monium et dissipauit <sup>43</sup> et increpauit ih̄s  
 sp̄m immundū et sanauit puerum et  
 sedit illum patrī <sup>44</sup> stupebant hr omn[es]  
 in ma<sup>g</sup>nitudine dī omnib: q: mirantib:  
 IN omnib: q: faciabat dī addiscipu  
 los suos ponite uos incordib: ues  
 TRIS sermones istos filius n̄ homi  
 nis futurum ÷ uttradetur in man:  
 hominum <sup>45</sup> OCT illi ignorabant uerbū  
 istud et erat uelatum ante eos ut n̄

SENTIRENT illud TIMEBANT INTROGARE  
eum de hoc uerbo <sup>46</sup> INTRAUIT h̄ COGITATA  
TIO MEOS quis eorum MAIORESSET <sup>47</sup> OCT  
IH̄S UIDIENS COGITATIONIS CORDIS EORUM  
OC dprechendens puerū STATUIT eum  
secus sé <sup>48</sup> Q̄ ait illis quicunque sus  
ciperit puerū istum innomine meo  
me recipit Q̄ quicunque me recipit  
n̄ me recipit sed recipit eum qui me  
missit Nā qui minor ÷ inter uos hic  
maior ÷ omnes <sup>49</sup> R̄ES h̄ iohannes p̄cep  
TOR uidimus quendā innomine tuo  
iecientem demonia et p̄ibimus eū  
q̄ n̄ sequit' nobis cum <sup>50</sup> Q̄ ait ad illū  
ih̄s Nolite p̄ibere qui n̄ n̄ ÷ aduer  
sus uos p̄uobis ÷ <sup>51</sup> FACTUM ÷ h̄ cum  
complerentur dies adsumptiones  
ē Q̄ ipse faciē suā firmauit ut  
IRET in h̄IRUSALEM <sup>52</sup> Q̄ missit nunti  
os ante conspectum suū eteuntes  
INTRAUER̄T inclinata [sic vid.] samaritanor̄.

ut pararent illi <sup>53</sup> et n̄ recipere t̄ eū q̄ faci  
 es ē erat euntes (*sic*) in h̄rusalē <sup>54</sup> Cum ui  
 dissent autem discipuli ē Iacob: et io  
 hannis d̄x̄t̄ dñe uis (*sic<sup>vid</sup>*) dicimus ut 13  
 n̄s descendat de caelo et consumat om  
 nes <sup>55a</sup> et conuers: increpauit illos <sup>56b</sup> Q ab  
 ier̄t̄ in aliud castellum <sup>57</sup> Focctum ÷ hr  
 ambulantib: illis inua dixit quid  
 am ad illum sequar tē quo cumq:  
 ieris <sup>58</sup> Q ait illi ih̄s uulpes foueas  
 habent et uolucres caeli nidos filiū (*sic*)  
 hr hominis n̄ habet ubi capud recl  
 net <sup>59</sup> Q C it hr ad al̄tum seq:re me  
 Ille mihi (*sic*) d̄x dñe remitte m̄ p̄mū ire  
 et sepelire patrem m̄m <sup>60</sup> ih̄s hr d̄x illi  
 sine ut mortui sepelliant mortu  
 os suos Tu hr uade adnuntia regnū  
 dī <sup>61</sup> Q ait al̄t̄ (*sic*) sequartē dñe s̄ primū  
 p̄mitte mihi renuntiare hiis qui in  
 domu s̄t̄ Q C adeū ih̄s nemo mittens  
 manum suam sup̄ arātrū Q Respi  
 ciens retro aptus ÷ reʒno dī x. <sup>1</sup> Post h̄

† descendit (*vid.*) designauit et alios sept  
uaʒenta duos G missit illos bi  
nos ante facie suā IN omnē ciui  
tatē et locum q° erat ipse uentur:

<sup>2</sup> G dicebat illis messis quidem m  
ultra operari h̄ pauci roʒate eʒo  
dñm messis quidē multa operari  
h̄ pauci roʒate ei ut mittat opera  
rios inmessē suā <sup>3</sup> Ite. ecce eʒo mitto  
uos sicut aʒnos interlupos <sup>4</sup> Nolite  
portare saccum N eq: pearam N eq:  
calcia menta G neiminē p̄ uiā sal  
utaueritis <sup>5a</sup> inquamcum q: domū  
intraueritis primum <sup>12</sup> dico uobis  
quia sodomis remisius erit inde  
iudiciū q illi ciuitati <sup>13</sup> Uae tibi coro  
zain Ue tibi bethsaida quassi in  
tʃro et sindone factae fuissent u  
irtutesq: in uobis factaes Olim inci  
licio et cfnere sedentes penetrerent <sup>14</sup> Ue  
rumtamen tʃro et sindoni remisi:  
erit inde iudiciū q uobis <sup>15</sup> et tu cap

† There is some conflate rendering here, but it does not seem to agree with other Old Latins.

arnaum usq: ad caelum exaltata usq: ad  
 infernum demer<sup>3</sup>tes <sup>16</sup> qui uos audit me  
 audit qui uos spn<sup>it</sup> me spn<sup>it</sup> qui h<sup>r</sup>  
 me spn<sup>it</sup> spn<sup>it</sup> eū qui me missit <sup>17</sup> Reu  
 ersis h<sup>r</sup> septua<sup>3</sup>nta duo cum <sup>3</sup>audio di  
 centes dñe etiam demonia subieciunt<sup>r</sup> no  
 bīs innominetuo <sup>18</sup> Q<sup>u</sup>a<sup>t</sup> illīs uidebā sara  
 nán sicuth ful<sup>3</sup>or daecaelo cadentē <sup>19</sup> Ecce  
 dedi uobīs potestatē calcandi sup ser  
 pentes Q<sup>u</sup> scorpiones sup omnem uirtu  
 tē inimici etnihiluos nocebīt <sup>20</sup> Uerumtn  
 in h<sup>r</sup> nolite <sup>3</sup>audire q<sup>u</sup> sp̄s uobīs subuci  
 untur <sup>3</sup>audite h<sup>r</sup> q<sup>u</sup> nomina uestra sc  
 ripta s<sup>t</sup> incaelis <sup>21</sup> IN ipsa hora exulta  
 uit ih̄s insp̄u sco Q<sup>u</sup>d<sup>x</sup> confeteor t̄  
 dñe pa<sup>r</sup> caeli et<sup>r</sup>re q<sup>u</sup> abscondist<sup>r</sup> haec  
 assapientib: et reuelasti ea paruulīs  
 Etiā pa<sup>r</sup> q<sup>u</sup> sic placuit ante te <sup>22</sup> omnia mi  
 hi traditas h<sup>r</sup> apatre meo Q<sup>u</sup>nemo mis  
 sit (sic) scit qui scit (sic) filius nissi pa<sup>r</sup> et qui  
 sit pa<sup>r</sup> nissi filius Q<sup>u</sup>cui uoluerit fili;  
 reuelare <sup>23</sup>Q<sup>u</sup> conuers: addiscipulos su  
 os d<sup>x</sup> b<sup>e</sup>ati oculi qui uident q<sup>u</sup> uidetis <sup>24</sup> Oi  
 co u uobīs q<sup>u</sup> multi p fete et re<sup>3</sup>tes uoluer<sup>r</sup>  
 uidere q<sup>u</sup> uos uidetis Oico u uobīs quod

et nū uidiaſt̄ et audire q̄: audist̄ et nū  
 audiār̄<sup>25</sup> Ecce quidā leʒis peritus de  
 scrib̄is surrexit temptans illum Q  
 diciens maʒis̄t̄ quid faciā ut uitā ēt̄  
 nanā (*sic*) possedebo<sup>26</sup> CCT ille d̄x adeum i  
 leʒe quid scriptum ÷ q̄mo leʒis<sup>27</sup> ille  
 res pondens d̄x Oileʒes d̄m d̄m tuū  
 extoto cordetuo etextota anima tua Q exō  
 nib: uirib: tuis etexomni menta (*sic*) tua Q  
 p̄ ximumtuum sicut te ipsum<sup>28</sup> Oixit illi  
 recte respondisti h̄ fāc et uiues<sup>29</sup> ille h̄ uoliens  
 iustificare seipsum d̄x ad ih̄m quis ÷ me  
 us et p̄ximus<sup>30</sup> suscipiens h̄ ih̄s d̄x homo q̄  
 dā discendebat ocbhirusalē inhericho et i  
 cīdīt inlatrones qui et iā dispoliauiar̄  
 eū et plaʒis impossit̄is abierte semiuiuo re  
 licto<sup>31</sup> occidit h̄ ut sacerdos quidā descend  
 erat eadā (*sic*) uia Q uiso illo p̄̄niuit<sup>32</sup> similiſ  
 et leuita cum es set secus locū et uiderat  
 eum p̄transiuit<sup>33</sup> Samaritanus h̄ quid  
 am iſ faciens uenit secus eum et uidiens  
 misserico rdia mota tus ÷<sup>34</sup> Q ualde ad  
 p̄pians alliʒauit uulnera eius IN fun  
 diens oleum et unum Q imponiens eū  
 iniumentū suum Q duxit adstabulum  
 suum et curiā eius eʒit<sup>35</sup> Q ad al̄a die p̄

tullit duos denarios **G** dedit stabula  
 Rio **G** ait curam illius habe et quod  
 cum q: sup ero~~Z~~<sup>A</sup>ueris ero (*sic*) cum redie  
 ro reddam tibi <sup>36</sup> quis horum trium  
 uidetur tibi p ximus fuisse illi qui i  
 cedit in latrones <sup>37</sup> OCT ille dixit qui fecit  
 misericordiam illum **G** ait illi ih̄s  
 uade et tu fac simili<sup>i</sup> <sup>38</sup> F<sup>C</sup>CC<sup>T</sup>UM ÷ hr dum  
 iret (*sic*) et ipse intravit in quoddā castellū  
**G** mulier q: dam martha nomine excepit  
 illum in domusua <sup>39</sup> **G** huic erat soror  
 nomine maria q: etiā sedens secus ped  
 es dñi audibat (*sic*) uerbum illi: <sup>40</sup> martha hr  
 fate~~Z~~abat (*sic*) circa freciens ministrium  
 q: stetit et ait dñe n ÷ tibi cura q: soror  
 mea dereliquerit me solam ministrare dic  
 er~~Z~~o illi ut me adiubet <sup>41</sup> **G** r̄es dx illi ih̄s  
**M**artha martha sollicita es **G** Turba  
 ris circa plurima <sup>42</sup> porro unum neces  
 sarium ÷ maria hr partimā optimā  
 ele~~Z~~it q: n auferet abea xi. <sup>1</sup> **G** factum ÷ c  
 eēt in loco quodam orans utcessauit  
 dx unus ex discipulis e ad eū dñe do  
 ce nos orare sicut iohannis docuit dis  
 cipulos suos <sup>2</sup> **G** ait illis cum oratis di  
 crite pañ nosñ sc̄e qui in caelis sc̄ifice

TUR nomen tuum adueniet re<sup>3</sup>nū tuū  
 fiat uoluntás tua sicut in caelo et in  
 t̄ra <sup>3</sup> panē n̄m cotidianum da nobis  
 odie <sup>4</sup> et remittte nobis debita nostra  
 Si quidem et ipsi dimittimus omni deb  
 enti nobis Q̄ nenos inducas in temptati  
 onem s̄ libera nos amalo <sup>5</sup> Q̄ ait ad illos  
 quis um̄ habet amicū Q̄ ibit ad illū me  
 dia nocte et dī (sic) illi amicae commoda mihi  
 tres panes <sup>6</sup> q̄m̄ amicus meus uenit de uia  
 ad me Q̄ n̄ habeo q̄ ponā ante illū <sup>7</sup> Q̄  
 ille deintus respondens dicat noli mihi  
 molestus ee iam hostiū clausum ÷ et pu  
 eri mei mecum st̄ incubili n̄ posū sur<sup>3</sup>e (sic)  
 et dare tibi <sup>8</sup> et ille prseuerauit pulsa  
 ns dico uobis et si nondauit illi sur<sup>3</sup>ien  
 s eo q̄ amicus eius sit pp̄ in pbitatē  
 tamen eius sur<sup>3</sup>et Q̄ dabat illi quot pa  
 nes habetis (sic) necessarios <sup>9</sup> et e<sup>3</sup>o uobis dico  
 petite et dabitur uobis q̄:rite et inueni  
 etis pulsate et aperietur <sup>11</sup> quis h̄ exuo  
 bis partem (sic) petit panē num quid p̄  
 pisce serpentem dabat illi <sup>12</sup> & si petierit  
 ouum num quid porri<sup>3</sup>et illi scorpio  
 nem <sup>13</sup> Si e<sup>3</sup> uos cum sitis mali nostis bo  
 na dare filii uestris quanto magis

pater ues̄ de caelo davit sp̄m bonū pe  
 tentibus <sup>14</sup> Q erat ieciens demonium et il  
 lud erat mutum et cum iecisset demon  
 ium locutus mutus et admiratae s̄t tur  
 bae <sup>15</sup> quidam hr ex farisseis d̄xr̄t in bel  
 sebub principe demoniorum iecit de  
 monia <sup>16</sup> Q alii temptantes siȝnum dece  
 lo q:rebant abeo <sup>17</sup> Ipse hr ut uidit co  
 gitationes eorum d̄x eis omne reȝnum  
 inse ipsum diuisum desolabitur Q  
 domus supradomū cadet <sup>18/19</sup> si hr satan  
 as iecit insemet ipsū diuisus diuis: ÷  
 q̄mo stabit reȝnum ē q̄ dicis (sic) in bel sebub  
 iecere me demonia filii ū in quo ieciunt  
 Iōeo ipsi iudicis (sic) ū er̄t <sup>20</sup> porro si indiȝito  
 dī iecio demonia pfecto pruenit inuos  
 reȝnum dī <sup>21</sup> Cum hr fortis armatū (sic) cus  
 todiat atrium suū in pace s̄t ea (sic) possidet  
<sup>22</sup> Si hr fortior illo sup ueniens uicerit  
 eum uniuersa c̄rma eius auferet IN  
 quib: confitebat Q spolia ē diripi  
 et et distribuet (sic) <sup>23</sup> qui non ÷ mecum ad  
 uersum me ÷ Q qui n̄ colliḡt mecum  
 disp̄ḡt <sup>24</sup> Cum hr immundus sp̄s exierit  
 de homine de homine p̄ambulabat p̄  
 loca in aquosa q:riens requiem Q n̄ i

[ueniens] dicit reuertar inde cum meā  
 unde exiui <sup>25</sup> Q cum uenerit inuenit sco-  
 pis mundatā <sup>26</sup> et tēc uadit et adsumit CC  
 lios sp̄s nequiores se et in gressi habitaq  
 ibi Q fiunt nouissima hominis illius  
 peio ra priorib: <sup>27</sup> F CCTum ÷ h cū h dice-  
 ret extollens uocē q:dam mulier det  
 ba d̄ illi beat: uenī quītē portauit  
 Q ubera q: suxisti <sup>28</sup> CCT ille d̄ adeum (*sic*)  
 immo beatī qui audiunt uerbum dī etcus  
 todiant <sup>29</sup> Turbis h concurrentib: Coepit  
 dicere 3 generatio h 3 generatio neq ÷ si 3 nū  
 q:rit et si 3 nū ñ dabit ei nisi si 3 nū io-  
 nae <sup>30</sup> N am sicut iohanas fuit insi 3 nū  
 inuitis Itaerit et fili: hominis 3 generatio  
 ni isti <sup>31a</sup> Re 3 in austrī sur 3 et in iudi-  
 cio cum uiris 3 generationis huius Q  
 contempnauit illos q uenit a finib:  
 t̄re CC finib: t̄re occidire sapienti-  
 am sapientiam salomonis <sup>32b</sup> Q ecce  
 pluus quam ionox hic <sup>33</sup> N emo luceR  
 Nam accendit Q in abscondito pon̄t  
 Neq: sub modio sedsupracandela  
 brū ponit ut qui in grediuntur  
 lumen uidant <sup>34</sup> lucerna corporis  
 tui ÷ oculus tuus Sí oculus tuus~

fuerit semplex totū corpus [tuum lu]  
 cīdū erit sī h̄ neq̄ fuerit etiā cor[pus]  
 tuum tenebrosū erit <sup>35</sup> Uide ēr ne lum  
 en φ int̄e ÷ tenebre sint <sup>36</sup> sī ēr totum cor  
 pus tuum lucidum fuerit n̄ habiens a  
 liq̄ partē tenebrarum lucidum erit  
 totum Ḡ sī (sic) lucerna fulgoris inlumnabit (sic)  
 té <sup>37</sup> Ḡ cum loq:ret̄ rogoauit illū quidā  
 farisseus ut pranderet apudsē Ḡ i  
 gressus recubuit <sup>38</sup> Farisse: h̄ coepit  
 intrase rep[ut]ans dicere q̄re n̄ bab  
 tizatus ess[et an]te prandium <sup>39</sup> Ḡ ait  
 ad illum n[unc uo]s farissei prius φ  
 foris ÷ calici[s et c]atini mundatis φ h̄  
 intus ÷ um plenum ÷ rapina et iniq<sup>1</sup>  
 tate <sup>40</sup> stulti et iniq[uit]ate (sic) nonne qui fe  
 cit φ deforis ÷ et iam id quod intus ÷ fecit  
<sup>41</sup> Uerum tñ φ sup ÷ date elimosinam  
 et ecce omnia munda s̄t uobis <sup>42</sup> Sed  
 Uae uobis farissei qui decimat̄ men  
 tam et rutā Ḡ omne holus et p̄fritis iudici  
 um Ḡ caritatem dī h̄ n̄ oportuit erat (sic) fa  
 [cere] et illa n̄omittere <sup>43</sup> Uae uobis faris  
 [sei vid.] qui dilectis primas cathedras insi  
 na ḡos et salutationes inforo <sup>44</sup> Uae uo  
 bis scribe et farissei qui ut monumen  
ta

[enta] q: n̄ apparent et homines ambu  
 [lantes] supra ignorant<sup>45</sup> r̄s hr̄ quidā ex  
 lēis peritis ait ei magis̄ h̄ dicens etiā no  
 bis contumiliā facis<sup>46</sup> OCT ille d̄x et uobis  
 lēis peritis Uae qui honeratis homines  
 honerib: q: portari n̄ possunt Q ipsi  
 uno d̄ḡito uo n̄tangit̄is sarcinas ipsas

<sup>47</sup> Uae uobis qui ædificatis monumenta  
 p̄fetarū patres hr̄ .ui. occider̄ illos<sup>48</sup> ergo  
 testimonium p̄betis q̄ consentit̄is opib:  
 patrū uestrorū q̄ ipsi quidem occider̄  
 eos uos hr̄ aedificatis [eo]rū sepulchra

<sup>49</sup> Ideo et sapientia dī dī[xit] mittā ad illos  
 p̄featas et apostolos et exibis (*sic*) occiden̄  
 et p̄sequuntur<sup>50</sup> ut inquiratur ssanguis  
 omnium p̄fetarū qui effus ÷ aconstitu  
 tione mundi āgeneratione ista<sup>51</sup> asan̄  
 uine abiel iusti usq: ad sanguinē sacha  
 riae quem in̄ fecer̄ in̄faltare et temp  
 lum ita dico uobis requiret̄ ex hac gen  
 ratione<sup>52</sup> Uae uobis lēis peritis qui ab  
 sconditis (*sic*) clauem scientiae et ipsi n̄ in  
 tro istis et eos qui intrabunt p̄hibu  
 istis<sup>53</sup> Cum h̄ adeos diceret coram om  
 ni populo caper̄ † farissei et lēis p̄iti  
 molesti † insistire Q̄ os e ob̄pmere<sup>54</sup> insi

† vel cooper̄ sec. manu.

‡ moleste r, and r<sub>2</sub> looks as if i had been changed to e.

in corde suo diciens morat<sup>3</sup> dñs [meus ue]  
 nire ad me Q cooperit percuſe pue[ros]  
 et ancillas et edere et bibere et inebriari  
 46 ueniet dñs seruū illius inde qua n̄ spe  
 rat et hora qua ignorat Q diuidet eum  
 partemq: ē ponit cum infidelib: 47 ille h ser  
 uus qui scit uoluntatem dñi sui et n̄ ppa  
 rauit aduo[l]untatem ē uabulauit multis  
 48 qui h nesci (*sic<sup>rid.</sup>*) er n̄ fecit diſna plaſis uabula  
 bit paucis Omni & cui multū darū ÷ m[ul]  
 tū exq:rit<sup>3</sup> abeo Q cui commendauerūt multū  
 plus petent abeo 49 I3nem ueni miſe inſrā Q  
 quid uolo ſic accendarūt<sup>50</sup> babbis ma h habeo  
 babbizari Q quo (*sic*) anxior usq: dū o sum  
 met<sup>51</sup> putatis q pacem ueni miſe inſra [*vel ā*] n̄  
 dico uobis ſ diuisionē<sup>52</sup> ERT & ex h. u. indo  
 mu una diuissit (*sic*) TRES in duos et duo in TR  
 es<sup>53</sup> diuidentur paſt infiliū et filius]  
 in patrem suum maſt infiliam et filia  
 in matrem SOCR: innurumsuā et nur  
 us in SOCRūsuā Q inimici hominis erūt do  
 mistici ē<sup>54</sup> Dicebat h adturbas cum uideri  
 tis nubem ab horientem et aboccassu sta  
 tī dicitis Nimb: uenit et ita fit<sup>55</sup> Q cū aus  
 trum flantē dicitis q aestus erit et [ita?]  
 fit<sup>56</sup> h fpochrīte faciem caeli et ſtre nostis

xii. 45

[dī]scernere h̄ tempus n̄ probat̄s <sup>57</sup> q̄rē  
 [h̄] etauob̄s ips̄s n̄deiudicatis q̄ iustū <sup>58</sup> cū  
 h̄ uadis cum aduersario tuo adp'ncipē  
 inuiā dā operam liberari abillo nefor  
 te p̄ducat tē ap̄ iudicē **G** iudex tradat  
 te exactori **G** exactor mittat te incar  
 cerem <sup>59</sup> dico tibi n̄exies inde donecetiā no  
 uissimum quadrantem soluas **xiii.**<sup>1</sup> **Uene**  
 r̄t h̄ quidā in ipso tempore nuntiantes  
 illi de **g**ahleis quorū san**g**uinē p̄flatus  
 com miscurit cum sacrificis eorū <sup>2</sup>**G** r̄s  
 d̄x eis putatis q̄ isti **g**alilei p̄ omnib: **g**ali  
 leis fuerū peccatores qui talia passist̄  
<sup>3</sup> n̄ dico uob̄s s̄ nisi penetentiā e**g**eritis  
 similiū p̄bitis <sup>4</sup> sicut illi x et octo sup̄ q̄s  
 cicidit turris insiloia **G** occidit eos pu  
 tatis q̄ et ipsi peccatores fuerū p̄ omnib:  
 homi nib: inh̄rusalē <sup>5</sup> n̄ dico uob̄s s̄si  
 n̄ penetentiā a**g**eritis Omnes similiū p̄i  
 bitis <sup>6</sup> Oicebat autem hanc similitudinē  
 arborem fici habebat quidā plantatā  
 in uinasua **G** uenit q̄:riens fructū in  
 ea et n̄ inuenit <sup>7</sup> Ox autem adcultorē ui  
 niae Ecce anni tres s̄t exquo uenio q:  
 riens fructū inficulnia hāc et n̄ inuenio  
 succidite (*sic*) eī illam ut q̄d etiā trā occupat̄

<sup>8</sup> OCT ille rēs dñe relinq: illā et h̄ anno us  
q: dum fodeā circaeā et mittam coffi  
num STERCORIS <sup>9</sup> Ḡ sí quide<sup>r</sup> fructū fe  
cerit sín hr succides eum in futurū <sup>10</sup> ER  
at hr dociens insina<sup>11</sup> Ḡ a eorum sabbat  
is <sup>11</sup> Ḡ ecce mulier q:dam habebat spm̄  
infirmitatis annis .x. et uin Ḡ erat incli  
nata nec omnino poñat susū respicere  
<sup>12</sup> quam cum uidisset ih̄s uocauit eā et ait  
illi ad se mulier liberata es ab infirmi  
tate tua <sup>13</sup> et inposuit manus illi [et] ofes  
tim erecta ÷ et magnificabat dñm (vid.) <sup>14</sup> rēs hr  
archi sina<sup>15</sup> Ḡ indig<sup>16</sup> nans q: sabbatis (?) cu  
rasset ih̄s dx turbae sexdies st̄ in q'b: licet  
operari in his er<sup>17</sup> Ḡ Uenite et curamini et  
n̄ die sabbati <sup>15</sup> rēs adeos dñs dx h̄f pochri  
te unus quisq: .um. sabbato n̄ soluet bo  
ue suū á assinū ap̄sepio ut adaquet <sup>16</sup> h̄c  
hr filiā abr[ach]e q: allig<sup>18</sup> auit satanas annis  
x. et octo n̄ oportuit solui auinculo isto  
disapati (sic) <sup>17</sup> Ḡ cum h̄ dicerent (sic) erubesceta  
nt oms aduersarii e et omnis popul: gau  
deabat inuirtutib: quas uiderant fieri  
ab ipso <sup>18</sup> dicebat hr cui simile ÷ re<sup>19</sup> Ḡ num dī  
Ḡ cui simile esse existimabo illud <sup>19</sup> Simi  
le ÷ grano sinapis q: accipit homo misit

[in hortum] suū **G** creuit et factū ÷ in ar  
 [borē] maʒnam et uolatilia caeli habitaue  
 rī in ramis ə<sup>20</sup> **G** iſum d̄x cui simile existi  
 mab reʒnum dī<sup>21</sup> Simile ÷ fermentū q ac  
 ceptum mulier abscondit in farina (*sic*)  
 satis trīb: donec fermentaret totū<sup>22</sup> **G**  
 habuit ih̄s p̄ciuitates et castella dociens  
 et iſ faciens in hirusalē<sup>23</sup> CCIT hr illi quidā  
 dñe si paucis̄ qui salui fiant Ipse hr d̄x  
 ad illos<sup>24</sup> Contendite intrare pranʒustā (*sic<sup>rid</sup>*)  
 hostiuū q dico uobis multi q:rī intrare et  
 n̄ potuerit<sup>25</sup> Cum hr intrauerit pañ familias  
**G** clusserit hostiū incipietis foris sta  
 re et pulsare hostiū dñe apñ nobis **G**  
 r̄es dicet uobis nescio uos unde estis<sup>27</sup> disce  
 dite ame oms qui opamini iniquitatē  
<sup>28</sup> Ubi (*sic*) erit flet: et stridor dentium Cū ui  
 deritis abrchā (*sic*) et issac et iacob et oms p  
 featas dī in reʒno dī llos hr expelli foras  
<sup>29</sup> **G** uenient ab ori[e]nte et occidente **G** ab  
 aquilone et austro **G** discubent in reʒ  
 no dī<sup>30</sup> et ecce s̄t nouissimi qui erit p̄imi (*sic*) et  
 st p̄imi q'erit nouissimi<sup>31</sup> IN ipsa hr die ac  
 ceserit adeum quidā ex farisseis dicente[s]  
 illi exii **G** uade hinc q herodeste uult oc  
 cidere<sup>32</sup> et ait illis ite et dicite ulpi (*sic*) illi ecce

iccio demonia et sanitates pf[icio hodie]  
 et cras et tertiadie consūmor<sup>33</sup> Uerū tñ opor  
 tet me hodie et crás et sequentī die abu  
 lare q ñ capiet pfeatam pire extra hi  
 rusalem<sup>34</sup> hirusalē q: occidas pfeatas  
 Q lapidas eos q'adre missist quotiens  
 uolui congre~~z~~are filostuos sicut galli  
 na pullos sub alas suas et noluisti<sup>35</sup> Q  
 ecce relincep' uobis domus uestra deserta  
 Tico hr uobis q ñme uidebitis donec ueni  
 et cū dicetis bdict: q' uenit innoē dñi xiv.<sup>1</sup> Q fac  
 tum ÷ cum intrasset indomum cuiusdā  
 principis farisseor̄, sabbato manducare  
 panem Q ipsi obseruabant eū<sup>2</sup> Q ecce ho  
 mo quidam h̄dropicus erat ante illū<sup>3</sup> et d̄x  
 adleḡis peritos et farisseos diciens siluet  
 et insabbato curare ān<sup>4</sup> OCT illi tacuerū ipse  
 hr adp̄chensum hominem sanauit eū et dī  
 missit<sup>5</sup> Q ait (sic) ad illos d̄x cuius um̄ assin:  
 ābos in putheū cadet et ñ c̄tinuo extrachet  
 illum die sabbati<sup>6</sup> et ñ potuerū adh̄ resp  
 ondere illi<sup>7</sup> diciabat hr et adinuitatos  
 parabolā intendens (sic) q̄ admodum primis  
 discubitos elegerent diciens adeos<sup>8</sup> cui (sic<sup>vid.</sup>) in  
 uitatus parabolā intendien (sic) fueris ad  
 Nuptias ñ discumbas in pimo loco Ne fo

[R]TE h]onoratior te sit uocatus abeo <sup>9</sup> Q  
 [ue]niens quite et illum uocauit dicat t̄  
 [bi] dā huic locū Q tunc incipies cū rubo  
 re nouissimū locum tenerē <sup>10</sup> ſ cū uocat  
 us fuerit uade et recumbae in loco no  
 uissimo ut cū uenerit qui te inuitauit  
 Dicat tibi amice ascende superius T̄c  
 erit tibi gloria corā simul discubentib:  
<sup>11</sup> quia simul omnis qui sé exaltat humili  
 habitr̄ et qui se humiliat exaltabit̄ <sup>12</sup> Oice  
 bat h̄ et ei qui sé inuitauerat cum facis  
 prandiū ā ceanā nolū uocare amicos  
 tuos Neq: fratres tuos Neq: uicinos neq:  
 co3nitos Neq: diuites Ne forte et ipsi re  
 inuitent té et fiet tibi retrIBUTIO tua <sup>13</sup> ſ  
 cum facis nuiuum (*sic*) uocaa paupes et  
 debiles cludos caecos <sup>14</sup> Q beatus eris  
 \* ñ habent retrIBUERE tibi retrIBU  
 et n̄ tibi in RESURRECTIONE iustorum <sup>15</sup> h̄  
 cum audisset quidā simul discubē[n]  
 tib: beatus q̄ manduauit panē in re3  
 no dī <sup>16</sup> et ipse dx̄ Q homo quidā fecit ce  
 nam ma3nā et uocauit multos <sup>17</sup> Q mis  
 ssit (*sic*) seruū suū hora cene dicere in  
 uitatis ut uenirent q̄ iam parata s̄t  
 omnia <sup>18</sup> Q cooper̄ omnes simul exc

cauit domui au[

xv. 25

26 et uocauit unum [

Nam esset <sup>n</sup> 27 q: dx ei frāt̄ [

dit pañ tuus uitulum s[

illum recipit <sup>28</sup> INd̄iñnatus ÷ [

ire pañ u illius eñgressus [

re <sup>29</sup> OCT ille respondens [

tot annis seruio tibi Q num[

tuum tuū pñiri et n̄ dedisti mihi[

amicis meis epularer <sup>30</sup> s̄ pº q̄ fili:[

uenit qui deuorauit substanti[

meritricib: uenit occidisti ill[

31 OCT ipse dx ei filii tu mecum f[

et es et omnia meatua st <sup>32</sup> E[

te oportet et gaudire qm̄ frate[

mortuus erat et reuixit perier [

tus ÷ xvi. <sup>1</sup> Oicebat h̄ addiscipu[

xvi

mo quidam erat diues qui ha[

ensatorem et hic defamatus ÷ [

si dissipasset bona illius <sup>2</sup> et u [

ait illi quid hoc audio dete [

nem dispensationenis (*sic*) tuae [is dispensare <sup>3</sup> OCT h̄ uillic [

quid faciam q̄ dñs meus auf[

pensationem meam foderi n̄ ualeo[

erubesco <sup>4</sup> scio quid faciā ut cū amo[

- ] t me in domus su  
 ]bitorib: dicebat  
 (5)      ] dño meo <sup>6</sup> OCT ille dx .c. ba  
         ]cipe liñas tuas et sediens  
         ]ua<sup>7</sup>enta deinde alio dñx tú  
         ] debes qui ait .c. choros TRITI  
         ]liñas tuas et scribe <sup>8</sup>Q lau  
         ] dispensatorē iniquitatis q  
         ]ecisset DIXIT h addiscipulos suos  
         ] qui (vult qm?) filii huius saeculi PRUDENTIO  
         ]cis IN hac 3eneratione st <sup>9</sup>Q e3o di  
         ]cire uobis amicos demammone  
         ]ut cum defeceritis recipiant uos  
         ]nacula <sup>10</sup> qui fidelis ÷ in minimo  
         ]ri fidelis ÷ Q qui in modico inicus ÷  
         ]inicus ÷ <sup>11</sup> si er<sup>3</sup>o iniquo mamone  
         ]istis q um † ÷ quis uobis crederet <sup>12</sup> et si  
         ]delis (*sic*) n̄ fuistis q um ÷ quid (*sic*) dabat  
 (13)      ]seru: pot÷ duob: dominis serui  
         ]hodiet et altum dile<sup>3</sup>et aut unū (*sic*)  
         ]tū ctempnet N on potestis dño (*sic*) ser  
         ]mone <sup>14</sup> CCudiebant h h omnia fa  
         ]ant amatores peccuniae et diridi  
         ]m <sup>15</sup>Q ait illis uos estis qui iustifica  
         ]corā hominib: OS h scit corda ua q  
         ]inib: altū ÷ ab hominatio ÷ corā dō

<sup>†</sup> um is usually the abbreviation for *vestrum* and probably so here. Not *verum*. (Abbott is silent.) And observe um in the next verse for *vestrum*.

xvii. 7/8

Numquid dicitur ei statim transi dis[cube8 et non dicitur?]  
 ei paraa mihi quod caenem et procineze te [et minis]  
 tra mihi donec manducem et biba9 Qui [post hoc vel Qui pro haec]  
 tu manducabis et bibes9 Nonquid Zer[atia habet s?]  
 ueruo (*vid.*) illi quod fecit quod sibi non putto10 Sic et uos cum  
 feceritis omnia quod preceptast9 dicite serui [inu]  
 tiles sumus quod debuim: facere fecim: <sup>11</sup>Qui [fac]  
 tu ÷ dum haburet in hierusalē et ipse trans[ibat]  
 pro media samaria et Zaliha et hericho <sup>12</sup>Qui cum  
 intravit in quoda castellū Occurreret ei deci (*vid.*)  
 uiri leprosi qui steterunt alongze <sup>13</sup> et lauauerunt  
 uoce sua dicentes ihs magist misserere non

<sup>14</sup> quos uidens dicitur exite ostendite uos sacerdotib:  
 Qui factum ÷ dicitur irent (*sic*) in hierusalē Qui ipse tran  
 sibat mundati st <sup>15</sup> Un: hoc ex illis ut uidit quod m[un]  
 datus ÷ regress: ÷ cum magna uoce magnifica  
 ns domins <sup>16</sup>Qui pcedit infaciem ante pedes ipsius  
 Zratias agiens ei Qui hic erat samaritan: <sup>17</sup> res  
 hoc ihs dicitur nonne xristus mundati st dicitur et noem ubi st  
<sup>18</sup> Qui ÷ inuentus ex illis quod et daret gloria domins ni  
 si hic alienigena <sup>19</sup>Qui ait illi surge et uade quod  
 fides tua te saluum fecit <sup>20</sup> INte ROgatus hoc a ph (*sic contra morem f*)  
 arisseus (*sic*) quod ueniret regnū dicitur res eis et dicitur xistus ÷  
 uenit regnum dicitur cum obseruatione <sup>21</sup> dicent ec  
 ce huic a ecce illic Ecce u et intrauos ÷ regnū dicitur  
<sup>22</sup> Dixit hoc addiscipulos suos uenient dies

[q̄no] desideretis unu diem filii hominis et  
 [ñ] uidebitis <sup>23</sup> et dicent uobis ecce hic ecce il  
 hic **N**olite ire neq; sequemini <sup>24</sup> **N**ā sicut  
 Fulgor coruscans desub caelo in ea q;: sub  
 caelo st̄ fulget ita erit filius hominis <sup>25</sup> p<sup>i</sup>  
 mum h̄ oportet multa pati et repbari  
 a generatione hac <sup>26</sup> **G** sicut factū ÷ in die  
 b: noe ita erit filii hominis <sup>27</sup> edebant et bi  
 beabant uxores ducebant et dabant (*sic*) ad  
 nuptias usqu: (*sic*) in diem in quo intrauit  
 noe in arcā **G** uenit diluvium et perdidit  
 omnes <sup>28</sup> sicut factum ÷ similitudine in dieb:  
 loth edebant et bibebant emebant et  
 uendeabant et plantabant et edifica  
 bant <sup>29</sup> quadie h̄ exut loth asodomis **G**  
 pluit (*sic*) in genere **G** sulfor desuper de caelo  
**G** omnes perdidit <sup>30</sup> **F** h̄ erit dies filii ho  
 minis quib: reuelauit <sup>31</sup> in illa hora  
 qui fuerit in techo **G** uassa e in domo  
 non discendar tollere illa **G** qui fuerit  
 in a<sup>32</sup>ro similitudine rediat redreto <sup>32</sup> memo  
 res estote uxoris loth <sup>33</sup> qui cumq; h̄  
 quessierit animā suā saluare p̄det  
 eam **G** qui perdidit illā p̄p̄t me uiui  
 ficauit eā <sup>34</sup> dico uobis in illa nocte **E**rit  
 duo in techo uno unus adsumetur

Q[uo]d al[ia]t[er] relinquetur<sup>35</sup> duea er[unt] molent[es in u]num una adsūmet et al[ia]t[er] (*sic*) relinquetur duea ī (*vid.*)  
 a[nd]ro unus adsummet et aliis Relinq:[r?]

<sup>36</sup> residentes dxerūt ubi dñō (*sic*)<sup>37</sup> qui dixit eis Ubi  
 cumq[ue] fuerit corpus illuc congregabunt<sup>3</sup>  
 aquile **xviii.**<sup>1</sup> Dicebat h[oc] et parabolā ad illos q[uod] op  
 ortet sem p[ro] orare et nō deficere<sup>2</sup> diciens iu  
 dex quidam erat inquadā ciuitatē (*sic*) qui dñm  
 nō timiabat ethominem nō reuerebat<sup>3</sup> (*sic*)<sup>3</sup> Uidba  
 † h[oc] q[uod] dīcēt erat i[n]ciu[i]tate illac et ue[n]ebosijt (*sic*) addeū. Dice[n]s u[er]o  
 † cōmē de aduersorjō m[er]ito<sup>4</sup> Q[uo]d ille nō leuast p[ro]mulgū tēp[er]: post  
 † h[oc] dīcēt i[n]trōcēse Q[uo]d sī dñm N[ost]rū m[er]ito Q[uo]d h[oc] m[er]ito nō reuerjor<sup>5</sup> tāc  
 † m[er]it q[uod] nō molestā dīcēt m[er]it h[oc] u[er]o u[er]o m[er]itōbo illac nō he[n]tū  
 † mo ue[n]ebosijt suzillēt m[er]it<sup>6</sup> Q[uo]d h[oc] dīcēt cōdīcte quid iudex  
 † i[n]ciu[i]tate<sup>7</sup> (*sic*) dīcēt<sup>7</sup> dīcēt nō faciast u[er]o dīcēt electoru[m] suorū suorū  
 † clamantūm ad se dīcēt cōnocte Q[uo]d patientiā habe  
 bit in illis<sup>8</sup> dico uobis q[uod] cito faciet uindictā<sup>9</sup> (*sic*) illo  
 rū uerum tamen filius hominis putans (*sic*) ī  
 ueniet fidē inītra<sup>9</sup> Dicebit h[oc] adquosdā qui  
 inse confitebant tam quam iusti et sperne  
 bant Caetoros (*sic*) dīcēt similitudinē hanc<sup>10</sup> Quo  
 homines ascendia[n]t in templum ut horare[n]  
 unus farisseus Q[uo]d al[ia]t[er] puplicanus<sup>11</sup> fariseus  
 Stans h[oc] orauit apud sē diciens dīcēt dicie  
 ens 3ratias a[nd]rotib[us] q[uod] nō sum sicut coēti homi  
 nes (*sic*) raptore[s] iniusti adul[ia]t uelud etiā hic

† Probably by another hand. Difficult to say whether to stop at *suorum* or *aenocite*, for the larger hand or pen gradually increases in size from *clamantium* onwards.

puplicanus<sup>12</sup> ieiuno bis insabbato decimas de  
 cimata deomnib: q: possedio<sup>13</sup> et puplicanus  
 alonȝe stans nolebat Nec oculos adcae  
 lum leuare ſpcutiebat pectus suum d̄s  
 p p̄tium (*sic*) esto mihi peccatori<sup>14</sup> itaq: dico uo  
 b̄is d̄ſcendit iusti ficatus hic pup  
 pl̄ canus indomum suam abillo q  
 omnis quiſé exaltaſ humiliabit̄ Q qui  
 ſe humiliat exaltabit̄<sup>15</sup> Qdſerebant h̄  
 ad eum infantes ut eos tanḡeret quos c̄  
 uiderint discipuli p̄ibebant eos<sup>16</sup> ih̄ ſe  
 uocauit eos d̄x ſinīte pueros uenire ad  
 me Q nolite eos p̄ibere talium ÷ u reȝn  
 um d̄i<sup>17</sup> Qmen dico uobis quicūq: n̄reci  
 perit reȝnum d̄i n̄intrauit in illud<sup>18</sup> Q  
 inī roȝauit eum quidam princeps dicie  
 ns maȝis̄t̄ bonae quid faciens uitam  
 aeñnam possediabo<sup>19</sup> Q̄it ſe illi ih̄ quid  
 medicis bonum Nemo ÷ bonus niſſi  
 unus d̄s<sup>20</sup> Q̄it illi ih̄ mandata nosti n̄  
 occides n̄mechaberis n̄furtum facies n̄  
 falſum testimonium d̄cis honora pa  
 trem tuum et matrem tuā<sup>21</sup> q: ait ſe omnia  
 custodiui aiuentute mea<sup>22</sup> quo audito ih̄  
 Q̄it illi adhucunum tibide ÷ Omnia q:  
 cumq: habes uende et dā pauperib: et h

bebis thessaurum in caelo et uenu seq:re me

<sup>23</sup> Ihs ille auditis contristatus ÷ q̄ dues er[at]

ualde <sup>24</sup> Uidiens h̄ ih̄ illum tristem factū

d̄x q̄ deficile qui peccunias habent in re<sup>3</sup>nū

dī introire <sup>25</sup> F<sup>CC</sup>cilius ÷ n̄ camellū p̄ fora

mem (*sic*) acus transire q̄ diuitiem in re<sup>3</sup>nū dī

<sup>26</sup> Q<sub>o</sub>d̄xer̄t qui audier̄t et quis pōit salu:

fierit (*sic*) <sup>27</sup> ait eis ih̄ quae impossibilia s̄t ap [ho]

m̄ines possiulia s̄t ap̄ d̄m <sup>28</sup> relictis retib:

nostr̄is secutis sumus tē quid er<sup>3</sup>o erit nob̄is

<sup>29</sup> quib: ipse h̄ ait CCmen dico uob̄is Nemo ÷ q̄

quit (*sic*) domum ā parentes ā fratres ā uxore

ā filios p̄ p̄t re<sup>3</sup>nū dī <sup>30</sup> et n̄ recipiat septies tm̄

in hoc tempore in saeculo h̄ futuro uitā aētnā

possedebit <sup>31</sup> CCd̄sumpsit h̄ ih̄ xii discipul

os et ait ill̄is ecce ascendim: h̄ iherusalem Q<sub>o</sub>

consummabunt̄ omnia q̄: scriptas̄ p̄ p̄

feat̄as defilio hominis <sup>32</sup> tradet̄ n̄ gentib: et

deludet̄ et insup̄ flagillabit̄ et conspuet̄ <sup>33</sup> Q<sub>o</sub>

p̄o q̄ flagillauer̄t et occident eum et inde f̄tia

resur<sup>34</sup>set Q<sub>o</sub> ipsi hō, uerbō, n̄ intellexer̄t et er

at uerbum absconsū abeis Q<sub>o</sub> n̄ intelle<sup>3</sup>eba

nt q̄: dicebant̄ <sup>35</sup> F<sup>CC</sup>ctū ÷ h̄ cū ad p̄ inquaret

hericho caucus quidā sedebat secus uiā mendi

cans <sup>36</sup> Q<sub>o</sub> cum audiret turbā p̄fēunte in<sup>3</sup>tro<sup>3</sup>a

uit quid h̄oc esset <sup>37</sup> dxer̄t illi q̄ ihs naza

[Renus] TRANSIRET <sup>38</sup> Q illexclamauit (*sic*) diciens ihū  
 filiū dauid misserere mei <sup>39</sup> et qui p̄ibant INCR  
 epabant ei uttaceret Ipse u clamat filiū dā  
 misserere mei <sup>40</sup> STANS ih̄s iussit illū adduci  
 adse Q cum adp pincasset INTRO<sup>Z</sup>auit illū  
<sup>41</sup> diciens quid uis tibi faciā OCT ille d̄x dñe ut  
 uidiam <sup>42</sup> Q R̄es ih̄s d̄x illi respice fideſtuate.  
 saluū fecit <sup>43</sup> et ofestī uidit et seq:bat eum ma<sup>Z</sup>nī  
 ficans Q omnis plebis (*sic*) uidens deditlaudē  
 dō xix. <sup>1</sup> Q in<sup>Z</sup>ress: p̄ambulabat hericho <sup>2</sup> Q ecce  
 uir qui uocat̄ nōe Sacheus et hic erat princi †  
 pes puplicanorū et ipse diues erat <sup>3</sup> et q:rebat  
 uidere ih̄m quis eēt et n̄ poñat p̄ turba q statu  
 ra pussillus erat <sup>4</sup> Q p̄currens ascendit in  
 arborem fici ut uidereret illū q inde erat tran  
 situr: <sup>5</sup> Cū uenisset ad locū sus cipiens ih̄s ui  
 dit illū et d̄x adeum Zacheus festinans discende  
 q odie indomutua oportet me ma<sup>N</sup>ere <sup>6</sup> Q fes  
 tinans discendit coepit illū <sup>Z</sup>audiens <sup>7</sup> et cum  
 uiderent omnes murmurabant dicentes q adho  
 minem peccatorē diuertiset <sup>8</sup> STANS hr sacheus d̄x  
 addnm Ecce demediū bonoꝝ, meoꝝ, dñe doo pau  
 perib: Q si quid aliquē defraudauit reddā quad  
 ruplum <sup>9</sup> ait hr adillū ih̄s qhodie sal: domui huic  
 facta ÷ Eo q ipse sit abrache fili: <sup>10</sup> Uenit u fi  
 li: hominis q:rere et sal uū facere q pierat

xix

† Here is the second case of a hybrid S and Z.

uenit in nomine dñi pax in caelo et gloria [in] xix. 38  
 excelsis <sup>39</sup> et quidā et quidam farisseorum de  
 turbis dxr̄t ad illū magis̄t̄ increpa illos dis  
 cipulos tuos <sup>40</sup> quib: ipse ait dico uobis si isti  
 tacuerint lapides clamabunt <sup>41</sup> Q cū ad pp  
 incauit uidiens ciuitatem flebit sup eam  
 diciens <sup>42</sup> q si coȝnouisses tú et quidē in die hāc  
 tua q: ad pacem tibi Nunc hr abscondita  
 s̄t ab oculis tuis <sup>43</sup> q uenient dies sup te Q  
 circum dabunt te Undiq: mimici tui ual  
 lo et quo angustiabunt te undiq: <sup>44</sup> et ad trā  
 p s̄t̄nent té Q filios tuos qui int̄ s̄t̄ et n̄  
 relinquint int̄ eo l̄ccidem q̄ rep bauer̄t̄ sup  
 lapidem int̄ uenient h̄ uniuersa eo q̄ n̄ coȝ  
 noueris tempus uissitationis tuae <sup>45</sup> Q in  
 gressus in templum coepit iecire uend  
 entes in illo et ementes et mensas numulari  
 orum effundit Q cathedras uenden  
 trium columbas euertit <sup>46</sup> diciens illis sc  
 riptum ÷ quia domus mea domus or  
 ationis uocabitur Uos hr fecistis illā  
 speloncam latronū <sup>47</sup> et erat cotidie doci  
 ens in templo principes hr sacerdotū et s  
 ccribe et principes plebis q:rebant illum  
 pdere <sup>48</sup> Q n̄ inueniebant quid faciēnt illi  
 Omnis u populus suspensus erat audi

ens illum **xx.**<sup>1</sup> factum ÷ in uno dierū doc  
 ente illo populū intemps et euangēlizare (*sic*)  
 Conuerterū (*sic*) principes sacerdotū et scri  
 be populi cum seniorib: <sup>2</sup> et aiunt dicent  
 [es] ad illum Tōc nobis inquapotestate  
 h̄ facis aut quis ÷ quidedit tibi hanc pot  
 estatē <sup>3</sup> rēs h̄ d̄x ad illos int̄rogo uo (*sic<sup>vñd</sup>*) **e30**  
 unum uerbum rēspondite (*sic*) m̄ <sup>4</sup> baptismum  
 iohannis decaelo erat an ex homini (*sic*) <sup>5</sup> **OC**T illi  
 co3itabant intra se dicentes q̄ d̄xerimus  
 decaelo d̄cet nobis q̄rē n̄credidistis illi  
**6** Sí h̄ d̄xerim: ex hominib: pleps uniuersa  
 laudabit (*sic*) nos CERTI s̄t n̄ omnes n̄ iohan  
 nem p̄ fearam fuisse <sup>7</sup> **Q** responderū sé nes  
 cire unde esset <sup>8</sup> **Q** ih̄s ait illis neq: e3o uob  
 is dico inqua potestate h̄ facio <sup>9</sup> Coepit h̄  
 dicere ad plebem parabulam hanc hom  
 plantauit uiniā et locauit eā colonis **Q** ip  
 se p̄ e3re multis temporib: <sup>10</sup> **Q** intempore  
 missit adcultores seruum utdefructu uen  
 [ ] darent illi qui cessū dimisserū eum  
 inanem <sup>11</sup> et addidit alīū seruū mitte illi  
 h̄ hanc (*sic*) quoq: cedentes et adficienes contu  
 m̄lia dimisse r̄t in anem <sup>12</sup> **Q** addidit t̄ti  
 ū mitte q̄ et illū uulnerantes ieccerū <sup>13</sup> Tōxit  
 h̄ dñs umiae quidfaciā mittā filiū m̄m̄

forsitán cū hunc uiderent uerebunt<sup>14</sup> q̄ [cū?] uenissent (*sic*) coloni coʒitauer̄t intrase dicentes hic ÷ heres occidam: illū ut nā fiat heredi tas<sup>15</sup> Q̄ iectum illum extra uiniā occider̄t q'd ēr faciet dñs illis uimie<sup>16</sup> ueniet dñs et p̄det colo nos istos etdauit uiniā aliis quo audito d̄x r̄t illi absit<sup>17</sup> Ille hr̄ aspiciens eos ait quid ÷ er̄go Q̄ scriptum ÷ l̄ccipidem q̄ repbauer̄t aedi ficantes hic factus ÷ incapud an̄guli<sup>18</sup> Omnis q̄ ciciderit sup lapidē conquassabit<sup>19</sup> Ḡ q̄:rebant princeps (*sic*) sacerdotum et scribe mitte (*sic*) in illū man: in illa hora ſ timuer̄t populū Coʒita (*sic*) uer̄t q̄ adillos d̄xiser (*sic*) similitudinē istā<sup>20</sup> Ḡ cū obseruantes misser̄t insidiatores q̄ si mularent̄ se iustos ēē ut caperent eū inser mone ē Q̄ traderent eum principatui et potestati p̄ssidi<sup>21</sup> et in̄troʒauer̄t eū dicentes maʒis̄t̄ scimus q̄ recte dicis et b̄ doces et n̄ acci pes p̄sonā ſ inueritate uiā dī doces<sup>22</sup> Licet nobis daretributū cessari a ū ū<sup>23</sup> osiderans hr̄ dolū illor̄, Oixit ad illos quid me temptatis<sup>24</sup> Ostendite mihi denariū cui: imaʒnē (*sic*) habet t̄ inscriptionē Q̄ cū d̄xr̄t respond entes cessaris<sup>25</sup> Ḡ ait illis reddite ēk̄ q̄ ſt̄ cessaris cessari et q̄ ſt̄ dī dō<sup>26</sup> et n̄ potueſt̄

uerbum eius reprehendere corā plebe Q  
 mirati in responso (*sic*) ē tacuerūt <sup>27</sup> OCCcesserūt h  
 et quidam saduc eorū q̄ neq̄ant ēē resur  
 rectionē Q inTROGauerūt eum <sup>28</sup> dicentes ma  
 gis̄t moſses scripsit nobis Sí fraT̄ alicui  
 us mortuus fuerit habiens uxorē et hic  
 sine filiis fuerit ut accipiat illā fraT̄e uxo  
 rem Q suscitet semen fratrī suo <sup>29</sup> Septē  
 er̄ fratres erant ap̄ nos et primus acci  
 pit uxorem et defunct: ÷ sine filiis <sup>30</sup> Q se  
 quiens accipit illā et ipse defunctus ÷ n̄  
 relicto sine filio <sup>31</sup> Q ūti: similiū accipit il  
 lā fraT̄ ē uxorē et omnes .ui. n̄ relinq:R̄t  
 semen et mortui s̄t <sup>32</sup> N ouissima h̄ omniū  
 mortua ÷ Q mulier <sup>33</sup> inRESURRECTIONE  
 ergo Cui: erit eorum uxor septē u hab  
 uerūt illā uxorē <sup>34</sup> Q ait illis ih̄s filii hu  
 us seculi nascunt̄ et generant̄ N ubunt †  
 et nubent̄ adnuptias <sup>35</sup> illi ū quidiḡni ha  
 bebunt̄ illo seculo Q RESURRECTIONE exm  
 ortuis N eq: nubunt N eq: nubent̄ <sup>36</sup> N eq:  
 u ultra mori poT̄unt Nā erūt similes an  
 gelis dī q̄ RESURRECTIONIS filii dī s̄t <sup>37</sup> qm̄ ū  
 resurgunt mortui Q moſsis ostendit  
 secus rubrū sicut dī U idit in rubro  
 dñm dñm abrachā Q dñm issac et dñm ia

† generant\*. generanti\*\*.

cob <sup>38</sup> d̄s hr ñ ÷ MORTUORUM ſ uiuoꝝ, Omnes u u  
 uunt dō. (*sic*) <sup>39</sup> Respondentes hr quidā ſcrībāꝝ, dxr̄t  
 magis̄ t̄d̄xisti <sup>40</sup> G ampli: ñ ſt ausi inꝝroꝝare  
 quiq; eū <sup>41</sup> Oixit hr adeos qmō dñt xp̄m filium  
 dauid ee <sup>42</sup> et ipſe d̄ d̄ inlibro ſalmorū (*sic*) Oixit  
 dñs dño meo sede ad extr̄s meis <sup>43</sup> donec ponā  
 inimicos tuos ſcabellū pedum tuorū <sup>44</sup> Si d̄d̄  
 uocat ēr illū dn̄m et qmo fili: e ÷ <sup>45</sup> C udiente hr  
 omni populo dx addiscipulis ſuīs (*sic*) <sup>46</sup> adtendite  
 ascrībis qui uolunt ambulare instolis G a  
 mant ſalutatio nes inforo et p̄mas cathed  
 ras insinuꝝis et p̄mos diſcubitos inconui  
 uis <sup>47</sup> q̄ deuorant domus uiduarū finꝝentes lo (*sic*)  
 3uā horationem h̄i accipient dānationem  
 maiorem **xxi.** <sup>1</sup> recipiens (*sic*) hr uidit eos qui mittebant  
 donasua inꝝazaphilaciū diuites <sup>2</sup> G uidit hr (*sic*)  
 quandā uiduā paup̄culā mittente aeria (*sic*)  
 minuta duo <sup>3</sup> G dx uerēdico uobis q̄ uidba  
 h̄i pau p̄ cula plus q̄ omnes missit indomū  
 d̄i <sup>4</sup> Nā omnes ex habundantiasib; miser̄t ī  
 munera d̄i haec hr exeo φ de ÷ in illi omnem  
 uictum ſuum q̄ habuit missit <sup>5</sup> G q̄b:dā  
 dicentib; detempto φ lapidib; bonis et do  
 nis ornatū eēt dx <sup>6</sup> h̄i q̄: uidetis uenient dies  
 iquib; ñ relinquetur lapis ſup lapide  
 hic in pariete qui ñ diſtruat <sup>7</sup> INꝝroꝝaue

R̄t h̄ illū dicentes p̄ ceptor qno h̄ er̄t et q̄ siʒnū  
 futurum sit <sup>8</sup> q̄ d̄x uidete neseducamini mu  
 [lti n?] uenient in nomine meo dicentes q̄ eʒo  
 sum xp̄s Q tempus ad p̄ pincauit Nolite er̄ʒo  
 ire post illos <sup>9</sup> cum h̄ audieritis bella adsedi (*sic*)  
 tionis (*sic*) Nolite tr̄erī oportet n̄ h̄ p̄mū fie  
 ri s̄ ū statim finis <sup>10</sup> Tunc diciabat illis IN illis  
 dieb: surȝet ȝens inȝentem Q reȝnū aduers:  
 reȝnum <sup>11</sup> Q tr̄e motus maȝnier̄t p̄ loca et p̄  
 estilentie et fames er̄t tr̄ores q: de caelo etsiȝ  
 na maȝna er̄t et tempes tates <sup>12</sup> ū ante h̄ om̄a  
 incipient uobis man: suas inieccere iniece  
 re Q p̄ sequent̄ om̄s suos tradentes insina  
 † ȝois et iȝ custodias tradentes uos ad reȝes et ad  
 p̄ssides p̄ p̄t no m̄m <sup>13</sup> ȝtiȝent (*sic*) h̄ intestimoniu  
 uobis <sup>14</sup> ponite er̄ʒo incordib: uestris n̄ p̄me  
 ditari q̄mo respondeatis <sup>15</sup> eȝo n̄ dabo uobis  
 os et sapientiam Cui n̄ potuerit resistē Q  
 tradicere omnes aduersari ē ūi (*sic*) <sup>16</sup> Trademini  
 h̄ parentib: et fratrib: et coȝnatib: amic  
 is et morte adficien ex uobis <sup>17</sup> Q eritis hodo  
 omnib: hominib: pp̄t no m̄m <sup>18</sup> et capillus  
 decapite ūo n̄ p̄ ibit <sup>19</sup> in uestra patientia pos  
 sedebitis animas uestras <sup>20</sup> Cum h̄ uide  
 ritis circumdari ab exercitu h̄ irusalē Tunc  
 scitote q̄ ad p̄ pincauit desolutio ē <sup>21</sup> Tunc h̄i

Apparently +*in* has been added before *custodias*. Not noted by Abbott.

qui in iudia s̄t fugiant in montes et q̄ in medio  
 ē n̄ descendant q̄ in regionib: n̄ intrant ī eā  
<sup>22</sup> q̄ dies ultionis hui s̄t ut impleant̄ omnia q̄  
 scriptas̄ <sup>23</sup> uæ h̄ pr̄gnantib: et nutrientib: in  
 illis dieb: erit ū p̄sura magna sup̄ trā et  
 ira populo huic <sup>24</sup> cadent in ore gladii et  
 captiuitate ducent̄ in omnes gentes <sup>G</sup> hirusa  
 lem concabit̄ agentib: donec in pleant̄ tempo  
 ra nationum <sup>25</sup> et erit sīna in sole et in luna (sic)  
 et in stellis et in tr̄is p̄sura magna gentium  
 p̄ confusione sonitus et maris et fluctū  
<sup>26</sup> arescentib: hominib: p̄ timore et expectati  
 ones (sic) q̄: sup̄uenient in uniuersae orbe Nā  
 uirtutes ū (sic) caelorū mouebunt̄ <sup>27</sup> tunc uide  
 bunt filium hominis uenientē cū potesta  
 te magna <sup>G</sup> maiestate <sup>28</sup> Cū h̄ fieri h̄ incipien  
 tib: respicite <sup>G</sup> leuate capita uā q̄ ad  
 p̄piat redemptio uestra <sup>29</sup> dī illis simi  
 litudinem uidete fculniā <sup>G</sup> omnis arbo  
 res <sup>30</sup> cum p̄ducunt̄ Iā ex se fructū scitis  
 q̄m p̄pe ÷ aestas <sup>31</sup> ita et uos cum uideritis h̄  
 fieri scitote q̄m p̄pe ÷ regnum dī <sup>32</sup> Cōmen dī  
 co uobis q̄ n̄ p̄fbit̄ generatio h̄ donec fia  
 nt <sup>33</sup> Caelū et trā (sic) transibit transibit uer  
 ba h̄ mea n̄ transient <sup>34</sup> Cōtendite h̄ nobis? (vel uobis)  
 Ne forte grauent̄ corda ua in crapula

ET EBRIETATE ET CURRIS HUIUS UITAE ET SUPUE  
NIET IN UOS REPENTINA DIESILLA<sup>35</sup> TAMQ<sup>35</sup> LACEUS  
HR (vid.) SUPUENIET INOMNES QUI SEDENT SUP FACI  
E ORBIS (sic) TRE<sup>36</sup> U13ILATE ITAQ: OMNI TEMPORE OR  
ANTES UTD13N1 HABEAMINI Efu3ERE<sup>st</sup> IRA OMNIA  
Q: FUTURA ST ET STARE ANTE FILIUM HOMINIS

<sup>37</sup> ERAT HR IN ILLIS DIEB: DOCIENS INTEMPLO NOC  
TIB: HR EXIENS MORABA<sup>T</sup> IN MONTE<sup>T</sup> (sic) QUI UOCAT<sup>T</sup> O  
LIUETI<sup>38</sup> Q<sub>2</sub> OMNIS POPULUS MANCIPABAT (sic) AD  
E<sup>T</sup> INTEMPLO UT AUDIRENT EUM XXII. 1 ADPPINCABAT  
HR DIES FESTUS AZEMORU QUI DR PHASCHA<sup>2</sup> Q<sub>2</sub>  
Q: REBANT PRINCIPES SACERDOTU Q<sub>2</sub> SCRIBE  
QMO E<sup>T</sup> INFICERENT TIMEBANT U PLEBE<sup>3</sup> IN  
TRAUIT HR SATANAS IN IUDAM Q<sup>1</sup> CO3NOMINABA  
T SCARIOTH Q<sup>1</sup> ERAV UNUS EX XII DISCIPULIS<sup>4</sup> Q<sub>2</sub> A  
BINT ET LOCUTUS DIV CUM PRINCIPIB: SACERDOT  
U ET SCRIBIS ET MA3IS TRATIB: Q ADMODU TRA  
DERET EIS<sup>5</sup> Q<sub>2</sub> 3AUISI ST ET FACTI (sic) ST PECCUNIA  
ILLI DARE<sup>6</sup> ET SPO PONDIT OPORTUNITATE UTEU  
TRADERET SINE TURBIS<sup>7</sup> UENIT HR DIES FEST:  
AZEMORUM INQUA NECESSE ERAV OCCIDI PAS  
CHA<sup>8</sup> Q<sub>2</sub> MISSIT PETR<sup>U</sup> Q<sub>2</sub> IACOB<sup>U</sup> DICIENS  
EUNTES ET PARATAE UOBIS (sic) PASCHA UT MAN  
DUCEMUS<sup>9</sup> OCTILLI DXR<sup>T</sup> ubi uis paremus

<sup>10</sup> Q<sub>2</sub> DX AD EOS ECCE INTRANTIB: UOBIS INC  
UITATE OCCURRET UOBIS HOMO ANPHORA<sup>T</sup>

aq: portans sequemini eū indomū inq ītro  
 eat <sup>11</sup> et dicetis dom: patri familias dī tibi [ma]  
 ȝis̄t ubi ÷ diuersoriū Ubi phascha cum [disci]  
 pulis meis manducē <sup>12</sup> et ipse ostendat [uobis]  
 cennaculū maȝnum stratū Q ibi parat[e]  
<sup>13</sup> Euntes h̄ inueniar̄t sicut d̄xerat illis ih̄s et  
 parauerit <sup>14</sup> Q cū hora facta eet discubu  
 it et xii apostoli cumeo <sup>15</sup> Q ait illis ih̄s d[esi]  
 derio desiderau h̄ pasche manducare u  
 biscū ante q patiar <sup>16</sup> dico u uobis q ex hoc  
 n̄ manducabo illud donec impletar̄ inreȝm  
 dī <sup>17</sup> Q accepto calice ȝratias eȝit Q d̄x acci  
 pite calicem et diuite (*sic*) inuos <sup>18</sup> Dico u uobis  
 q modo n̄ibā deȝeneratione uitis usq:  
 dum reȝnum dī mm ueniet <sup>19</sup> Q accepto pane  
 ȝratias eȝit et freȝit et dedit eis diciens h̄ ÷  
 corpus meum q p uobis dat h̄ facite in  
 meam commemorationem <sup>20</sup> Similiū et cali  
 cem Post quā cenauit diciens hic ÷ calix no  
 ui (*sic*) testamenti (*sic*) insangine meo qui (*sic*) p uobis  
 funder̄ <sup>21</sup> Uerum tñ ecce manus eius tra  
 dentis me qui me truditur: ÷ mecum ÷ in  
 mensa <sup>22</sup> Q filius quidē hominis secundū †  
 q scriptum ÷ uadit Uerum tñ uae illi  
 homini p q tradet <sup>23</sup> illi h̄ coepert̄ q:rere i  
 ſē quis eet exeis qui hoc factur: eet <sup>24</sup> Fac

† Very exceptional in full. Practically always represented by the symbol F.

ta ÷ hr contentio in̄teos quis eorū uideret (*sic*)  
 [esse] maior <sup>25</sup> dx hr maior (*sic*) illis reʒes ʒentiu  
 [dom]inant' eorum Q qui potestatem ha  
 [bent] sup' eos beneficu uocantur <sup>26</sup> Uos hr  
 n̄ sic estis s̄qui maior ÷ inuobis um fiat  
 sicut iunior Q qui p̄cessor ÷ fiat sicut  
 ministrator (*sic*) <sup>27</sup> Nam quis maior ÷ qui rec  
 umbit á qui ministrat in ʒentib: n̄ne q're  
 cumbit inuobis hr n̄ sic s̄ qui ministrat  
 eʒo hr sum inmedio um sicut q' minis  
 trat <sup>28</sup> Uos hr estis qui p̄ mansistis mecum  
 in temptationib: meis <sup>29</sup> eʒo dis pono uos (*sic*)  
 sicut dispossuit mihi pañ meus reʒnū  
<sup>30</sup> ut edatis et bibatis sup' mensammeā in  
 reʒno Q sedatis sup' thronos .xii. iudi  
 cantes xii. trib: israhel <sup>31</sup> CCIT hr dñs si  
 moni Simón Ecce satanas expetit uos  
 ut cribaret (*sic*) sicut triticū <sup>32</sup> eʒo hr roʒauit  
 p̄ té ut n̄ deficiat fidestua Q tú aliqu  
 ando conuers: confirma fratres tu  
 os <sup>33</sup> qui dx ei dñe tecum paratus sū et in  
 morte ire et incarcarem <sup>34</sup> et ille dx dico  
 tibi petre n̄cantauit hodie ʒallus donec  
 t̄ me abneʒes nosse me <sup>35</sup> Q dx illis q̄no  
 misi uos sine sacculo Q peara et calci  
 amentis N umquid aliquid defuit uobi[s]

Nam et **ʒ**alili: est <sup>60</sup> et ait petr: homo nescio q'd  
dicas et continuo ad huc illo loquente can  
tauit **ʒ**all: <sup>61</sup> **G** conuersus dñs respexit per  
rum et recordat: ÷ petr: uerbi dñi sic[ut]  
d̄x illi q prius q **ʒ**allus cantet [t̄ me ne**ʒ**a]  
bis <sup>62</sup> **G** e**ʒ**ressus foras petrus fleuit am  
re <sup>63</sup> et ui*rī* inludebant ei cedentes <sup>64</sup> et p*cū*tie  
bant faciem **ʒ** **G** in**trō****ʒ**abant eum dicen  
tes p*fē*ta (*sic*) nobis xpe quis ÷ quite p*cū*ssit  
<sup>65</sup> **G** alia multa blasphemantes dicebant ineū  
<sup>66</sup> et ut fctus (*sic*) esset dies conuenerūt seniores ple  
bis et principes sacerdotū et scribe **G**  
duxerūt illum in conciliumsuū et in**trō****ʒ**a  
uerūt dicentes sítu esxps dic nobis <sup>67</sup> et ait  
illís si uobis dixerō n̄ creditis m̄ <sup>68</sup> Si hr et in**trō**  
ro**ʒ**auero n̄ res pondistis (*sic*) mihi **N**eq: demit  
tetis <sup>69</sup> ex h̄ h̄ (*sic*) erit filius hominis sediens ad  
dex̄tam uirtutis d̄ <sup>70</sup> dixerūt hr omnes Tu es  
er**ʒ**o fili: d̄ quiauit (*sic*) uos dicitis q e**ʒ**o sum  
<sup>71</sup> **O**C illi dxerūt q e**ʒ**o sum quid (*sic*) ad huc opus de  
sideramus testimoniuū ipsi u audiuimus  
de ore eius blasphemiam **xxiii.**<sup>1</sup> et sur**ʒ**iens omnis  
multitudo eorum duxerūt illū ad p*flat*um  
<sup>2</sup> Cooperūt hr accūssare eū dicentes inuenimus  
hunc subuertentem **ʒ**entē nostrā et soluen  
tē le**ʒ**em nostrā et p*fe*atas et p*bē*ntem trību

[ta] dari cessare et dicentem se x̄pm reʒem esse

† <sup>2b</sup> [ut vid.] qui se reʒem d̄i contradicit cessari <sup>3</sup> p̄flatus h̄

[au]diens in̄troʒauit eum diciens tues rex iudeo

[rum]. CCT ille r̄es ait tu dicas <sup>4</sup> CCT h̄ pilatus dx̄

ad p[ri]ncipes sacerdotum et turbas nihil in

uenio causae in hoc homine <sup>5</sup> CCT illi inuales

cebant dicentes commouet populus (*sic*) docie

[ns] pertotā iudiam Q̄ incipiens aʒalihia usq;

hūc <sup>6</sup> P̄flatus h̄ audiens in̄troʒauit ʒalih[ā??]

sí homo ʒalih: eēt homo hic <sup>7</sup> ut coʒnouit q̄ de he

rodis potestate eēt trans misit eū ad herodē

qui et ipse inhirusohmīs erat IN illis dieb: <sup>8</sup> hero

dis h̄ uisso ihū ʒauis: ÷ ualde Ērat h̄ cupiens

ex multo tempore uidere eum Eo q̄ audiret mul

ta de illo Q̄ sperabat siʒnum aliq̄ uidere ab

eo fieri <sup>9</sup> IN̄troʒabat h̄ eum multis sermonib:

CCT ipse d nihil (*sic*) dx̄ ei <sup>10</sup> Stabant etiam principes

sacerdotum Q̄ scribe ostan̄ accussantes eū

<sup>11</sup> SPREUIT h̄ illum herodis cum exercitu suo Q̄ m

lussit induitū ueste alba et remisit ad p̄flatū

<sup>12</sup> Q̄ facti s̄t op: malū malos in unum coniunʒit

eadē die herodis et p̄flatus in ipsa die nam an

tea inimici Ērant ad muicem <sup>13</sup> p̄flatus h̄ quo

catis principib: sacerdotū et magistratib; er

plebe <sup>14</sup> dx̄ ad illos obtullistiſ m̄ hunc hominē

q̄si auer tantem populū et ecce eʒo corā

† Abbott omits the first word, which looks like *ut*. The addition is based on John xix. 12, “omnis qui se regem facit.”

† eum quis ÷ ille homo qui dñ tibi tolle **G**rauatuū tuū v. 12  
et ambula <sup>13</sup> is h̄ qui sanus fuerat effectus nescieb (*sic*)

at ih̄ declinauit constituaā (*sic*) in locum <sup>14</sup> postea inuenit eum ih̄ intemplū et dñ illi ecce sanus factus es iam nolii peccare nedeñius tibi aliquid contingat

<sup>15</sup> OCCIUIT ille homo adnuntiauit iudeis qui fecit eu sa num <sup>16</sup> pp̄tea pseq: bantur IUDI*e*i ih̄ quia h̄ requiabat insabbatū <sup>17</sup> ih̄ r̄es eis pañ meus usq: modo operat<sup>r</sup> **G**e<sup>30</sup> operor <sup>18</sup> ppteria er<sup>30</sup> ma<sup>31</sup> s q:rebant eū iudei ut int̄ ficerent q̄ n̄ solum soluebat sabbatū ſ et patrē suum dicebat dñ equalem sé faciens dō r̄es itaq: ih̄ et dñ ei (*sic*) <sup>19</sup> OCmen amen dico uobis n̄ pot̄ filius facere quiquā asē nissi quod uiderit patrem facientem q:·cumq: u ille fecerit h̄ et filius similiſ facit <sup>20</sup> pañ u dile<sup>31</sup> it filium **G** omnia dedit demonstra (*sic*) ei q:· ipse facit **G** mai ora h̄is demonstrauit ei opa **G** (*sic*) uos miremini

<sup>21</sup> Sicut u pañ suscitet mortuos **G** uiui ficerat sic **G** filius quos uult uiuificat <sup>22</sup> Neq: u pañ iudicat quem quā ſ iudicio ome dedit filio <sup>23</sup> Ut oms [h]onorificant (*sic*) filiū sicut honorificant patrē q<sup>i</sup> [n̄] honorificant (*sic*) filiū n̄ honorificant (*sic*) patrē qui m[is] sit illū <sup>24</sup> OCmen amen dico uobis q̄ q<sup>i</sup> uerbū mm a[u] dit et creditei qui missit me habet uitā eñnam [et in?] iudiciū n̄ ueniet ſ transiat amorete inuita <sup>25</sup> OC men amen dico uobis q̄ uenit hora et n̄ ÷ qno [mor]

† A new scribe begins here with a very neat hand.

[tui a]udient uocē filiū **G** qui audierint ui  
 [uent] <sup>26a</sup> sicut & pañ habet uitā in semet ipso <sup>27</sup> **G** po  
 testatē dedit ei et iudicium facere q̄ fili: ho  
 minis ÷ <sup>28</sup> Holite mirari h̄ q̄ uenit hora in qua  
 oīs qui in monumentīs s̄t audient uocē ē <sup>29</sup> **G** p̄  
 cedunt q̄ bona fecer̄t in resurrectione uitae q̄ ū m̄  
 la e3er̄t in resurrectione iudicii <sup>30</sup> n̄ possum e3o á  
 me ipso facere quiquā audio s̄ iudicio **G** iu  
 diciū mm̄ iustū ÷ q̄ n̄ q:ro uoluntatē meā s̄ uolu  
 ntatem ē qui missit me <sup>31</sup> Sí eR̄ testimonium p̄  
 beo deme **G** testimonium mm̄ ÷ uerū <sup>32a</sup> Cclius ÷  
 qui testimonī p̄ibet deme <sup>33</sup> Uos missistis ad ioha  
 nnē et testimonī p̄ibuit ueritatī <sup>34</sup> e3o h̄ n̄ ab io  
 hanne testimonī accipio s̄ h̄ dico ut uos salui sit  
 is <sup>35</sup> ille erat ut lucerna ardiens et luciens Uos h̄ uo  
 luistis exire ad horā ē in luce <sup>36</sup> e3o h̄ habeo testi  
 monium maius iohanne opa & q: dedit mihi pa  
 t̄ ut pficiam ea ipsa opa q: et e3o facio testimo  
 nium p̄ibent deme q̄ pañ memissit <sup>37</sup> **G** qui me ms̄  
 sit pañ ipse testimonī peribuit deme **N**  
 q: uocem umquā audistis **N** eq: speciem uidis  
 tis <sup>38</sup> **G** uerbum ē n̄ habetis in uobis maniens q̄ ms̄  
 sit ille huic uos n̄ creditis <sup>39</sup> SCRUTAMINI SCRIP  
 TURAS q̄ uos putatis ī ipsis uitā eñā habere **G**  
 illes̄ qui testimonium p̄ibent deme <sup>40</sup> et n̄ uultis  
 uenire ad me ut uitā habeatis <sup>41</sup> CLARITATĒ ab

hominib: n̄ accipio<sup>42</sup> s̄ cōgnoui uos[  
 n̄ habetis inuobis<sup>43</sup> ēgo ueni in n[  
 mei suo p̄prio illo accipietis<sup>44</sup> q[  
 credere qui gloriā abinuicē accip[  
 à solo ÷ dō n̄ q: ritis<sup>45</sup> Nolite puta[  
 turus sū uós ap̄ patrē ÷ qui ac[  
 ses inq° speratis<sup>46</sup> Sí n̄ crederitis m[  
 crederitis et mihi de me n̄ ille s[  
 lius h̄is n̄ creditis q̄mo uerbis me[  
 vi. 1  
 habuit ih̄s trans mare galilae q̄ ÷ [  
 tás (sic)<sup>2</sup> et seq:bat eum multitudo ma[  
 nt (sic) sīna q: faciebat sup̄ h̄is qui [  
<sup>3</sup> Subiit er̄ inmontem ih̄s et ibi se[  
 cipulís suis<sup>4</sup> ērat h̄ p̄ximum pa[  
 us iudeorū<sup>5</sup> cum subleuasset [  
 Quid uidisset q̄ multitudo maxima uen[  
 ad p̄filum unde ememus panes [  
 ent h̄i<sup>6</sup> hoc h̄ dicebat temprans eū ip[  
 quid esset facturus<sup>7</sup> r̄es ei philip: d[  
 centorū denariorum panes n̄ sufici[  
 un: quisq: modicū quid accipiat<sup>8</sup> dīt [  
 discipulís ē andreas frāt̄ simonis [  
 9  
 puer unus hic qui habet .u. panes or[  
 duos pisces s̄ h̄ quid st̄ inſtantos<sup>10</sup> o[  
 te homines discubere ērat h̄ f[  
 um in loco Quid discubuer̄t er̄ uiri num[  
 10

11       ] eꝝ ihꝫ panes et cumꝓratias eጀiset  
 ] iscumbentib: similiꝫ exp̄iscib: quan  
 12      ] dꝫ ihꝫ discipulis suis colleጀite fraጀ  
 ] suprauer̄t neperiant <sup>13</sup> Colleጀer̄t eꝝ  
 ] ii cofinos fraጀmentor, ex u· panib;  
 ]: suprauer̄t his q<sup>1</sup> manduauer̄t <sup>14</sup> Illi eꝝ  
 ] uidissent q fecerat siጀnū diciabant  
 ] pfeata q uentur: ÷ in hunc mundum <sup>15</sup>  
 ] coጀnouisset q uenturi essent ut raper  
 ] acerent eū reጀem Fūzit iſtū inmontē ip  
 16      ] factus ÷ sero discender̄t discipuli ē  
 17      ] c ascendisetz nauem ueniar̄t trans m  
 ] R nau et teneb re iā facte erant G ū dū  
 ] os <sup>18</sup> mare h uento maጀna (*sic*) flante exur  
 19      ] iጀassent eꝝ q̄si stadia .xxu. axxx, lid  
 ] ambulantē sup mare G pximī nauī fie  
 ] uiar̄t <sup>20</sup> ille h dicebat eጀo sū nolite timere <sup>21</sup> u  
 ] acipe eū innaui et statim fuit nauīt nauis (*sic*)  
 ] q̄ ibant (*sic*) <sup>22</sup> Cūlīta dieturbaq̄ stabant (*sic*) trans m  
 ] it q nauicula alia n̄ erat ibi nisi illa una  
 ] introisetz cū discipulis suis ihꝫ in nauī ſ soli  
 ] ē abier̄t <sup>23</sup> Cūlia (*sic*) ū supuener̄t naues atibiri  
 ] a locū ubi manduauer̄t panem ꝓratias  
 dō (*vid.*) <sup>24</sup> Cū eꝝ uidisset turbā q̄ ihꝫ n̄ esset ibi nis (*sic<sup>rid</sup>*)  
 ] uli ē ascendiar̄t nauiculas G ueniar̄t ca  
 ] q̄rentes ihm <sup>25</sup> G cū inueniissent eū tra

ntes eum erexit (*vid.*) se et dñ eis q [rel. illeg.]      viii. 7  
 pri: in illā lapidem mittat<sup>8</sup> Quidam se inclinans  
 scribebat in terram (*sic*)<sup>9</sup> Cuidantes h̄ hunc sermonē  
 unus post unum exhibant incipientes a seniorib: Et  
 remansit ih̄ solus et mulier in medio stans ante eū  
<sup>10</sup> Ereptiens h̄ sé ih̄ dñ ei ih̄ mulier quite accussabant  
 ubi s̄t Nemo tē contemnabunt<sup>11</sup> quae dñ nemo dñe dñ [?]  
 Nec ego tē contemnabo Quare et amplius noli peccare  
<sup>12</sup> Quidam iterum uero locutus ÷ eis ih̄ diciens ego sum lux  
 huius mundi [qui] sequitur me n̄ ambulauit in tenebris  
 ihs s̄ habebit lucem uitæ aeternæ<sup>13</sup> Dixi et ei et faris  
 sei tú de te ipso habetis testimonium tuū n̄ ÷ uerum<sup>14</sup> r̄s  
 ih̄ et dñ eis Si ego testimonium p̄ibeo testimonium [...]?  
 [ ] uerum ÷ q̄ scio unde ueni et quo uado Quos h̄ nescit  
 critis unde ueni et quo uado Quos h̄ nescitis unde ue  
 ni et q̄ uado<sup>15</sup> Quos secundū carnem iudicatis ego n̄ iu  
 dico quem quā<sup>16</sup> et si iudico ego iucum(?) mm̄ uerū ÷ q̄  
 solus n̄ sum s̄ ego n̄ sum qui missit me pat̄<sup>17</sup> et i lege  
 uā scriptum ÷ quia duorum hominum testimoni  
 um uerum ÷<sup>18</sup> Ego sum qui testimonium peribeo  
 de me ipso et testimonium peribet de me qui me  
 missit pat̄<sup>19</sup> dicebant ei ubi ÷ pat̄ tuus res neq:  
 me scitis neq: patrem mm̄ Si me scieritis fors  
 tān et patrem mm̄ scieritis<sup>20</sup> haec uerba locutus  
 ÷ ih̄ (*sic*) in gaza filacio dociens in templo Quidam nemo ad  
 prechendit eum q̄ nec dum uenerat hora ē<sup>21</sup> dñ [ei?]

iterum eis ih̄s ēgo uado et queritis me et in pecca  
 to uo moriemini quia (*vid.*) ego uado uos n̄ potestis  
 uenire <sup>22</sup> Dicebant ēr iudei intrauos (*sic*) Numquid  
 interficiet semet ipsum q̄ d̄ ēgo uado uos n̄ po  
 testis uenire Diciabant ēr iudei intrauos nū  
 quid interficiet semet ipsum q̄ d̄ ēgo uado uos  
 non potestis uenire <sup>23</sup> Q̄ dicebat eis uos deorsū (*sic*)  
 estis ēgo desupn̄is sum uos demundo li estis ēgo  
 n̄ sum de li mundo <sup>24a</sup> d̄xier̄t uobis [q̄] moriemini in  
 peccato uo <sup>25</sup> dicebant ēr ei ubi ÷ d[ ]s ih̄s princi  
 piū q̄ et loquor uobis <sup>26</sup> multa habeo de uobis loq̄  
 et iudicare s̄ qui missit me uerax ÷ Q̄ ēgo q̄ audi  
 ui habeo (*sic*) h̄ loquor in mundo <sup>27</sup> et coʒnouer̄t quia pat  
 rem eis dicebat <sup>28</sup> Dixit ēreis ih̄s cum exaltauer̄t fi  
 lium hominis t̄c coʒnoscer̄t q̄ ēgo sum Q̄ a me ipso  
 nihil facio s̄ sicut docuit me pañ h̄ [vel h̄] loquor <sup>29</sup> qui  
 me missit mecum ÷ et n̄ relinquit me solū q̄ ēgo q̄ pla  
 cita s̄t ei facio semp <sup>30</sup> h̄ illo loquente multi credi  
 diar̄t ineum <sup>31</sup> dicebat ēr ih̄s adeos qui credidiart  
 ei iudeos si uos p̄mancer̄t in nomine (*sic*) meo Uere  
 discipuli mei eritis <sup>32</sup> et coʒnoscer̄t ueritatem Q̄ ue  
 ritas liberauit uos <sup>33</sup> R̄es r̄t ei iudei semen abrache  
 sumus et nemini seruimus umquā q̄mo tu dicis  
 Q̄ liberi (*vid.*) eritis <sup>34</sup> R̄es eis ih̄s Q̄ men amen dico uobis  
 q̄ omnis qui facit peccatū seruus ÷ peccati <sup>35</sup> seruus  
 h̄ n̄ manet in domu meñnum filiū (*sic*) h̄ hominis manet

ineſnum <sup>36</sup> Si eſ uos liberaberit uere liberi eritis <sup>37a</sup> scio  
q filii abrache estis ſ q:RITIS me inſſicere <sup>39</sup> R̄ESR̄ ET [dx]  
R̄T paſ n̄ abracham ÷ ŌT (*sic*) eis ih̄ ſi filii abrache es  
ſetis opra abrache facite <sup>40</sup> q n̄ q:RITIS me inſſicere  
hominem qui ueritatē uobis locutus ſū [q audiui a]  
dō li abrachā n̄ fecit <sup>41</sup> Uos facitſ opra patris ūi ŌX[R̄T?]  
itaq: ei nos ex fornicatione n̄ ſumus natū unum pat  
rem habem: dñ <sup>42</sup> Ōxēr eis ih̄ ſi d̄ ſ paſ ū ēt dilege  
RITIS me utiq: ēz̄o h̄ exdō pcessi et ueni Neq: n̄ a me  
ipſo ueni ſ ille me miſſit <sup>43</sup> qre locellā [meam] n̄ coʒnos  
cetis q n̄ potestis audire ſermonē [m̄m <sup>44</sup> Uos ex] pat  
re diabulo estis **G** desideria patr[is ūi uultis fa]ce  
re ille homicida erat ab initio et inu[eritate n̄ stetit] q n̄  
÷ ueritās ineo cū loquit̄ mendaciū exp[pr̄uis loquit̄ q]  
mendax ÷ et paſ ē <sup>45</sup> ēz̄o h̄ ſum quia uer[itatē dico non]  
creditis mihi [*sic*] <sup>46</sup> q's ex uobis arʒuit medepecca[to si uerita]  
tem dico qre uos n̄ redit̄s (*sic*) mihi <sup>47</sup> quis ÷[ exdō uerba]  
dī audit̄ pp̄tia uos n̄ audistis q ex d̄ ſ n̄ estis <sup>48</sup> reſRT] **i**  
**T**UR iudei **G** dxer̄t ei n̄ne b̄ dicimus [nos quia sam]ari  
tanus estu et demonium habes <sup>49</sup> r̄es [ih̄ ēz̄o demonium]  
n̄ habeo ſ honorifico patrē m̄m et [uos inhoratis me]  
<sup>50</sup> ēz̄o h̄ n̄ q:ro ʒloriam meam ÷ q[u]i q:RIT et iudicat]  
<sup>51</sup> **C**men amen dico uobis ſiquis [ſermonem meum]  
ſeruauerit mortem n̄ uidebit [in ētnū <sup>54</sup> r̄es ih̄ ſ] †  
ſi ēz̄o ʒlorifico me ipſum ʒlo[ria mea nihil ÷ ÷] paſ  
meus qui ʒlorificat me q uo[s dicitis q d̄ ſ n̄] ÷

† Omitting verses 52, 53 from homoioteleuton.

<sup>55</sup> Q[uod] co[n]ouisti[s] [vel agnouisti[s] ut a] eū e[st]o h[ab]er noui eum Q[uod] sī  
 d[omi]n[u]xero q[uod] nō scio  
 ero simili[u]s uobis mendax sed scio eū et sermo  
 nem eius seruo <sup>56a</sup> C[on]bracham pañū exaltauit (*sic*)  
 ut uideret diem m̄m <sup>57b</sup>.l. annos n̄dum habes Q[uod]  
 abracham uidisti <sup>58</sup> d[omi]n[u]s eis ih̄s C[on]men amen d[omi]n[u]s  
 co uobis ante q[uod] abrachā fieret e[st]o sū <sup>59</sup> Tollerū  
 e[st] lapides ut mitterent (*sic*) sup eū his h[ab]er abscond  
 ir se et exiit detemplo et transiens p[er] mediū eo[rum]  
 Q[uod] ibat sic <sup>ix.</sup> 1 et p[ro]ficiens uidit hominē caecū anati  
 uitate <sup>2</sup> Q[uod] in[tra]z̄a uerū eū discipuli e[st] dicentes  
 rabbi quis peccauit hic a parentes e[st] ut cecus nas  
 cer[etur <sup>3</sup> r[es] ih̄s] Neq: hic peccauit Neq: parentes e[st]  
 s[ed] [ut manifest]erent † opera d[omi]ni in illo <sup>4</sup> me oportet o  
 [pari opera e[st]] qu missit me donec dies ÷ Uenit  
 [nox q[uod] no ne]mo pot[er]t opari <sup>5</sup> q[uod]ndiu in mundo sū  
 lu[x sum m]undi <sup>6</sup> h[ab]et cum dxiset expuit in[tra]'.  
 Q[uod] [fecit lu]rum exsputo et linuit lutū supoculos  
 e[st] <sup>7</sup> et [dx ei ua]de et laua innatatoriā siloie q[uod] in[tra] p[ro]ta  
 tū m[issus a]buit e[st] et lauit oculos suos et uenit ui  
 die[ns <sup>8</sup> itaq: u]icini et qui uidebant eū prius q[uod]  
 men[dic: erat et ?] † dicebant n̄ne hic ÷ quisedebat et  
 men[dicabat] alii diceabant q[uod] hic ÷ <sup>9</sup> C[on]hi nequ  
 aq[ue] s[ed] s[imilis ÷ e?] ille dicebat quia e[st]o sū <sup>10</sup> dice  
 bant e[st] ei q[uod]no ap[osto]lū s[ed] oculitui (*sic*) <sup>11</sup> r[es] ille homo qui  
 d[omi]n[u]s ih̄s [lutm] fecit et unxit oculos meos Q[uod] dx  
 mihi || [. . . uad]e ad natatoriam siloiæ et laua

† Cannot see the termination ' for *tur*. Abbott suggests *manifesta fierent*.

‡ Impossible to tell whether *et* is present. Probably it is.

|| Too much room for only *vade ad* apparently.

et abi et laui et uid̄i <sup>12</sup> dx[̄]r̄ ei ubi est ille ait nescio]  
<sup>13</sup> addn̄t eū ad farisseos qui caecus fuerat <sup>14</sup> erat  
 hr sabbatum qnō lutum fecit ihs et [apuit oculu]los  
<sup>15</sup> ē Iūm er m̄trozauit eum iudei dicentes [qmo]  
 uidisset ille hr dx eis lutum possuit mihi [supr]  
 oculos meos Q laui et ecce uidio <sup>16</sup> dicebant [er ex fa]  
 risseis quidam n̄ ÷ hic homo adō q sabba[tum n̄]  
 custodit Qlui hr dicebant qmō pot ÷ hom[o pecca]tor  
 h siʒna facere et scis ma erat meis <sup>17</sup> O[n̄t er]  
 iūm ceco tuquid dicis deo qui aperuit [oculos]  
 tuos ille hr dx q pfeata ÷ <sup>18</sup> n̄ credidiar̄t iudei [de illo]  
 qui (sic) cecus fuisset et uidisset donec uocauer̄t [pa]rentes eius qui uidabant (sic<sup>vid</sup>) <sup>19</sup> Q IN̄trozauer̄t e[os di]centes  
 hic ÷ fili: ur̄ et (sic) q cae cus natus ÷ [qmō]  
 hr uidit <sup>20</sup> res (sic) eis parentes ē scim: q hic ÷ [fili: n̄]  
 et q cec: natus ÷ <sup>21</sup> qmō hnc (sic) hr uidiat nescimus [ā]  
 quis apuit oculos nos nescimus ipsum in̄[ro]  
 3ate aetate habet Q ipse ps̄ locat<sup>r</sup> <sup>22</sup> h̄ dxr̄t pa  
 rentes ē jam n̄ spirauer̄t iudei ut si quis  
 eū confiter<sup>r</sup> (sic) xp̄m ut extra sinazōzā fieret <sup>23</sup> pp̄  
 tia parentes eius dxr̄t q aetatem habet ipsū  
 IN̄t rozate <sup>24</sup> Uocauer̄t er̄ rursum hominē  
 qui fuerat caecus et dxer̄t ei da 3loriā dō  
 nos scimus q hic homo peccator ÷ <sup>25</sup> Ōx er̄ ille  
 si peccator ÷ nescio unum scio q cecus cū es  
 sem modo uidio <sup>26</sup> Ōxr̄t er̄ illi [quid fecit tibi]

q̄mo aperti s̄t oculitui<sup>27</sup> r̄s eis dxi uobis iā et  
 [audi]stis quid iñū uobis audire uultis Nū  
 quid et uos discipuli ē fieri<sup>28</sup> maledixr̄t ei Tud  
 icipulus illius es Nōs h̄ moſsi discipuli sum:  
 29 [nos] scimus quia moſsi locutus ÷ hunc h̄ nes  
 [cim]us undesit<sup>30</sup> r̄s ille homo d̄x eis in hoc n̄ mi  
 [rabile] ÷ q̄ uos nescitis unde sit Q̄ apuit ocul  
 os meos<sup>31</sup> Scim: h̄ q̄ peccatores d̄s n̄ audit si (vid. — sed)  
 quis dī cultor ÷ Q̄ uoluntatem facit hc̄ exaud  
 [it<sup>32</sup> a sae]culo n̄ ÷ auditum q̄ apuit oculos caeci na  
 [ti]<sup>33</sup> nisi esset hic ad̄ n̄ poñat facere quiquā<sup>34</sup> r̄s  
 r̄t et d̄xr̄t IN peccatis natus estotus Q̄ tu doces  
 nos Q̄ iecert̄ eū foras<sup>35</sup> Q̄ cum iecisset eū d̄x ei tu  
 si credis in filium dī<sup>36</sup> r̄s ille et d̄x quis ÷ dñe ut  
 credam in eum<sup>37</sup> Q̄ d̄x ei ih̄s et uidisti eum Q̄ loq̄t̄  
 tecum ipse ÷<sup>38</sup> CCT ille ait credo dñe et p̄cediens ado  
 rauit eum<sup>39</sup> Q̄ d̄x eis (sic) ih̄s si ceci essetis in iudicium  
 ego in hunc mundum ueni UT qui n̄ uident uidi  
 [ant Q̄ qui] uident caeci fiant<sup>40</sup> Q̄ audiart ex far  
 [isseis] qui cum ipso erant et d̄x (sic) ei numquid et ys  
 caeci sumus<sup>41</sup> OX eis ih̄s si caeci essetis n̄ haberi  
 tis peccati n̄c h̄ dicitis q̄ uidimus peccati um̄ ma  
 [net] x.<sup>1</sup> CCnen amen dico uobis qui non intrat p̄  
 hostium in ouile ouium s̄ ascendit aliunde ille  
 fur ÷ et latro<sup>2</sup> qui h̄ intrat per ostium pastor ÷  
 ouium<sup>3</sup> huic ostiari: apit Q̄ oues uocē ē audi

EXPLICIT.









## CORRECTIONS.

*r*<sub>2</sub>

# SUPPLEMENT TO THE COLLATION

OF

T. K. ABBOTT,

BY

H. C. HOSKIER.

Matt.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

- ii. 5 -ei  
iv. 25 +de (*ante hirusolimis sic*)  
-et *vid.* (*ante de iu... rell illeg.*)  
-de *vid.* (*ante trans iordanen*) Cf. DLR. -de *k*  
v. 12 +et (*ante pfetas sic*)  
15 supra (*pro super*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

*Spelling not recorded.*

i. 18 dispponsata, 19 nolet, occultae, 20 nolli, coiugem, 22 adinpleretur, profetam, 23 emanuel,  
24 exurgens, precipit, coiugem, ii. 1 bethlē, iudei, hirodis, hierusolimā, 3 herodis, hirusolima,  
5 bethlē, profeatam, iv. 24 abit, siriam, optullerunt, varis, langoribus, demonia, 25 gal liae,  
decapilli, iordanien, v. 1 vidiens, set (?) (*pro sedisset*), 2 diciens, 4 consulabuntur, 6 essuriunt,  
7 miss[ericor]des, missericordia, 9 pacificii, 12 gaudite, mercis, vox (*pro vos*), 13 terre, sallietur,  
nissi, 14 possita, 15 domu.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MATTHEW.

[p. 820

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- v. 24 ante (*pro ad*) [altare] *ita k et al.*
- 28 quia (*pro quoniam*) *ita DELR et k*
- xiii. 12 habundauit (*pro abundabit*) *ita (E\*O\*)*
- 15 —et (*post intellegant*)
- 16 uestri (*pro uestrae*)
- 17 +uos (*ante audistis sic*)
- 20 petrosā (*pro petrosa*) (*ut X<sup>c</sup>*)
- 25 hominiis (*pro homines*)
- 26 +et (*ante tunc*)  
T
- 27 suo *sic*
- 28 us (*pro uis*)
- 40 colligunt *vid* (*non colliguntur*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- v. 28 —eam. *Vult —eam secund.*
- xiii. 13 [audient] *Male Abb. audiant.*
- 22 solliciti saeculi saeculis istius (*pro sollicitudo saeculi istius*). *Male Abb.* “solliciti saeculis.”
- 34 in parabulis (*pro in parabolis*) } *Abb.* only says “parabulam” without specifying sine parabulā (*pro sine parabolis*) } which.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- v. 17 profetas, adinplere, 20 nissi, habundauerit, pharisseorum, 22 hirascitur, fatuae, gechene sec. *ut pr.* (*male Abb.* gechenae), 23 monus, 24 monus *bis*, 25 iudicii, 27 mechaueris, 28 mechatius, 29 eruae, **xiii.** 7 sufocauerunt, 8 ‘c’ (*pro centesimum*), xxx (*pro tricesimum*) (*Abb.* records **XL** for sexagesimum but neglects these), 10 parabulis, 11 misteria, 13 parabulis, 14 profetiae (*male Abb.* proph..), essaie, diciens, 15 oculos, conclusserunt, vident, 17 profete, uidiarunt, audir (*pro audire*), 18 parabulam, 20 excipit ?, 21 persequectione. 23 intellegat, ‘c’ (*pro centum*), ‘xxx’, 24 parabulam, propossuit, diciens, 25 sizania, 26 aparuerunt, sizania, 27 sizania, 28 collegimus, 29 collegentes, sizania, 30 sinete, collegite, [zizania] adoburendum, 31 parabulam, propossuit, diciens, 32 parabulam, diciens, 35 profetam, in parabulis, 36 dimisis, parabulam (*non ..olam ut Abb.*), sizaniorum, 37 respondiens, 38 hil, [zizania], 42 fleatus (*pro fletus*).

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *T<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 821]

MATTHEW.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

- Matt.  
xiii. 51 +dñe *post* etiam (*ut D<sub>2</sub>Pmg QR al.*)  
xvi. 17 +ei (*post dixit*)  
18 unum *vid.* *pro* meam  
*ib.* inferni (*pro* inferi)  
*ib.* adversus eū (*pro* adversum eam)  
21 oportet? (*pro* oporteret)  
23 satanas (*pro* satana)  
*ib.* non enim sapis (*pro* quia non sapis)  
24 abnegat (*pro* abneget) *ut LR*  
xvii. 2 splenduit (*pro* resplenduit)  
3 aperuit (*pro* apparuit)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xiii. 51 *init.* +dicit eis, *male Abb.* +dixit eis.  
xvi. 19 quicunque ligaueritis et quicunque solueritis, *non* quidcumque *bis*, *ut* habet Abb. [Recte  
*Abb.* xviii. 18, *quare non in hoc loco?*]  
23 dicere [*non* dicere *ut Abb.*]  
23 ait (*pro* dixit), *non* dit.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xiii. 44 tessauro, 47 sagne mise (*pro* sagena missae), 48 inplete (*pro* impleta), tussa (*pro* uasa), misserunt, 49 separabunt (*cf.* k segregabunt), 52 thensauro, 53 parabulas, 54 sinagogis, 57 pro feata, honone (*pro* honore), nissi, domu, **xvi.** 14 heliā, ex profetis, 17 sangis, reuelauit tibi (*pro* revelavit tibi), 18 pecram *vid.* (*pro* petram), aeclīā, porte, prevaleabunt, 20 dicirent, adsumiens, 26 dauit, cōmottatione, 27 F (*pro* secundum), 38 uidiant, **xvii.** 1 adsūpsit, 3 mōses, 4 trea (*pro* tria) mōsi.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MATTHEW.

[p. 822

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

xvii. 12 quod (*pro* quia)

13 See below

16 suis (*pro* tuis)

17 —huc

26 *fin.* —filii

27 +ibi (*post* invenies)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

xvii. 5 nups (*non* nups) abscondita.

13 Abbott records +sic et filius hominis necesse habet pati, but entirely overlooks *ab eis* which follows pati.

15 malae (*sic*) torquetur (*pro* male patitur). *Perperam* Abb. 'mala torq.'

27 staterā (*pro* staterem). Abb. reports here illā for illum but not stateram.

*Spelling not recorded.*

xvii. 5 diciens, 6 caeciderunt, timuiarunt, 8 nissi, 9 discendentibus, 10 scribe, 13 babtista,  
15 diciens, misserere, 16 obtulli, 17 respondiens, adferte, 18 demonium, 19 secreato, ieccere,  
21 iecitur, nissi, 23 uechimenter, 24 accessiarunt, qui de dragna (*pro* qui didragma), dedragma  
(sec. loco), 25 prevenit, diciens, terre, accib; sic (*pro* a quibus), 27 etpto (*pro* et aperto), sumiens,  
xviii. 3 nissi, eficiamini, 6 pussillis.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *V<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 823]

MATTHEW.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- xviii. 7 See below  
8 abscede eā (*pro* abside eum)  
*ib.* >bonum est tibi (*pro* bonum tibi est)  
9 >est tibi (*pro* tibi est)  
13 quod (*pro* quia)  
17 ethinus (*pro* ethnicus)  
19 q̄si (*pro* quia si)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xviii. 28 adp̄chendiens (*non* adpraechendiens)  
xix. 27 Supply "transfer" before "quid ergo erit nobis : *post ei*"

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xviii.** 7 ascandalis *sic* (*pro* ab scandalis), 8 proiecce, 9 proiecce, absste *sic*, gchenā, 10 contēnatis, 12 'c' (*pro* centum), nonagenta noem *sic*, querere, 13 nonagenta noē *sic*, 14 periat, pussillis, 16 adibe, 17 eclisie, aeclisiā, puplicanus, 21 accediens, 24 coepiset, tallenta, 25 rederet, iusit, 26 procediens, diciens, 28 'c' (*pro* centum), diciens, 29 procedens, diciens, 30 ile (*pro* ille *vñd.*) habuit, missit, **xix.** 28 saecuti, XII trib: ISRT.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $r_2$ .

MATTHEW.

[p. 824]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- xx. 2 cum operarios *sic*  
3 See below  
9 uenerunt (*pro* venerant)  
19 +ad (*ante* flagillandum *sic*)  
23 —meum *prim.* (*ante* bibetis)  
24 contristati sunt (*pro* indignati sunt)  
25 potestates (*pro* potestatem)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xx. 1 “vineam: messem suam” should be “vineam suam: messem suam.”  
3 “vidit: *invenit*” should be et invenit, as *Lawlor*; although I cannot read *invenit* in the photo, the *et* appears, and the original has space for *invenit*.  
4 Tischendorf's text of Amiatinus has *vineam meam*. The real text of *Am.* lacks *meam* (*testa White*) so *Abb.* is right with +mean for  $r_2$ .  
14 “et: om.” *Abb.* does not distinguish which. *Et* is certainly present before *vade*, and there is plenty of room for the second *et* after *autem*. This second one *Lawlor* omits. The third *et* is present. In reality *huic* replaces *et*, but is reduplicated. *Codex* seems to read “*huic novissimo huic*.”  
15 *Abb.* hardly indicates the absence of *mihi*. What *Abb.* read as +*meum*, *Lawlor* prints as *in eis*. *Codex* truly in *eis* but *s* appears to have been cancelled and the *i* elongated as if for *u*. It may read *meis, in eis, or meum*.  
21 sedent *pro* sedeant. *Male Abb.* sedeat.  
26 “quicumque usq. minister: om.” This should be 26/27 —*quicumque usque ad et qui voluerit*, as *et qui voluerit* is omitted in ver. 27.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xx. 2 dinario, missit, 8 uirie, mercidem, 9 acciperunt, 10 accipiarunt, 12 hii, podus (*pro* pondus *vid.*), estus, 13 dinario, 17 ascendiens, adsumpsit, 18 hirusolimā, 20 sebedei, 21 hii, 22 nestis *pro* nescitis, 24 ‘x’ (*pro* decem), 28 redemptionem, . . . 28 queritis.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *T<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 825.]

MATTHEW.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- xx. 30 audientes (*pro* audierunt)  
31 —dicentes  
xxi. 1 +cum (*ante* venissent). (*Abb.* records —cum *post.* et *init.*, but misses the whole point)  
ib. —Jesus  
7 —sua  
9 filii (*pro* filio)  
—propheta  
16 legitimi  
17 in bethania  
24 hoc *vid.* (*pro* haec)  
26 illi *illeg.*

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xx. 32 “et stetit Jesus et; om.” This is wrong. Codex —et stetit Jesus, but has *et* before vocavit.  
xxi. 5 subiugale (*pro* subiugalis) Codex. *Abb.* misprints subingale.  
9 in excelsis (*pro* in altissimis). *Male Abb.* excelsis (—in).  
14 et accel[sserunt illeg.]. *Lawlor* prints *et accedunt* (*Abb.* silent).

*Spelling not recorded.*

- XX. 29 hericho, 34 missertus, uidiarunt, secutae, **xxi.** 1 missit, 2 diciens (*male Lawlor* dicens), 4 impleretur, profeatam, 5 sediens, assinam, assimam, impossuerunt, 8 cedebant, sterniebant (*vid.*), 9 procedebant, ossanna *bis*, 10 hirusolimā, 11 galilae, 12 numulurorū *sic*, 13 uocauitur, speloncam, 15 scribe, 18 essurit, 19 vidiens, nisi, in semperTnū, ficalnia, 21 n̄essitaueritis (*pro* non haesitaveritis), difculnia (*pro* de ficalnea), 23 veniset, accessiuꝝT, senioris, dicentis, 25 baptismum, 26 spfeatā (*pro* sicut prophetam), 28 accedens.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MATTHEW.

[p. 826]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

xxi. 29/30 See below + in viniam

39 See below (deiecerunt)

xxii. 6 autem *pro* vero (and see below as to illius)8 sunt *pro* erant*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*xxi. 29/30 Codex reads: ille autem dixit (eo *illeg.*) dñe et non habiit. Accessit autem ad alium dixit similiter. Ille autem respondit nolo et postea penetentia ductus abiit in viniam.Abbott quite neglects this last + in viniam (= D it *syr*).32 >iohannis (*sic*) ad vos. *Male Abb.* iohannes.39 occiderunt et deiecerunt extra viniam (*pro* eiecerunt extra vineam et occiderunt). *Abb.* neglects *deiecerunt* as a variation.46 inveniarunt should be printed in italics. 'In' is certain. I cannot read the rest in the photograph. But *Lawlor* reads invenierunt. On consulting the original he seems to be wrong. I read an 'a,' inveniarunt.xxii. 4 [parau] *Male Abb.* paratum.6 illius *pro* servos ejus et. *Male Abb.* "—servos ejus et." *Silet de illius.* (Cf. servi illius *r<sub>2</sub> ver.* 10 *pro* servi ejus.)*Spelling not recorded.*

**XXI.** 31 puplicani, meritrices, 32 puplicani, meritrices, credidiarunt, poenitentiam, 33 parabulam, edificavit, ean (*pleno pro eam sec.*), 34 missit, acceperent, 35 adp̄chensis, 36 missit, 37 missit, diciens, 39 adp̄chensū, 40 vīniae, 41 malae (*pro* male), veniam?, 42 capud, factus (*pro* factum *sec. loco*), 45 farissei, 46 querentes, profeatam, habeabant, **XXII.** 1 diciens, 3 missit, 4 missit, diciens, occissa, 5 neglexiarunt, abiarunt, contumilia, 8 parate, fuiarunt, 10 inveniarunt.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *T.*

p. 827]

MATTHEW.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- xxii. 12 uenisti *pro* intrasti  
16 —et (*ante* non est)  
26 +et (*ante* secundus)  
29 —autem?  
33 See below  
36 —est (*post* quod)  
37 diligis *pro* diliges  
38 —enim *vid.*  
39 dileges *pro* diliges  
40 init. +Et *vid.*  
42 dicent *pro* dicunt  
46 nec *pro* neque

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

xxii. 22 His auditis (*non* His aud.).

31 uobis a domino dicente (*pro* a deo dicente vobis). *Non clare Abbott.*

33 Et cum audisset *sic* (*pro* et audientes). *Male Abb.* “cum audissent” et —et.

46 auus  $\div$  (*pro* ausus fuit). *Abbott* records *est* for *fuit*, but neglects *auus*.

xxiii. 3 facite et servatae *sic*.

*Spelling not recorded.*

xxii. 11 veste nuptiale, 12 habiens, 13 mitere, 15 farissei, 17 cessari, 18 temptatis, h̄spochrite,  
21 cessaris *bis* et cessari *vid.*, 24 mōses, habiens, 25 habiens, 28 -uu- (*sic hoc loco*), 32 abrachā,  
fissāc, 34 farissei, sadduceis, 35 temptans, 37 menta *pro* mente, 40 hiis, profete, 41 farisseis,  
42 diciens, 43 diciens, 44 scabellum, xxiii. 2 diciens, m̄osi, sediarunt *vid.*, scribe et farissei,  
3 ~~F~~ *pro* secundum.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MATTHEW.

[p. 828]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- xxiii. 4 honorograuaia *sic* (*pro* onera gravia)  
 6 autem *pro* enim  
 9 >est enim  
 15 circumitis (*pro* circuitis)  
 16 iurauerat (*pro* juraverit *prim.* [non *sec.*])  
*ib.* nil (*pro* nihil) [ver. 18 nihil]  
 18 See below  
*ib.* iurauerat (*pro* juraverit *sec.* [non *prim.*])  
 19 enim *bis script.*  
 23 qui' *pro* quia  
*ib.* oportuerat *sic*  
 27 —hypochritae  
*ib.* omnes *pro* omni (*prob.* omne spurcitia)  
 28 ficta simulatione? (*pro* hypocrisi)  
 34 —vestris

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xxiii. 13/14/15 qui *pro* quia, introitis, introire. Abbott calls these variations in *ver.* 14, and adds after 15 +etc., but this is really verse 14 +Ve (*sic*) vobis scribe et farissei chipochrite qui comeditis domum vidbarum Occassione (*sic*) longa orantes propter hoc accipietis amplius iudicium.  
 15 factus fuerit *sic*. *Male Abb.* factum fuerit.  
 18 sed quicumque *pro* qui autem. *Male Abb.* negl. quicumque

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xxiii. 4 humeros, moueri, 5 uidiantur, abdominib: *sic* *pro* ab hominibus, filacteria, fimbrias, 6 sinagogis, 13 scribe, farissei, chipochrite, 13 (14) cluditis, introiuentes, 15 scribe, farissei, ch̄pocrite, prosilitum, gephene, 16 ceci, 22 sedit, 23 scribe, farissei, ch̄pochrite, missericordiam, 24 calicem (*pro* culicem), camellum, glutentis, 25 [scribae], farissei, chipochrite, 26 farissae caece, 27 scribe, farisse, speciosa, pleana, (omnes p[ur]icitia), 29 Ug, scribe?, ....ssei, ch̄pochrite, edificatis, profetarum, 30 essimus vid., sanguine profetarum, 33 gephene, 34 profeatas, flagillabitis, sinagogis.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $r_2$ .

p. 829]

MATTHEW.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

- Matt.  
 xxiii. 35 Abiel (*pro* Abel)  
 xxiv. 1 +ad eum (*ante* discipuli ejus)  
 2 -eis  
 3 -ad eum ?  
 ib. +ejus (3) *post* discipuli  
 4 init. +quibus } Abb. neglects all this, giving no various readings in verse 4. [Verse 5  
 ib. -Iesus } agrees with Amiatinus].  
 ib. -eis  
 6 [fi = haec]. *Male Lawlor* hoc  
 11 seodopfete sic (cf. ver. 24)  
 12 habundaut (*pro* abundabit)  
 15 desolutionis (*pro* desolationis). (Common Irish spelling, but should be noted as a variant  
 here).  
 19 prignantibus (*pro* praegnatibus)  
 21 -tunc  
 ib. saeculi (*pro* mundi)  
 24 seodo xp̄i sic  
 ib. seodo p̄tere sic  
 27 exiit *pro* exit  
 29 obscurabuntur sic pleno *pro* obscurabitur  
 31 assūmōs vid.\* *pro* a summis. *Lawlor* however reads assūmīs and no doubt rightly.

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xxiv. 1 Et ressus *Lawlor*, sed recte Abbott “-et prius.” Codex “Egressusib.”  
 3 in sacriato sic. Abb. gives +in but neglects the form of sacriato. This is misleading  
 as he acts differently elsewhere.  
 12 q̄ vid. Abbott has quod, but *Lawlor* quia. It is certainly not *quod*.  
 18 uERTATUR sic *pro* revertatur. Abbott says “revertatur (sic\*).” This is quite wrong.  
 First hand never wrote *rev*. It stands *ñUERTATUR*. The superior “ may be second  
 hand for *vertantur*. But read *non revertatur* or *non vertantur*, not *non rev...*  
 20 cheme (*pro* hieme). *Male* Abb. dieme. The vg<sup>R</sup> confirms my reading of the photo and  
 so does the ms Wurzburg, and so reads *Lawlor* for  $r_2$ . The MS. is perfectly clear.  
 26 autem *pro* ergo teste Abbott, sed enim teste *Lawlor*. Not quite certain from photogr.,  
 but looks as if Abbott were right with *autem* (hr.). The magnifying glass on the MS.  
 itself shows the symbol for *enim* (as *Lawlor*) but the cross-stroke does not appear to  
 be original.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xxiii. 35 effussus, sanguinem [*sed supra* sanguine], sacharie, 37 hirusalem hirusalem, profeatas,  
 quotiens, XXIV. 1 accessiarunt, ostenderunt, 2 relincketur, distruantur, 3 seculi, 6 oppiniones, 7 terre,  
 16 in iudia, 22 nisi, brebiabuntur (*pro* breuiabuntur sec. loco), 28 aquile, 29 dauit, stelle, 30 terre,  
 31 quatuor, 32 (para)bulam.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MATTHEW.

[p. 830]

Matt.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

- xxiv. 34 >generatio haec  
 35 TRÄ sic (*pro terra*)  
 ib. autem *pro* vero  
 36 —neque angeli caelorum  
 37 enim *pro* autem  
 42 fin. est (+) *pro* sit  
 43 consentiret *pro* sineret teste Lawlor. Negl. Abb. Partim illeg. photo.  
 xxv. 1 obiā sic *pro* obviam  
 4 autem *pro* vero  
 ib. +secum (*post* oleum)  
 6 obiā sic *pro* obviam

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xxiv. 34 fin. Abbott prints "fiant [omnia haec]." Codex has *dono* fiant. There does not seem to be room for *omnia haec* afterwards, but it does not precede *fiant*. Perhaps codex omits *haec* with some *latt.* So Lawlor [omnia], but space seems to favor *haec* (ñ) and not *omnia*.  
 36 vel *pro* et *primi*. Abb. does not say which.  
 41 altera *pro* una sec. So Abbott, but codex is *alter* (alñ) not *altera*.  
 46 +ejus (3) *post* dominus } Abb. says "ejus: +est," but *Amiatinus\** is without *eius*.  
 +est (+) *post* ejus  
 50 init. " +cum hoc" Abb., but Lawlor reads *cum autem*. I agree with Lawlor.  
 xxv. 1 Similabitor *pro* simile crit. Male Abb. similabitur.  
 ib. Codex: lampadas suas. Male Abb. lampadas sine suas.  
 ib. et prodiarunt *pro* exierunt. Male Abb. et prodierunt.  
 7 Codex: oñs ille uirgines *pro* omnes virgines illae. Abb. says "ille virgines," but as oñs stands for *omnis* or *omnes* it should be mentioned.  
 9 ad ñves qui vendunt (*pro* ad vendentes et). Abb. does not clearly indicate the omission of *et* before *emite*. The oves, by cancellation of o and v, is meant to be read as *eos*. Note, curiously enough, just beyond on the next page of the MS. (xxv. 32) the mistake is made inversely, the scribe writing *eos* for *oves*. Irish pronunciation has always been a stumbling-block to spelling! As I passed in the street this day (2 July, 1919) in Dublin I heard a man, who was preparing to put some petrol into his reservoir, calling loudly for a "fonnel."  
 12 +quia (q) *ante* nescio. Abb. prints +quod, but the same (and only) symbol for *quia* occurs immediately afterwards in verse 13.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- XXIV. 36 nissi, 38 diluium, 39 diluium, tullit, 40 adsummetur, 41 due, adsummetur, 43 perfoderi, 45 cñbum, XXV. 1 'x' *pro* decem, et sponse, 2 'u' *pro* quinque, 3 sumperunt, 4 in uassis, 8 nostre, 9 putius *pro* potius, 10 parate, 11 aperii, 13 nesquitis sic *pro* nescitis, 14 proficiisciens, 15 'u' *pro* quinque, tallenta, F *pro* secundum.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $r_2$ .

p. 831]

MATTHEW.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

xxv. 18 acciperit (*pro acceperat*) †20 — *talenta secund.*

28 See below.

38 *fin.* + *te post cooperuimus**Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*xxv. 19 *Pūmūltū sic vid.* (*Abb.* : “*pumultum*”). *Vult librarius* “Post multum.”

*ib.* Et cūpōsūt rationēm eis (*pro Et posuit rationem cum eis*). *Abbott* merely says “*cum: om.*” (before eis), but the *cum* in  $r_2$  seems merely to be transferred to the verb (which *Abbott* overlooks), and this is a severe rendering of the Greek  $\sigma v v \alpha\pi\epsilon t$ . This reading of  $r_2$  therefore is older than the Irish Vulgates, which do not exhibit it, nor does  $r_1$  nor do the other *vett.*  $f_1$  however has *ut acciperet ab eis rationem* (*cf. syr.*), and  $d$  has *et tollit rationem cum eis*; but  $\delta$  has *et ratiocinat3*  $\div$  *cum eis rationē*, again as  $r_2$ , independently rendering *συναρπεται*. The independent ones here then are  $d$  with *tollit*,  $\delta$  with *ratiocinatus est*,  $f_1$  with *acciperet rat.*, and  $r_2$  compositus. *Wordsworth* and *White* chronicle no variations, nor does *Tisch*, so that the matter is lost to sight in the critical editions. The affair somewhat exercised the ancient interpreters, for we find *aeth* rendering *et incepit conferre rationem cum iis*. (With  $r_2$  *cum* and *con* as prefixes are interchangeable. See *Mark vi. 25 confestigatione* for *cum festinatione*).

24 *scebam sic* (*pro scio*). *Abb.* has wrongly *scebam*, yet prints *scebas* correctly in verse 26.

27 *cū ussuris* (*quod*) *meū*  $\div$  (*pro utique quod meum est cum usura*). *Abb.* does not clearly indicate the omission of *utique*. In the photogr. *quod* is quite illegible, but space exists for it.

28 *dā sic* (*plane*) *pro date*. *Abb.* says “*date: om.*”, but this is wrong.

29 *habundabit ei* (*pro abundabit*; *ei*) } *Abb.* says “*autem: om.*”, but the *ei* seems to belong to *habundabit* (as above to *dabitur*) and *qui non ib.* — *autem* } (*without autem*) to begin the next sentence.

31 *Abbott* should be verse 32 [ver. 31 without variation].

39 † (*vel*) *pro aut* } *Abb.* says “*aut (bis) : vel*,” but this is not correct.  
† (*vel*) *pro et prim.* (*ante in carcere*) } The second *vel* replaces *et*, not *aut*.

*Spelling not recorded.*

XXXV. 16 · u. (*pro quinque*) *bis*, tallenta, 17 acciperat, † 20 · u. (*pro quinque*) *gnater*, tallenta *prim.* *et tert.*, obtullit, diciens, 24 tallentum, acciperat, † 25 tallentum, 27 peccuniam, numularis, recipissen, 28 tallentum, · x · *pro decem*, tal'enta, 32 abedis *pro ab haedis*, 33 edos *pro haedos*, senistris, 34 possedit, 35 essurivi, ospes [*sed hospitem ver. 38*], 36 uissitatis, 37 essurientem, 40 quandiu (*pleno*), 41 hiis, senistris, eternum, 42 essuriui, 43 hospis, 44 essurientem, 45 diciens, quandiu, 46 eternum.

*Abbott* chronicles *acciperat* at xxv. 20, showing that he merely overlooked these readings in xxv. 17 18 above, and xxv. 24 below.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MATTHEW.

[p. 832]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- xxvi. 2 fiat *pro* fiet  
*ib.* crucifigetur (*teste Lawlor*; -atur vel -etur illeg. photogr.)  
 3 uocabatur *pro* dicebatur  
 6 in domum *vel* in domu *pro* in domo  
 11 non (ñ) *pro* nam  
 45 ait (*pro* dicit)  
 47 —venit (and *Lawlor* prints "unus de XII et cum eo." Photo does not reveal *de* XII,  
     but there is no room for *venit*).  
 53 init. aut non (ñ n sic) *pro* an (and so *Lawlor* reads)  
*ib.* —modo  
*ib.* +milia (*ante* legionis sic)  
 54 quasi (*pro* quia sic)  
 60 novisse *pro* novissime

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xxvi. 8 quod cum vidissent discipuli (*pro* videntes autem discipuli). *Abb.* is not quite clear  
     that *autem* is omitted.  
 9 hoc (*pro* enim istud). *Abb.* only says "istud: om." as if *potuit enim*. *Lawlor* repeats  
     *haec*, but M.S. is; "haec potuit hoc" (ñ potuit h).  
*ib.* pretia magna sic *vid.* fere certe me judice (*pro* multo). *Abb.* prints pretio magno, and  
     *Lawlor* pretio magna.  
 12 in corpus meum ungentum (*vid.*; *Abb.* unguentum) *pro* haec ung. hoc in corpus meum.  
 58 exitum rei *pro* finem. *Male Abb.* "exitum." Neglexit rei.  
 62 Post illi +adjuro te per deum vivum ut dicas nobis si tu es χριστος filius dei vivi et dixit illi,  
     (*pergens*): nihil respondis ad ea quae isti adversus testificantur (—te). *Negl. Abb.*  
     "—te."  
*Addit.* ex vers. 63, sed in vers. 63 habet etiam *r<sub>2</sub>*. Non lucide *Abb.*

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xxvi. 3 caiphas, 7 habiens, 15 'xxx' *pro* triginta, 17 azemorum, phascha [ed pasoha vers. 2],  
 45 adpropincauit ora, 46 adpropincauit, 47 glidis, misi, 48 diciens, 49 ave, 50 incierunt, 51 exten-  
 diens, 53 'xii' *pro* duodecim, 54 inplebuntur scripture, 55 comprehendere, 56 profetarum, 57 caifán,  
 scribe, 59 querebant, 61 tridū, 62 surgiens.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $\tau_2$ .

p. 833]

MATTHEW.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

xxvi. 67 -eum

70 quid *pro* quod

72 eum *pro* cum (*id est* "negavit eum juramento," *et confirmat Lawlor*)

73 loquellam tuam *pro* loquella tua (*vide infra*)

74 quod *pro* quia

xxvii. 13 dicunt (dnt) *pro* dicant

14/15 uno tenore. *Init* vers. 15 Consuerat *vid.*

16 habebant, (*pro* habebat), *ut Gr. contra vgg* plur

18 autem *pro* enim

*ib fin.* tradiderunt eum *vid.* (*pro* tradidissent eum). *Confirmat Lawlor*

20 init. principes *pro* princeps

*ib.* + populi (*post* seniores)

*ib.* ih̄s (*pro* Iesum)

*ib.* autem *pro* vero

24 + suas (*post* manus)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

xxvi. 71 ad janua *pro* januam. Abb. has +ad, but nothing of *janua* for *januam*.

73 accipiarunt *pro* accesserunt. *Male Abb.* acciperunt.

*ib.* manifesta te vel manifestatē (*pro* manifestum te facit) *Non lucide Abb.* -facit.

xxvii. 3 vidiens (*sic*, male Abb. videns) +ih̄s.

8 +quod est ante ager sanguinis. *In Abb. lege* "sec. loco" *post* ager.

9 dictum erat *pro* dictum est. *In Abb. lege* "secunda." *post* est.

19 pas: *vid.* = pasus *pro* passa. Abb. passus.

21 de duobus dimittam vobis (*sic*) *pro* vobis de duobus dimitti. (*Male Abb.*)

24 quia quod (q. q̄) fecit nihil *pro* quia nihil proficeret. *Lawlor* agrees to read *P* as *quod*, Abbott read it as *pro* (*P*) and prints *quia profecit nihil*.

*Spelling not recorded.*

XXVI. 65 blasphemiam, 67 faciam, colofis, 69 galilio, 70 diciens, 71 exiunte, XXVII. 2 tradidilarunt, p̄slo, pressidi, 3 poenetentia, retullit, truogenta (*pro* triginta), 4 diciens, 5 piecteiis (*pro* proiectis, *non piecteiis*), 7 perigrinorum, 8 [acheldemāch *vid.*: *Lawlor* acheldemath], 8 odiernum, 9 inpletum, herēmiam, profeatam, acciperit *sic sine lin. occult.*, xxx *pro* triginta, adpretatiuerunt, 11 pressidem, presses, iudeorum, 13 p̄satus, 14 presis, uechimenter, 15 pressis, dimitere, voluisent, 17 p̄satus, barabán, 19 missit, diciens, 20 [peterent, *male Lawlor* peteret], barabbán, 21 presis, dxR̄T̄T̄ sic, [barabbán *hoc loco*], 22 p̄satus, 23 pressis, 24 vidiehs, p̄satus, accepta, diciens, assanguine.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r.*

MATTHEW.

[p. 834

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Matt.

- xxvii. 28 clamidem cociniam ē dederunt ei *pro* clamydem coccineam circumdederunt ei.  
32 angarizaverunt *vid.*  
*ib.*, tollerent *pro* tolleret  
33 golgota  
35 — eum  
43 libenter *sic* (*pro* liberet)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xxvii. 25 Et rēs uniuersa t'ba *pro* Et respondens universus populus. *Lawlor* prints respondēns in full. I wonder why. *Abbott* responds.  
31 et spoliaverunt eum calamidem ut crucifigeretur induerunt cum (*forsan eum*) vestimente sua (*pro* et exuerunt eum vestimentis ejus et duxerunt eum ut crucifigerent). *Non satis clare Abb.*  
35 miserunt sortes (*pleno*) *pro* sortem mittentes. *In Abb.* adde “*primo loco*” [miserunt sortē sec. loco].  
37 scriptū ~~+~~ *pro* scriptam. *Male Abb.* “*scriptum + est.*” *Amiat.* habet scriptam. *Ergo lege:* scriptum est *pro* scriptam.  
39 Transseuntes *sic*, *pro* Praetereuntes. *Male Abb.* transeuntes.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xxvii. 26 dimissit, [barabbán], 27 militis presides *sic*, chortem, 29 capud, arundinem, ave, iudeorum, 30 arundinem, percutiabant, capud, 33 calvarie, 35 divisiarunt, inpleretur, per profeatam, divisiarunt, siui *pro* sibi, 37 capud, iudeorum, 39 blasphemabant, 40/41 uno tenore, 42 descendat, 48 inplenit, inpossit. 51 scisum, assummo, scise, 53 exiuentes, 54 centorio, fiabant, 55 galilia, 56 magdaleana, sebedei, 58 p̄latū, iusit.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *T<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 835]

MARK.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

- i.    11 *init* — Et *pr man*  
13 *fin.* ei *pro illi?*  
17 — eis *vid.* (*cum R et sax*)  
21 +in (*ante sinagogā sic*)  
26 exit *pro exiuit*  
27 concirerent  
29 *fin.* —et iohanne?  
30 +eum *vid.* *post febricitans*  
32 adferebat *pro afferebant*  
37 —eum *vid.*  
39 in sinagoga (*pro in synagogis*)  
*ib.* galilae (*pro galilaea*)  
ii.    4 tecum *pro tectum*

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- i.    4 poenetentiae (*male Abb. paenit.*) babbismum +iohnannis.  
26 “—et” teste Abb., but the ligature may be meant for *Et ex.* Anyhow he should say  
“—et sec.”

*Spelling not recorded.*

Mark i. 2 essaia, fea *sic*, pparauit, 4 iohannis, babtizans, pdicans, remisionem, 5 aegrediebatur, india, hirusolimitae, 6 iohannis, pillis camelli, locustas, pdicabat, diciens, 7 procumbiens, corregiam, 8 babtizauui, babtizauit, 9 galillae, babtizatus, 10 discendentem, 11 daecaelis, complacui, 13 xl bis, temptabatur, 14 iohannis, in galiliā, inpletum, adpropincauit, 19 pussillum, sebedei *vid.*, 20 sebedeo *vid.*, mercinaris, 21 doceabat, 22 dociens, habiens, scribe, 24 diciens, 25 diciens, obmutiasce, 26 discripiens, 27 obedientiunt, 29 sinagoga, andria?, 32 demonia, 34 varis langoribus, demonia, ieciebat, 35 surgiens, horabat, 39 pdicans, demomomia (demonia omnia?), iecciens, 41 missertus, tangiens, 42 dixiset, 43 iecxit, 44 pcpit moſses, 45 ita *pro ita* (cf. ii. 12), conueniant, II. 2 in domu, conueniarunt, 3 paraliticum, portebatur *vid.*, 4 grauattum, paraliticus, 5 paralitico, 7 blasfemat, nisi, 9 paralitico, grauattum, 10 paralitico.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MARK.

[p. 836]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

- ii. 12 [Habet quia? Illeg.]  
 15 in domum *pro* in domo  
 ib. multiplicani *pro* multi publicani  
 16 discipuli Θ (*pro* discipulis ejus)  
 21 +enim post nemo  
 ib. vestimenti veteri *pro* vestimento veteri  
 25 essuruit  
 ib. usque *pro* ipse  
 26 abithár *pro* abiathar  
 27 factus *pro* factum  
 iii. 1 introiuit  
 5 super caecitatem *pro* super caecitate  
 7 +a ante iudea [illeg.]  
 10 inruerunt (*pro* inruerent). Cf. vg<sup>L</sup> et W<sup>R</sup>  
 12 communabat sic vid.  
 iv. 20 quia *pro* qui secund.  
 22 -fictum est  
 26 in terra *pro* in terram  
 31 minimum (*pro* minus) ut vgg<sup>E</sup> mg<sup>R</sup>  
 34 siue vid. (*pro* sine)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- ii. 12 Lege sublauatto, non sublauato (*pro* sublato).  
 15 [ejus]. Male Abb. suis *pro* ejus. Codex habet Θ.  
 16 >cum puplcanis (sic) et peccatoribus in primo loco, p̄gens plane: “dicebant discipuli (sic) Θ quare cum puplcanis (sic) et peccatoribus manducat et bibit magister vester.”  
 Male male Abbott “peccatoribus usque cum om.”  
 18 ieunauit vid. (errore) *pro* ieunant prim. Abb. merely says “ieiunavit” without any indication of where in the verse.  
 22 uteros. Lege “pr. loco” [utres alibi in versu]. Ibid. veteros *pro* veteres.  
 ib fin. +et utraque serviantur sic (non et utraque servantur Abb.).  
 iii. 6 >farissei (sic) statim.  
 17 tunitri filii (non tun. filei ut Abb.).  
 19 scariothis should be in italics. (Am. reads scariot).  
 23 ieccere sic. (Abb. eicere).  
 iv. 26 Abb. says: faciat ea (ut vid.) *pro* jaciat, but omits to state that homo follows this and does not precede as in Am. (faciat is read by vg<sup>D</sup>).  
 31 Codex: “sī + ut” (= “sicut est ut”?)

*Spelling not recorded.*

- ii. 11 grauattum, 12 grauatto, ita *pro* ita (ut supra i. 45), 13 doceabat?, 14 alfei, surgiens, 16 scribe, farissei, 18 farissei, farisseorum, 21 adsumentum, adsuit, scisura, 24 farissei, 26 propositio[n]is, III. 1 sinagogam, habiens, 3 haridam, 6 hirod ianis, 7 galilia, 8 ab hirusolimis, ab idumia, iordanien, sindon[em] *pro* sidonem, 9 comprimerent, 11 procedebant, 12 vechimenter, 13 ascendiens, 14 predicare, 15 demonia, 16 et 17 inpossuit, 17 sebedei, bonarges, 18 andriam, pilipum, barthalomeum, matheum, [thomam], alfaei, thatheum, cannaneum, 22 scribe, hirusolimis, discederant, belsebub [b fin. vel i illeg.], ieccit, demonia, 23 parabulis, dicebat, IV. 10 deceiptio, [re]lica, 20 xxx *pro* triginta [sed sexagenta pleno], c<sup>r</sup> *pro* centum, 22 oculum, 30 adsimulauius, parabula (vel parabulae), comparauius, 32 magn (sic vid.) *pro* magnos, posint vid., 33 parabulis, 34 parabula, deseribat, 35 transiamus.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 837]

MARK.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

- iv. 38 magist̄ ſū sic vid. pro magister non (r̄ a sec. man.)
- 39 — et quint. ante facta
- v. 15 quia (q. compendio) pro qui a [demonio]
- 16 et pro si
- 24 comprehendebat sic (n a sec. man.)
- vi. 14 +enim (inter est et nō 3)
- ib. virtutes operantur (pro inopinantur virtutes)
- 17 —misit. Abb. notes et for ac, but forgets to record omission of misit. Codex: "Ipse enim herodis & tenuit"
- 20 +quod ante multa (vide infra) = vgg<sup>DAPLQ.</sup>

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- iv. 36 demitt̄t̄ris sic pro dimittentes. Vult Abb. demittentis, sed *r<sub>2</sub>* vid. demitteritis.
- 38 —pertinet vid. Abb., but there might just be room for it.
- 40 magno timore *r<sub>2</sub>* ut recte Abb. (contra AmiatTisch timore magno, sed testibus Wordsw.
- White Am. = magno timore *cum plur.*
- v. 2 —ei primo loco. Abb. does not state which.
- 25 fluio (pro profluvio). Non fluvio ut. Abb.
- vi. 20 autem pro eum should be autem pro eum prim.
- ib. Abb. says "audito usq. eum: om." This is an error. Codex has: iustum et sc̄m €t custodiabat (sic) eum & audito eo quod (sic) multa faciabat (sic) & libenter eum audiebat.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- iv. 37 inpleretur, 38 in pupi, 39 exurgiens, trancillitās, 40 timularunt, obediunt, v. 3 nece (pro neque), 4 sepe, conpedes, 5 concidiens, 6 vidiens, 7 torceas, 8 exii, 11 pasciens, 13 suffucati, fin. mari, 14 egredi, 16 demonium, 18 demonio, 19 feceret vid., missertus, 20 predicare, decapulli, 21 transcedisset, transfreatum, 22 archisinagogis, iarus vid., vidiens, procedit, 23 diprecabatur, diciens, extrimis, 24 eabii, 25 XII pro duodecim, 26 conpluribus, quiquam, proficerat, 27 et 30 titigit, 31 diceabant, vi. 14 iohannis baptista, 15 profeta, profetis, 16 hirodis, decolau, iohannem pleno (pro iohannen) [illeg. ver. 17, iohannē ver. 20], 17 herodis, 18 iohannis, 20 herodis, mettuebat, 21 hirodis, ceanam, galiliae, 22 hirodiadis, placuiset, hirodi, puelle, uiis (pro vis), 23 poetieris vid., demedium, 24 capud, baptiste, 25 diciens, capud, baptistae, 27 miso, precipi capud, decolauit, 28 adtullit, capud, puelle (pro puellae), puialla (pro puella) [vide vii. 30], 29 tullerunt, possuerunt, 30 renuntiauiarunt, 31 pussillum, habiebant, 32 habierunt (pro abierunt) [sed abeuntes ver. 33], 33 preveniarunt, 34 missertus.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

- vi. 40 discumbuerunt  
 48 contrarius (*—eis vid.*)  
 ib. ejus (3) *pro et secund.*, *ante circa* }  
 ib. supra *pro* super  
 vii. 3 manducent (*pro* manducant)  
 4 baptismate (*pro* baptismata)  
 15 +in (*ante eum sec.*)  
 18 intellegistis (*pro* intellegitis)  
 21 cogitationis mala (*pro* cogitationes malae)  
 26 sirofinissa  
 ib. erogabat (*pro* et rogabat)  
 31 pre (*pro* per) = p̄ non p̄ ut solet  
 ib. sidonīa (*pro* sidonem)  
 33 —et sec. *ante* expuens  
 34 effeta  
 viii. 1 +suis *post* discipulis  
 2 manducant (*pro* manducant)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- ( vi. 37 rēs (= *hoc loco respondit ut Abb. recte*). Undoubtedly here, this abbreviation, common to both *respondens* and *respondit*, is responsible for the loss of *ait illis* ).  
 48 —eos prim. Abb. neglects to indicate which.  
 51 stupebat sic  
 vii. 3 manus lauent (*pro* lauerint manus). Male Abb. manus lauerint.  
 4 babtizarentur *pro* baptizentur. Male Abb. babtizantur.  
 5 manduauit (*sic*) +homo (*pro* manducant). Abb. has manducauit +homo.  
 15 qui (*pro* quae prim.) Abb. does not say which.  
 32 diprecabantur sic. Male Abb. diprecabuntur.  
 36 dicebat sic plane *pro* præcipicbat. Male Abb. praedicebat.  
 37 mirabat' sic a prima manu.  
 ib. facit *pro* fecit sec. Abb. does not indicate which.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- Vi. 35 eriā (*pro* et jam), 37 denaris, ducentes, 38 'u' *pro* quinque, 39 precepit, † *pro* secundum, 40 centennos *vid.*, 41 'u' *pro* quinque, intuiens, diuissit, 43 sustullerunt, XII cofinos, 44 'u' milia, 45 bethsaida' sic, 46 dimisiset, 48 vidiens, 49 vidiarunt, fantasma, 50 vidiarunt, 51 navim, 52 obceccatum, 53 genazareth, adiplicerunt, 55 percurrantes, grauattiis, circumfere, audiabant, 56 ponebaant, † diprecabantur, fin. fiabant, vii. 1 farissei, hirusolimis, 2 commonibus, 3 farissei, iudei, nissi, 4 furo *pro* foro, nissi, 5 farissei, scribe, commonibus, 6 profetauit, labis, 8 babtismata, 9 inritu, to moſis sic, 12 dimittetis, quiquam, 15 posit, coincinare, procidunt, 17 parabulam, 18 ectrinsecus, 20 exiunt, 21 fornicationis, 23 commonicant, 24 surgiens, 25 procedit, 26 demonium, iecceret, 27 mitere, 29, 30 demonium, 30 piallam (*pro* puellam) [vide vi. 28], 31 galilię, decapuleos, 33 adprechendens, missit, titigit, lingam, 35 aperte, rectae, 36 precipit, predicabant fin., 37 sordos.

† Cf. vocaa (*Luc. xiv. 13*), paraa (*Luc. xvii. 8*), et qf. ed. meam MORGAN GOSPELS de veraax (*Math. xx* et ed. BUCHANAN HARL. 1023 de Abrahama. Cf. etiam doo (*pro* do) in *Luc. iv. 6 infra in r<sub>2</sub>*.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *T<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 839]

MARK.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

viii. 3 quia *pro* quidam

4 in solitudinis

5 *q*(= quod) *pro* quot6 dabit *pro* dabat (dedit *v.g.QL*)11 ab eo (*pro* ab illo)17 cognoscetis (*pro* cognoscit)18 neque *pro* nec

29 — vero

ix. 3/4 cum ihū (*pro* cum Iesu)9/10 Post resurrexit ver. 9 *fin.* + et verbum continuerunt apud se (cf. *v.g.*)10 oportet (*pro* oporteat)20 occidit (*pro* accidit) [sed cf. ix. 14 occurentes *pro* occurrentes] †22 + sunt (*post* possibilia)*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*viii. 6 super . . . agit. *Male Abb. ver. 5.*8 fuerat (*pro* superaverat). *Male Abb.* superfuerat.20 sustullistis (*pro* tulistis). *Male Abb.* sustulistiſ.36 et animam suam detrimentum faciat sic. *Male Abb.* faciet, tamquam notauit satiat supra in ver. 35.ix. 5 quoddiceret sic (*pro* quid diceret). *Abb.* simply reports *qui diceret*, but the *d* is only absorbed. It would have been well had he reported other things as conscientiously.6 dilect: (*pro* carissimus) *id est* dilectus non dilectissimus *ut Abb.* There can be no mistake. *Codex:* fili: meus dilect:17 ubique (ubiq; sic) *pro* ubicumque. *Male Abb.* ubi.19 conturbabit (*codex* sic, *Abb.* conturbavit) eū sp̄s (*pro* spiritus conturbavit eum).*Spelling not recorded.*

**VIII.** 3 dimissero, ueniarunt, 5 et 6 et 8 'ui' *pro* septem, 6 precipit, adposuerunt, 8 sustulerunt, 9 'uii' *pro* quattuor, dimisit, 10 statim, ascendiens, natim, 11 farissei, ceperunt concirere, 12 mptantes, 12 querit, 13 dimittens, ascendiens, 14 nissi, 19 'u' (*pro* quinque) *bis*, cofinos, XII (*pro* duodecim), 20 uif (*pro* septem) *bis*, IIII (*pro* quattuor), 22 cecum [sed caeci vers. 23], 23 adprehendiens, 24 uideo, uelud, 25 impossuit, cepit (*pro* coepit) [sed coepit vers. 31], clarae, 26 missit, diciens [sed dicens vers. 27, et dicentes vers. 28], 27 cessariae p̄lippi, 28 iohannē sic babtistā, heliā, p̄fetis, 32 locebatur, adprehendiens, cepit, 33 vidiens, diciens, 37 daut, commotationem, 39 diciabat, vident. **IX.** 3/4 mōsi, 4 trea, helie, 6 diciens, 7 uidiarunt, 7/8 nissi, 8 discendentibus, precipit, 9 concirentes, 10 heliā, 11 contemptnatur, 12 5 *pro* sicut [sed x. 1 sicut pleno; de novo si XII. 26], 13 concirentes, 14 vidiens, 15 concritis, 16 adtulli, 17 adprehenderit, 18 quandiu *bis*, ap̄ (*pro* apud), 19 adtullerunt, 21 missit, 21 et 23 adjuba.

† But if Abbott cites the one, as he does in ix. 14, surely the real variation in ix. 20 is more important.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *M.*

MARK.

[p. 840]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

- ix. 24 et mutae sp̄s
- 27 illum (*pro eum sec.*)
- 32 tractabitis (*pro tractabatis*)
- 33 At ille (*sic*) [tacebant]
- 36 qq̄ēq; *sic*
- 40 — suam *fin.*
- 44 >scandalizat te
- x. 1 surgiens (*pro exsurgens*)
- 7 suū *sic fin.* (*post uxorem*)
- 13 >ut illos tangeret (*cf. Sod<sup>050</sup> al. pauc. et f. Negl. Wordsw. fin notulis*)
- 14 quoscumque (*pro quos cum*)
- 15 parvulos (*pro parvulus*)
- 16 inponens eos manus super illos *sic*, *id est*, + eos *post inponens*
- ib fin.* illos (*pro eos*)
- 17 magis bonae *sic* (*pro magister bone*). (*Alibi magister = magist̄ passim*)
- 30 persecutionibus (*pro persecutoribus*)
- 32 —in *secund.*
- 33 —in
- 39 baptizemini (*pro baptizabimini*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- ix. 37 iohannanis *sic* (*non iohananis ut Abb.*)
- x. 16 complectans *pleno* (*pro complexans*). *Male Abb.* complectans.
- 19 non adulterabis, non occidas, ne fureris, non falsum testimonium dixeris, ne fraudem feceris. *Male Abb.* non *pro ne sec. et tert.* *Lege non pro ne sec. et quart.*
- 23/24 *Lege om* quam difficile ver. 23 usque ad filioli ver. 24.
- 28 sumi (*pro sumus*). *Male Abb.* sumis.
- 29 Rēs ih̄s (—ait) = Respondit ih̄s *pro* Respondens ih̄s ait. *Bene Abb.* —ait, *sed non interpr.* respondit *pro* respondens.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- ix. 24 [dicens hoc loco], exii, introias, 25 discripiens, mortūs *pr.*, MORT: *sec.* (*ambo vid.* mortus), 26 tenias, 27 iecere, 28 nissi, 29 galiliam, 30 docebat, diciabat, 32 ueniarunt, cafernaum, 34 resediens, XII (*pro duodecim*), 35 complexus, 36 recipiterit (*pro receperit*), [recipit], suscepit (*pro suscepit*), missit, 37 diciens, demonia, proibiuimus, 38 proibere, 40 aq: *sic* (*pro aquae*), mercidem, 41 pussillis, assinaria, 42 et 44 gechenā [*sed 46 genā*], 44 éternam, [ignis] inextinguibiles, 46 iecce, genā (*pro gehennam contra morem gechenā*, ver. 42, 44), X. 1 iude, 2 farissei, temptantes, 3 precipit (*vel precepit*), 3 et 4 mōses, 4 permisit, repudi, 5 duriciam *vid.*, preceptum, 6 creature, 7 aderebit, 10 do.nu, 11 et 12 dimisserit, 12 mechatur, 14 tullit, proibueritis, 15 velud, 17 procurriens, geno flexo, 18 nissi, 20 iubentur, 21 tessaurum, 22 meriens, habiens, posesiones, 23 circumspeciens, 24 quam deficile est, in peccunis, 25 camellum, 27 intuiens, 28 cepit [*non vers. 32*], dicire [*et vers. 32*], 30 domus, 32 hirusolima, precedebat, adsumiens, XII (*pro duodecim*), dicire, 35 iohannis, sebedei, uobis *fin.* (*pro nobis*), 37 ſeam: *sic* (*pro sedeamus*), 38 baptismum, bibtzor, bibtzari, 39 posumus, baptismum, bibtzor.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $\tau_2$ .

p. 841]

MARK.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

- x. 46 venerunt *pro* veniunt (= *vgg<sup>LQ</sup>*)
- ib. discipuli  $\exists$  *pro* discipulis ejus [but *Wordsw.* records *Am\** for *discipuli ejus*]
- 48 clamabat *pro* clamauit
- 49 *animæq; or sic* (= *animæquior vid.*)
- xi. 5 dicebat *pro* dicebant
- 6 —eis *prim.*
- 17 nonne (*pro* non)
- 18 doctrinam (*pro* doctrina)
- 25 aduersus (*pro* adversum)
- 27 venient *pro* veniunt
- 31 —ergo
- xiii. 2 acciperat *pro* acciperet
- 3 cederunt *pro* ceciderunt

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- x. 46 Thibarthineus *sic*. *Abb.* records *thi* for *Timaei*, but says nothing of *barthine* s, nor of the way the two words are written together.
- 47 nazareus } *Abb.* has both these in ver. 48 by mistake. Read ver. 47 and supply 48 before ib. —mei } the third entry “*ei : illi.*”
- 52 e*ā* *pro* eum *vid.* *ut* *Abb.*, *sed prob.* *vult libr.* *eum.*
- xi. 4 soluit (*pro* solvunt). *Male Abb.* solvint.
- 8 coederunt et s*ñ*ner*ñ* *sic*. *Abb.* prints coederunt et straverunt, but the n is plain, and it must be *sternerunt* for *sternebunt*, an error for *straverunt* perhaps.
- 15 *Abb.* prints *introissent*, but codex agrees clearly with *Am.* [*introisset*].
- 21 +est *post* recordatus, *id est* ANTE Petrus. *Male Abb.* +est POST Petrus.
- 25 ut det ap*ā* t*r* sic (*pro* ut et pater vester). *Recte Abb.* “*det a pro et*” *sed observa modum scribendi.*
- 27 *Abb.* prints *ambularent*, but codex appears to agree with *Am.* [*ambularet*].
- 28 *Abb.* chronicles “—tibi,” but this is quite wrong. Codex has q*'s*  $\hat{t}$  = quis tibi.
- 29 —et SECUND. *post* verbum. *Male Abb.* —et prius.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- X. 41 *x* *pro* decem, 42 h*ii*, seu: (sevus) *pro* servus, 46 hericho (*pro* hiericho), cecus [*sed caecum* ver. 49], 47 fili d*īd* [*sed filii dīd* ver. 48], 48 inisserere mei [*sed ver. 47 miserere*], 49 precipit, 51 cecus, uidiam, xi. 1 adpropincarent, hirusolime et bithania, 3 necessaru: *sic* (necessaruus), 4 bibio, 6 preciperat, dim'sserunt, 9 preibant, 9 et 10 ossanna, 11 hirusolima, xii *pro* duodecim, 14 eternum, 15 hirusolimā, ieccere, 17 diciens, speloncam, 18 scribe, querebant, 23 essitauerit, 27 hirusolima, 28 hec, 29 et 30 respondite, 30 baptismum, 31 de celo, 32 profeata, xii. 1 edificauit, loquauit (*pro* locavit), agriculis, 2 agricultas, agricultis, uinia, 3 adprehensum, dimisserunt, 4 missit, contumilis, 5 occidiarunt, 6 habiens, missit, diciens.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

- xii. 8 iecitur (*pro* eicerunt) (*om. b*; "occiderunt extra vineam")  
 12 quod (*pro* quoniam)  
 22 + et ante mulier  
 26 deus issac (-et)  
*ib.* deus iacob (-et)  
 28 Rēs sic *pro* responderit (Rēs = *passim vel respondens vel respondit*) †  
 31 - tuum (*post proximum*)  
 34 audiabat (*pro* audebat)  
*ib.* - eum *vid.*  
 39 init. - Et  
 42 - una  
 xiii. 2 - omnes (*Abb.* only notes -aedificationes)  
 3 interrogabat (*pro* interrogabant) †  
 7 - autem

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xiii. 32 - est *prim.* Abbott does not indicate which.  
 36 ad extrīs *sic.* *Male Abb* "ad *pro* a," *non* "ad dextris" *sed* ad (*fin. lin.*) extrīs (*init. lin. infra*).  
 xiii. 7 n̄ + (*pro* nondum). *Male Abb.* *non pro* nondum.

*Spelling not recorded.*

xii. 7 heris, 8 adprehēdentes, uiniam, 9 uinie, uiniam, 10 edificantes, capud, 12 querebant, parabulam, abiarunt, 13 fariseis, hirodianis, 14 cessari, dauiimus, 15 temptatis, 16 adtullerunt, cessaris, 17 cessaris, cessari, 18 saducei, 19 mōses, dimisserit, 20 'III' (*pro* septem), 21 accipit, 22 acciperunt, 25 § *pro* sicut, 26 mōsi, abrachā, 27 mortorum, 28 concirentes. uidiens, 30 dileges, 31 † (*pro* secundum), dileges, 33 tota *vid.* *pro* toto *sec.* *ante* intellectu, diligere, holocaustomatibus, sacrificis, 34 vidiens, 35 dicebat dociens, 36 inimicos *sic*, 39 in sinagogis, discubitos, 40 domus (dom:), hii, 41 sediens, gazaphilacium *sic pr. loco*, iectaret, gazafilaciū *sic sec. loco*, iectabant, 42 missit, 43 dco (*pro* dico), missit, misserunt [*sed* miserunt *vers.* 44], gazofilacium *sic hoc loco*, 44 pennuria, missit, xiii. 1 egrideretur, 3 iohannis, andrias, 5 cepit dicere, 7 oppīnionis.

† xiii. 2 resp *hoc loco pro* respondens *sed contra morem.*

† This is sure, and Abbott neglects it. It is all the more blameworthy as twice recently he has given a plural for a singular (xi. 15, 27) where he is in error.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

## Mark

- xiii. 15 non (*pro ne*)  
 16 reuertetur (*pro reuertatur*)  
 17 prgnantibus (*pro praegnatibus*)  
 18 autem (*pro vero*)  
 19 tribulationes  
 21 (hic *illeg.*)  
 26. crederitis (*pro credideritis*)  
 22 scdcpfere (...doxpi antea partim *illeg.*)  
 30 -ista?  
 32 illa (*pro illo*)  
 36 veneret (*pro venerit*)  
 xiv. 1 -dolo (So only Dgr a i aeth. A most important omission. *k* has insidiis. Two sahidic MSS with *gat* and *vgr* transfer to the end of the verse, while Ugr has *ev λογω*)  
 3 in bethania (*pro bethaniae*)  
 8 in sepultura  
 10 fin. illis *illeg.* (eis?)  
 11 init. quia (q) *pro qui*  
 18 -cum (*ante eis*)  
 21 et fili: honis sic (-quidem)  
 ib. uadet (*pro uadit*) } Abb. neglects all this, and yet records *tradetur* for  
 ib. -autem } traditur in this verse as the only variation!  
 26 oliueti (*pro oliuarum*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xiii. 18 ut non fiat fuga  $\tilde{u}$ a heme (*sic, non hieme ut Abb.*) *pro* ut hieme non fiant.  
 24 concalcabitur (sol et?) non dabit lumen suum (*pro sol contenebrabitur et luna non dabit splendorem suum*). I doubt if Abbott could read *luna* here at the end of the line. *Sol* is missing, as he says, after *illam* and before *concalcabitur*, and probably occupies the place after *concalcabitur*. One cannot read a trace of either *sol* or *luna* from the photograph. Abbott should have marked *luna* as doubtful.  
 25 cel<sup>o</sup>r- sic (*pro qua sunt in caelis*).  
 34 p̄cipit sic (precipit, *non praecipit*).  
 xiv. 2 fin. populo (*pro populi*) Abb. Certainly *in populo*, from the space, with many vgg. Only *vgc* has *populo* without *in*.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xiii. 8 exurget, terremotus, 9 concilis, in sinagogis vabulabitis, pressides, 13 hodio, 14 abominationem, iudia, 15 discendat, domu, 20 nissi, 22 exurgent, 25 stelle, 27 congregauit (*pro ...bit*),<sup>†</sup> assummo, terre, 28 parabulam, 32 nissi, 34 s (*pro sicut*), xiv. 1 phascha, scribe, 3 domu, habiens, alauastro (*hoc loco, non supra*), capud, 5 plusquam (*ita plu: q*), denaris, 10 scariothis, XII (*pro duodecim*), 11 peccuniam, 12 azemorum, pasca prim. (*non sec. = pascha*), smmolabant, 13 lagonam aq: *sic*, baiolans, 14 phasca, manducem *illeg.*, 15 demonstrauit (*pro ...bit*), 16 veniarunt, inveniarunt, 17 et 20, XII (*pro duodecim*), 20 cateno, 22 accipit, benediciens, 23 om̄s *sic*, 26 smno (*pro hymno*), 27 dispergentur.

<sup>†</sup> Not noted by Abb., although he notes *transiuit* (*pro ...bit*) in verse 30 below.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

MARK.

[p. 844]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Mark

- xiv. 30 >negaturus es  
 37 simon sic (*pro* Simon)  
 40 —Et init. (??)  
*ib.* R̄esRT̄ (*pro* responderent) = responderunt vid.  
 45 —ait (= vg L ave, —ait)  
 52 p̄fugit (= prefugit) *pro* profugit  
 53 adsummū sacerdotum sic  
 56 testimonium (*pro* testimonia)  
 60 respondis (*pro* respondeſ)  
 64 quia (*pro* qui)  
 65 conspuerunt (*ita conspuerT̄*) *pro* conspuere [Tamen antea 'et cooperunt quidam'  
 et postea 'velare']  
 xv. 5 mirarentur (*pro* miraretur)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xiv. 43 a (*ante scribis*) illeg. Deest?  
 44 ejus illeg. Deest?  
 70 est (→) *pro* es prim. Abb. does not say first or second. It is important here.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xiv. 28 precedam, galiliam, 31 p̄edium, 32 gel lamani (*pro* gesemani), sedite, 33 processiset, procedit, 38 temptationem, 39 habiens, diciens, 41 requiesquite, 43 xii (*pro* duodecim), gladis, assummis, 44 diciens, 45 accidiens, 46 ineccerunt, 47 educiens, percusit, 48 gladis et lignis, comprehendere, 49 diciens, scripture, 51 adolosciens, 53 adduxiarunt, scribe, 58 audibimus, aliut, edificabo 60 exurgiens (*pro* exsurgens), diciens, quiquam, 63 scindiens, 65 cedere (*pro* caedere), cedebant (*pro* caedebant) 66 ancillis, 68 diciens, 70 pussillum, diceabant, gallilius, xv. 1 tradidierunt, p̄satio, 2 p̄satus, iudeorum, 3 accusabant, 4 p̄satus, diciens, quiquam, incantis (*pro* in quantis), accusant, 5 p̄satus, 6 dimitere, 8 faciabat, 9 p̄satus, iudeorum.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 845]

MARK | LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

## Mark

- xv. 10 —per (*ante invidiam*)†  
 12 +ut (*ante faciam*)  
 14 +da (*ante crucifige*). [*Mut. syr sin.*] Cf. *pers* 'quin in crucem agas'  
 15 fin. crucifigetur *vid.*  
 xvi. 1 salone *sic* (*ut jam xv. 47 ex industria, male Abbott*)  
 3 revolut (*pro revolvet*)  
 5 in monumentum (*pro in monumento*)  
 7 discipuli Θ (*pro discipulis ejus*)  
 8 timor (*pro tremor*) (cf. *v<sub>g</sub>X\** timor et tremor)  
 18 quod (*pro quid*)

## Luke

- i. 24/25 +gaudio *ante quia*  
 32 altissimus (*pro altissimi*)  
 ib. +dīs post dīs (as most *vett* and *vgg* and Greeks, but against *r vggAFH* and *Iren*)  
 ib. regnauit (*pro regnabit*)‡  
 35 Res hoc loco = respondit (*pro respondens*) (vide infra)  
 ib. omumbrauit (*pro obumbrabit*)‡  
 36 ipse (*pro ipsa*)  
 39 iude (*pro iuda*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

## Mark

- [xv. 41 *Am.* (*Tischēd*) = eum eo. 42 cum eo *ut rell.*]  
 44/5 —interrogauit eum si jam mortuus esset. Et cum cognovisset a centurione. A b.  
 should say 44/45. He places it in verse 44 where centurione *sic* is present.  
 47 +et maria iacobi et salone (*sic* [vide infra XVI. 1 denuo]. *Male Abb.* salome) *post*  
*magdalene.*

## Luke

- i. 30 >ei angelus. *Male Abb.* —ei.  
 35 "angelus: +et." Correctly *Abb.*, but he fails to report *respondit* for *respondens*, wh ch  
*Rēs* here must stand for.  
 44 infans in gaudium (*pro in gaudio infans*). *Corrigere Abb.* *Male Abb.* sub vers. 43.

*Spelling not recorded.*

Mark XV. 11 dimiteret, 12 p̄slatus, iudeorum, 14 p̄slatus, [dicebat], 15 p̄slatus, uoliens, dimis̄it, flagillis cessum, 16 choritem, 42 parascue, 43 ad p̄slatum, 44 p̄slatus, obiset, centurione, 46 sidonem, possuit, hostium, 47 aspiciant, **XVI.** 1 transiset, 3 hostio, 5 introiuntes, iubenem, 6 queritis, possuariunt, 7 precidit, galiliam, 8 ille (*pro illae*), invasserat, quiquam, 9 surgiens, aparuit (*ut vgR<sup>o</sup>*) [sed app. vers. 13], iecceret, 'ull' demonia, 10 uadiens, 11 et 13 credidiarunt (*pro crediderunt*)||, 13 cæteris, 11 (*pro undecim*), 15 predicate, 16 bæbtizatū; *sic vid.*, 17 demonia, 19 loquutus, adsumptus, 20 predicatorunt.

Luke I. 13 timias, elizabeth, uocauis, 14 inntuitate *sic*, gaudiabunt, 17 ad prudentia *vid.*, 20 taciens, credisti (*pro credidisti*), inplebuntur, 21 tarderet, 22 ipse (*pro ipse*), innuiens ?, 23 inpleti, 24 elizapheth, occultabat, diciens, 26 misus, gabriel, galilæa, 27 disponsatam, domu, 30 timias, 32 domu, eternum, 36 elizabeth, sterilis, 37 impossibile, 38 F (*pro secundum*), 39 exurgens, 40 et 41 bis elizabeth, 41 repleata.

† *Abb.* records the ellipsis of *tradissent* for *tradidissent* in this verse but neglects this —*per*.

‡ I place these variations here and not under spelling, as the changes of tense may constitute variant readings.

|| The same, verse 14, for *crediderant*, and verse 17 for *crediderint*, both of which *Abb.* reports.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

LUKE.

[p. 846]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- i. 49 qui (*pro quia*)
- 59 sui (*pro ejus*)
- ib. vocabant *vid.* (*pro vocant*)
- 65 iude (*pro iudeae*)
- 66 dei (dī) (*pro domini*)      *cum pers (contra syr-gr-lat)*
- 79 *init.* + Et
- ii. 1 >in illis diebus
- 4 —et *prim.*
- 5 prignante *sic fin.* + de spū scō (with vgg<sup>LO</sup> gat, another link which Abb. missed).
- 9 eos (*pro illos sec.*)
- 11 xps dñi. (*pro Christus dominus*) (= r vg et syr hier)
- 14 —in (*ante hominibus*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- i. 55 nostras. *Abb., sed non certe.*
- ib. usque in sēculum (*sic*) (*pro in saecula*).
- 66 >cum illo est (*pro erat cum illo*). *Inaccurate Abb. est pro erat tantum.*
- 70 sanctorum + profetorum suarum (—qui a saeculo sunt) + qui ab eo sunt (—prophetarum ejus). *Non satis lucide Abb.*
- ii. 1 accesare agusto (*non accessare agusto ut Abb.*)
- ib. ut censum profeterentur omnes per orbem terre (*non profiterentur et terrae ut Abb.*)
- 15 Factū ÷ lf ut *sic* (*pro et factum est ut*). *Recte Abb. de om. et, sed male “ut: + autem.”*  
+ autem ANTE ut, *ut supra.*

*Spelling not recorded.*

- i. 48 ancille, oīns generationis *sic*, 49 potiens, 53 essurientes, inpleuit, dimisit, 54 suscipit, misericordiae, 55 abraham, 57 elezebeth *vid.*, inpletum, 58 audiарunt ?, 59 circūcidire, 60 iohannis, 63 pugillarem, diciens, iohannis, 64 beneficiens, 66 possuerunt, 67 inpletus, profetauit ?, diciens, 68 redemptionem, 69 domu, 71 odiarunt, 72 misericordiam, 73 abraham, 76 profeta, altissimi, uocaueris, 77 pleui, remisionem, 78 uiuitauit, 80 confortebatur, ii. 2 siriae, 3 profeterentur (*ut in ver. 1 supra*), 4 galilia, iudiam, bethlē, domu, 5 profeteretur, 6 inpleti, pariet, 7 presepio, 9 circumfulsis *sic*, timuiarunt, 12 possitum, presepio, 14 altissimis, iii. 8 abraham, abraham.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *Luke*.

p. 847]

LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke	iv. 22 dicebat ( <i>pro dicebant</i> )
† iii. 9 radices ( <i>pro radicem</i> )	23 dicitis ( <i>pro dicetis</i> )
ib. + in <i>ante ignem</i>	24 —ait autem ( <i>spatio relicto, silet Abb.</i> )
13 quam quod ( <i>pro quam</i> )	25 conlussum ( <i>pro clusum</i> )
14 faciamus?	29 super ( <i>pro supra</i> )
16 Respondens iohannis dicebat ( <i>pro re-</i> spondit iohannes dicens) Cf. Dgr <i>syr pers et vg<sup>R</sup></i>	35 illū ( <i>pro illud</i> )
ib. sancti ( <i>pro sancto</i> ) <i>vid.</i>	ib. —in medium
17 + suum ( <i>post triticum</i> ) = <i>vg<sup>R</sup></i>	ib. exit ( <i>pro exiit</i> )
(—suum <i>post horreum? Imposs. legere,</i> <i>sed om. vg<sup>R</sup></i> )	36 quid ÷ ( <i>pro quod est</i> )
18 populo <i>vid.</i> ( <i>pro populum</i> )	ib. >inmundis spiritibus
19 eo ( <i>pro illo</i> )	38 intravit ( <i>pro introivit</i> )
22 hic est ( <i>pro tu es</i> )	ib. eum ( <i>pro illum</i> )
iv. 1 a ( <i>pro ab</i> )	39 ministrauit ( <i>pro ministrabat</i> )
2 >in illis diebus	40 >cum autem sol
4 eum ( <i>pro illum</i> )	ib. aui sic ( <i>pro qui</i> )
5 + in montem excelsum ( <i>post diabulus</i> )	ib. manum ( <i>pleno</i> ) <i>pro manus</i> [= <i>b q μ syr</i> <i>pers aeth diatess.</i> ]
6 illi ( <i>pro ei</i> )	41 sinebant ( <i>pro sinebat</i> )
9 super ( <i>pro supra</i> ) [Noted by Abb. at iii. 20, but omitted here]	v. 1 inruerunt ( <i>inruerunt?</i> ) ( <i>pro inruerunt</i> )
17 fin. est ( <i>pro erat</i> )	(2 leuaba[nt] ( <i>pro lavabant</i> ) (= <i>vg<sup>D</sup>mg</i> and <i>Amiat*</i> ))
22 ejus (θ) ( <i>pro ipsius</i> ) (noted by Abb. in verse 32)	3 edens <i>vid.</i> ( <i>pro sedens</i> ), s in ras.
	4 laxate ( <i>pro laxa</i> )

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- iii. 23 putabatur esse. *Male Abb.* putabatur (*pro putaretur*). *Plane codex* putabat' ēē.  
*Abb.* remains absolutely silent about the genealogy. One would infer that it is absent,  
but it is present. Observe variations below, under spelling.
- iv. 2 “Sabulo *sed* 3, 4 diabulus.” So *Abb.* But read 3, 5 and add 13.  
4 uerbum (*pro verbo*) *vult Abb.*, *sed codex plane verba*.  
35 ab eo (*pro ab illo*) *sec. loco*. *Non indic. Abb. prim. vel sec.*  
36 quod (*pro quia*) *vid. non quia quod* (q. p) *ut Abb.*  
39 sup inperauit illam *sic*.  
41 Exibant (*sic*) autem etiam. (*Male Abb.* exiebant).  
42 q. rebant *sic* = querebant *pro* requirebant. (*Male Abb.* quacrebant).

*Spelling not recorded.*

iii. 9 possita, 11 eascas, 12 puplicani, baptizar[entur], 14 stipendis, 16 babbizo, corregiam,  
calcimentiiorum?, baptizauit, 17 congregauit, 18 extortans, 19 hirodis *pr.* [sec. he . . . illeg. fin],  
tetracha, iii. 20 adieccit, 22 speciae, 23 .xxx (*pro triginta*), matha, 24 ianae, 25 mathae, nauum,  
helii (*pro eslī*), 25 nagaes, 26 iossoech *vid.*, iuda, 27 ressa, salahiel, 28 chosā, elmadā, ēr,  
29 iessu, ZORŪ *vid.* (*pro Iorim*) [cf. sorim *vg<sup>R</sup>*, zorim *vg<sup>D</sup>* lq, zoris r], mathat, 30 simon, eliaci,  
31 melcha, mathatia *vid.* [cf. *vg<sup>R</sup>*], 32 obeth, boos [*vg<sup>D</sup>* bos *vg<sup>R</sup>*], salamón, nassón [nason *vg<sup>R</sup>*],  
33 (esrom illeg.), farae (*pro phares*) [fares *vg<sup>Q</sup>*], iuda, 34 issac, abraham, tharæ *vid.*, 35 fall-c,  
salæ, 36 arfaxath, madusale, iareth, malalel', iv. 2 quadragenta (*pleno contra morem*),  
temptabatur, essuiriit, 5 d̄x sic (*pro duxit*), terre, 6 doo (*pro do*), 9 hirusalem, 12 temptabis?, 13  
temptatione, diabulus, 14 galilium, 15 sinagogis, 16 natzareth, f (*pro secundum*), sinagogam,  
20 sinagoga, intententes, 21 odie, impleata, 24 profeata, 25 famis, 26 misus, nissi, sarepta,  
sindoniae, 27 helesseo, profeata, [nisi c̄ntra morem], sirus, 28 sinagoga, 29 ieccerunt, duxiarunt,  
edificata, precipitarent, 31 discendit, capharnaū *sic*, galiliea, 33 sin<sup>r</sup> goga, habiens, demonium,  
34 diciens, 35 diciens, obmutesce, exii (*pro exi*), proieccisset, demonium, 37 devulgabatur,  
38 surgens, sinagoga, 39 surgens, 40 inponiens, 41 demonia, 43 misus, 44 in sinagoga galiliea,  
v. 1 genazareth, 3 ascendiens, pussillum, 5 preceptor, 6 conlusserunt, 7 adjudabunt, impleuerunt.

† As will be observed, this is a very bad page for Abbott's record as to care, over thirty-five readings being overlooked, besides the neglect of variations in the genealogy, which he does not profess to quote. But throughout Luke a mass of variations are neglected.

## Luke

## Readings overlooked by Abbott.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| v. 8 uiderit ( <i>pro uideret</i> )                  | v. ib. ablutus ( <i>pro ablatus</i> )   |
| ib. +dñe post a me }                                 | 36 dicebant ( <i>pro dicebat</i> )  |
| ib. -dñe fin. }                                      | ib. -novo   |
| 9 stupor ( <i>pro stupor</i> )                       | vi. 1 +ih̄s post transiset sic †  |
| ib. eo ( <i>pro illo</i> )                           | 2 -in ante sabbatis   |
| 11 eum ( <i>pro illum</i> )                          | 4 eo ( <i>pro ipso</i> )  |
| 15 cum veniabant ( <i>pro conveniebant</i> )         | 5 dom: sic (= domus) <i>pro dominus</i>   |
| 16 sedebat ( <i>pro secedebat</i> )                  | 6 manu Θ sic ( <i>pro manus ejus</i> )  |
| ib. in deserto ( <i>pro in desertum</i> )            | ib. +erat ante arida  |
| 17 qui uenerunt ( <i>pro qui venerant</i> )          | 7 +in (ante sabbato)  |
| 19 super ( <i>pro supra</i> )                        | 9 sabbatis ( <i>pro sabbato</i> )   |
| 21 blasfemias ( <i>pro blasphemias</i> )             | 19 querebat ( <i>pro quaerebant</i> )   |
| ib. >deus solus                                      | 22 homines ( <i>pro uos sec. post separauer-</i><br>int). Marg. fin. lin. a mar. pr.<br>vid. +vos, sed stat homines in lin.<br>infra [Negl. Abb. in toto] |
| 23 +tua post peccata                                 | ib. +m̄lum post propter (Ita: malum<br>p̄t in alium filium hominis)   |
| ib. aut ( <i>pro an.</i> ) Codex a which nearly      | 28 fin. vobis ( <i>pro vos</i> )  |
| always stands for aut.                               | 34 fenerant, non fenerantur ( <i>pro faener-</i><br>antur)  |
| 24 +et ante tolle                                    | 35 +eis post benefacite   |
| 25 ipsis ( <i>pro illis</i> )                        | ib. motum ( <i>pro mutuum</i> )   |
| 29 eo ( <i>pro illis</i> ) So Bgr <sup>97</sup> 1 22 |   |
| Sod <sup>178</sup> diatess [Hiant syr cu sin]        |   |
| 33 obsecratione ( <i>pro obsecrationes</i> )         |   |
| 34 -facere   |   |
| 35 venit vid. ( <i>pro venient</i> )                 |   |

## Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.

- v. 12 [Et factum est]; -et sec. ante ecce, -et tert. post lepra, -et quart. post Iesum, -et quint. ante rogauit. Abb. merely says " -et ter." This is quite unintelligible. It might embrace the initial *et*, which is however present. The four following, not three, are omitted.
- 19 eum (*pro illum*) sec. (Abb. does not indicate which).
- 38 mitendus sic [Non mitendus ut Abb.] (*pro mittendum*).
- vi. 14 p̄slipum. Male Abb. pylippum.
- 17 camfistri sic. Male Abb. camfestri.
- 26 +vobis post Vae } Inaccurate Abb. negl. om. vobis ante dixerint. Codex: " Uae  
ib. male (*pro bene vobis*) } uobis ē male dixerint."
- ib. profetis sic. Abb. says " om. pseudo," but there is no *pseudo* in Am. as edited.

## Spelling not recorded.

- v. 8 semion, procedit, [dicens], exii, 10 sebedei, nolii, 11 supductis, 12 vidiens, procedens, diciens, 13 diciens, 14 precipit bis, sacerdotii vid., mōses, 17 eran (*pro erant*), farissei, galiliae et iude et hirusalem, 18 paraliticus, querebant, 19 inferent [*sed inferre supra*], pre (*pro prae*), submisserunt, 21 scribe et farissei, nisi, 23 dicere bis, ambulā sic, 24 dimitere, paralitico, 25 surgiens, tullit, 26 adprehendit, 27 puplicanum, telonium, 28 surgiens, 29 domu, puplicanorum, 30 farisei, scribe, puplicanis, 32 penitentia, 33 fariseorum, cedunt (*pro edunt*), 34 nūquid, 37 uteres (*pro utres*) tert. [non sec.] et prim. ūtes si:, 38 uteres, 39 biviens, vi. 2 fariseorum, 3 essurisset, 4 propositionis, sumpsit, nisi, 6 sinagogam, 7 obserbauant (*pro obseruabant*), accussare, 8 scebat, surgiens, 9 malae, 13 XII (*pro duodecim*), 14 Gndreā sic = Et ndream (*pro Et Andream*), iohannem pleno (*pro ...en*), 15 mathei, alfei, zelotis, 16 iudā (*pro iudam prim.*), scarioth, 17 discendiens, iudia, hirusalem, 18 langoribus, 21 essuritis, saturabemini, 22 ieccerint, 23 gaudite, f̄ h̄ facebant sic (*pro secundum haec enim faciebant*), profetis, 24 consultationem, 25 reditis (*pro ridetis*), 26 f̄ (*pro secundum*), 27 diligite, 28 calumnientibus, 29 tonicam, nolii proibere, 30 tribuae, 32 diligatis, diligunt bis, 34 mutum, equilia, 35 diligite, mercis, 36 misericordes, misericors.

† Abb. actually notes *transiset* for *transiret* and does not see +ih̄s right after it.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $\tau_2$ .

p. 849]

## LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- vii. 13 -illi  
 15 erat (*pro fuerat*)  
 22 >quae audistis et vidistis  
 ib. -quia  
 24 qui *vid.* (*pro quid*)  
 27 preparauit (*pro praeparabit*)  
 34 hominis hominis *sic bis script.*  
 36 ex (*pro de*)  
 37 q.: erant (*pro quae erat*)  
 38 init. -Et  
 39 +dñe post utique  
 ib. -esset secund.  
 41 +et ante aliis  
 42 dilegit (*pro diligit*)  
 44 s̄món (*pro simoni*), *cum c vg*<sup>p</sup>

- vii. 47 dilegit (*pro diligit*)  
 50 hoc (h' *vid.*)\* *pro autem.* (*Obs.*  
 καὶ επεν *pro επεν* δε Paris<sup>97</sup> τ.  
*Om. copul. pers*)  
 ib. facit (*pro fecit*)  
 viii. 2 a (*pro ab*)  
 3 cuzi (*pro Chuza*)  
 ib. sussunna (s:sunna *sic*) *pro Susanna*  
 5 dum seminauit (*pro dum seminat*)  
 10 ut non uidiant (*pro non videant*)  
 12 >hii sunt  
 17 neabsconditum *sic uno tenore* (*pro nec absconditum*)  
 18 quicq: *sic* (*pro quicumque*)  
 ib. auferet (*pro auferetur*) *vid. pr. man.*

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.**Lacuna. Lege Hiat ab vi. 39, non v. 39.*

- vii. 12 AmTisch = matris.  $\tau_2$  = matri. Silet Abb. Vere errabat Tisch. Am = matri, sed de  
*hoc nesciebat Abb. Hinc prob. errabat Abb.*  
 28 baptiza *sic* (*pro baptista*). Male Abb. baptiza.  
 ib. caelorum maior  $\div$  illo. Male Abb. +est post caelorum (*pro dei*).  
 38 >pedes cepit (*sic*) rigare.  
 ib. -ejus secund. Non indic. Abb. sec. vel tert. Habet tert.  
 47 dimituntur *sic* (*pro remittentur*). Male Abb. dimittuntur ver. 47. Recte in ver. 48.  
 viii. 15 per patientiam *sic pro in patientia*. Male Abb. et negligenter 'patientiam' quasi 'in  
 patientiam.' cf. vett.  
 16 Subiectus (*pro subtus lectum*). Male Abb. "lectus" tantum.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- vI. 37 dimittemini, 39 nūquid, cecus caecum, vii. 13 vidiset, misericordia, nolii, 14 acesit, hii,  
 adolescens, 16 profeata, vissitauit, 17 iudiam, 19 iohannis, missit, diciens, 21 langoribus, 22 ceci,  
 cludi, 24 discessissent, nunti, arundinem, 25 dilig[ui]s, 26 profeatam *bis*, 28 prof(a?)ta, 29 puplicani,  
 iustificauiarunt?, baptizati baptismo, 30 farissei, baptizati, 32 loquentibus, tibis (*pro tibiis*), 33  
 iohannis, baptista, bibiens, demonium, 34 bibiens *prim.*, biuiens sec., puplicanorum, 36 farisseis,  
 farissei, 37 domu, farissei, adtullit, alauastrum, 38 cappillis [non ver. 44], tergebat, ungebat,  
 39 vidiens, farisseus, diciens, profeata, 40 s̄mon, 41 feneratori, 43 estimo, 46 capud, viii. 1  
 predicans, 2 aliq:q.: erant curate *sic*, demonia, 5 celi, comediarunt, 6 humorem, 7 exorte spine,  
 sufucaverunt, 8 diciens, 9 parabula, 10 misterium, caeteris, in parabolis, uidientes,† 11 parabula,  
 12 diabulus, 14 in spinis, cicidit, hii, audiaron, sollicitudinibus, diuitis, suffucantur, 15 hii,  
 retenen\*?, adferunt ?, 16 accendiens, uidiant?, 19 pre (*pro p[ro]ae*).

† Rare in the plural.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

LUKE.

[p. 850]

Luke

- viii. 20 *init.* Adnuntiatum est (*pro* Et nunt.  
est)  
21 mater tua\*  
22 in navicula  
23 ih̄s (*pro* illis). Cf. r.  
25 ventus (*ita uent:*) *pro* ventis  
28 +uiui post dei  
32 —ib̄ vid. (= Wgr)  
*ib.* permetterent  
35 demonio *pro* daemona  
*ib.* exierunt (*compendio*) *pro* exierant  
36 viderunt (*compendio*) *pro* viderant  
*ib.* factus est  
37 tenebātur sic  
38 eum (*pro* illum)

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

- viii. *ib.* exerunt (*compendio*) *pro* exierant  
*ib.* illum (*pro* eum)  
45 eo (*pro* illo)  
46 cognoui (*pro* noui)  
47 ejus (θ) *pro* illius  
52 dormiit (*pro* dormit)  
+ 54 teneans (*pro* tenens)  
ix. 3 —neque pecuniam (*post* panem). *Vide*  
*infra*  
10 destum (*pro* desertum)  
13 duos (*pro* duo)  
17 *init.* ut (*pro* et)  
25 perdet (*pro* perdat)  
*ib.* faciet (*pro* faciat)  
27 mortes pleno (*pro* mortem)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- viii. 27 >manebat in domo. (domu?).  
30 >ih̄s illum teste Abb. Illeg. (ih̄s illum vel illū ih̄s *prob.*)  
32 eos vid. *pro* eis (Male vid. Abb. eas).  
34 [Habet ut]. Male om. vult Abb.  
*ib.* et villas (-in). Non clare Abb. -in.  
43 medicis (*pro* in medicos). Male Abb. "in : om." tantum. Negl. medicis (*pro* medicos).  
ix. 3 pecuniam sic (*pro* virgam). Male Abb. pecuniam.  
7 hessitabat (sic) +de. Recte Abb. +de, male haesitabat.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- viii. 21 hii, 23 discendit, con[plebantur], 24 surgiens, aq : (*pro* aquae) trancillitas, 25 obedient, 26 ad regione (?) gerasinorum ?, galiliam, 27 occurrit, demonium, induaebatur, 28 procedit, torceas, 29 precip[ie ?]bat, inmundo, arripebat, uincebatur, conpedibus, demonio, 30 diciens, demonia, 31 abisum, 32 permisit, 33 exiarunt, demonia, per preceps, 34 nuntiauarunt, 35 exiarunt, inveniarunt, 37 gerasinorum, 38 demonia, dimissit, 39 reddii, 41 iarus, sinagoge, cicidit, 42 XII *pro* duodecim, 45 preceptor, conpremunt et adfigunt, 47 procedit, tetegerit, quemadmodum, 49 sinagogae, diciens, nolii, 50 puelle, nolii, 51 permisit, nissi, puelle, 53 dirideabant, 54 diciens, puialla, ix. 1 XII *pro* duodecim, demonia, langores, 2 missit, 3 tonicas, 4 in quaetū: domū sic, exiatis, 6 fin. ubice (*pro* ubique), 7 herodis, tetracha, 8 iohannis, abalis (*pro* ab aliis), profeata, anticis, 9 herodis, decolaui, 10 narruaiarunt, adsumptis, 11 saecutae, indigabant, 12 accidentes, XII *pro* duodecim, iascas (*pro* escas), 13 nissi, im (*pro* in), 14 et 16 [non 13] 'u' *pro* quinque, 17 fin. cofini 'XII', 18 diciens, 19 babbistam, helia, profeata, 21 precipit, 22 diciens, 27 uidian.

† This is mentioned here instead of below as it is an unusual form.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $r_2$ .

p. 851]

LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- ix. 33 nobis (*pro nos*)
- 36 uiderunt (*compendio*) *pro* viderant
- 41 adhuc huc (*pro adduc* huc)
- 42 eum (*pro illum*)
- 51 in hirusalem (*pro hierusalem*)
- 58 filiū *sic fin.* *lin.* (*pro filius*)
- † x. 1 Post haec descendit (*vid.*) designauit et alias
- 19 vos (*pro vobis sec.*)
- 21 assapientib: (*sic*), — et prudentibus †
- 22 + meo post patre
- 25 illum (*pro eum*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- ix. 34 "nubes: om." *Lege* "nubis: om."
- 39 "eum: illum." *Lege* post eum "prim in secundo loco post dissipat."
- 43 sedit (*pro reddidit*). *Male Abb.* in ver. 44.
- 48 [recipit *prim.*]; recipit sec. *pro* recepit; + n. me recipit sed ante recipit eum qui.  
*Male Abb.* Corrige ut supra. *Am.* habet recipit *prim.* cum  $r_2$ , et non receperit postea sed recipit.
- 59 mihi *pro* autem secund. *Male Abb.* non indic. *prim.* vel sec.
- x. 2 Et dicebat illis messis quidem multa operari (*sic*) si pauci Rogate ergo dñm messis quidem multa operari si pauci Rogate ei (-ergo) ut mittat . . . *Abb.* notes + ei, but should say "ei *pro* ergo" where repeated.
- 12 >remisius (*sic, non remissius*) erit in die iudicii (—illa).
- 24 Inter videtis et et non uidiarunt + dico enim vobis quod. *Inaccurate Abb.* negl. quod;  
*male* in vers. 23 citat.
- 25 possedebo. *Corrige Abb.*

*Spelling not recorded.*

- ix. 28 adsumpsit, iohannem, 29 species (*pro species*), alvus (alu: *sic*) *pro* albus, resfulgiens, 30 moſses, 31 opleturus, hirusale, 33 preceptor, trea (*pro tria*), moſsi, 34 obumbravit (*pro* obrumbravit), 35 diciens, 36 quiquam, ex hiis, 37 discendentibus, 38 diciens, 39 adpchendit *sic*, eledit, delanians, 40 iecerent, 42 elissit, 44 faciabat, 47 uidiens, cogitationis, adprechendens, 48 susciperit, missit, 49 preceptor, iecientem, demonia, proibimus, 50 proibere, 52 conplerentur, adsumptiones *sic*, 52 missit, 53 reciperunt, hirusalem, 54 iohannis, uiis (*pro vis*), discendat, 58 capud, 59 sepellire, 60 sepellant, adnuntia, 6x hiis, x. 1 septuagenta, missit, 2 operari (*primo loco*, *vide supra*), 4 pearam, 13 corozain, ve sec. [*nor prim.* = vae], in t̄ro et sindone, sed t̄ro et sindoni ver. 14, 13 c̄nere, penetrerent, 14 remisius, 16 missit, 17 septuagenta, demonia, subieciuntur, 18 sicut, fulgor, dae caelo, 20 gaudire, subiiciuntur, gaudite, 21 confeteor, TRE *sic* (*pro* terrae), 22 nisi bis, 24 profete, uidiarunt, audiarunt, 25 temptans, diciens, etnanā *sic* (*pro* aeternam).

† There is something conflate here, not quite legible in its entirety, but quite unreported by Abbott. Observe *d ostendit, a e elegit, c probauit.*

‡ This is omitted only by *e* of our other authorities. Once more *e r<sub>2</sub>* are unmistakeably to be coupled.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *v<sub>2</sub>*.

LUKE.

[p. 852

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- x. 28 dixit (*pro dixitque*)
- 33 iter faciens (*pro iter transiens*)
- 34 + suum post stabulum (= vgg<sup>D<sub>2</sub></sup>)
- 38 iret (*pro irent*) Cf. avrov (*pro avtovs*) *fame* i 157 d μ gat vgg DEPQ syr hier sah ev δε τως οπενερθαι, -avtovs Dgr
- 40 fategabat (*pro satagebat*)
- ib. cura (*pro curae*)
- 41 ih̄s (*pro dominus*) (Corrigere Soden in notulis suis)
- xi. 1 - et sec. post sicut (Ita ΙΔ 604 al. pauc. it vgg ε/α syr cu sin)
- 5 dicit (*compendio*) *pro dicet*
- 7 surge (*pro sturgere*)
- 8 -si (*post ille*)
- 15 principe (*pro principem*)
- 21 armatum (*pro armatus*)
- ib. custodiat
- 22 distribuet
- 24 de homine bis script.
- 31 contempnauit (*pro condemnabit*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- x. 32 Male Abb. -et videret eum. Habet codex plane: et viderat eum
- 42 partimam (*sic*) optimam (*pro optimam partem*). Male Abb. partem optimam.
- xi. 3 odie sic (*pro cotidie*). Male Abb. hodie.
- 7 +respondens (*ante dicat*) Errone Abb. +respondeus.
- 9 -vobis }
- 10 vers. om. } Non clare Abb. de omiss. uobis
- 18 +ieccit sic (*post satanas*). Male Abb. +iecit.
- 21 +autem post Cum init. Male Abb. tantem (*pro cum*).
- 31 a finib: T̄RE CC finib: T̄RE sic.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- x. 27 dileges, menta (*pro mente*), 29 uoliens, 30 discendebat, hirusalem, hericho, dispoliauarunt, impossitis, 31 eadā (*pro eadem*), preterluit, 33 uidens, misericordia, 34 infundiens, inponiens, 35 protullit, 37 misericordiam, 39 audibat, 40 freciens, xi. 1 iohannis, 4 temptationem, 5 amicae, 7 noli, hostium, posum, 8 dauit prim. [non sec.], surgens, 9 querite, 13 danit, 14 ieciens, demonium, ieccisset, demonium, admiratae, 15 belsebub, demoniorum, ieccit, demonia, 16 temptantes, de celo, querebant, 18 belsebub, ieccere, demonia, 19 ieciunt, iudicis, 20 ieccio demonia, 24 queriens, 26 adsumit, 29 querit, nissi, 31 salamonis, plusquam sic (sequitur iona hic fin. ver. 32, omissis<sup>31</sup> salamone hic . . .<sup>32</sup> ionae), 33 uidian, 34 oculus prim. [non sec.], semplex, 35 tenebre.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 853]

LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- xi. 39 — dominus. (*Cf. Gr.* 122\*)
- 42 enim (*pro autem*)
- 44 apparent (*pro parent*)
- 48 quia (*pro quod*). (= *r et vg p*)
- ib.* quia (*pro quoniam*)
- ib.* > ipsi quidem
- 50 effus  $\div$  *vid.* (*pro effusus est*). [non effus:  $\div$ ]
- 53 molesti (*pro graviter*). (*Cf. r moleste et r<sub>2</sub>\*\*vid*)
- xii. 48 + non (*ante fecit*)
- ib.* enim (*pro autem*)
- ib.* exqueritur (*pro quaeretur*)
- 50 quo (*pro quomodo*)
- 52 in duos (*pro in duo*)
- 54 — et *prim.*
- 55 aestus (*pro ventus*)
- 56 > caeli et terre
- 58 in viam (*pro in via*)
- 59 soluas (*pro reddas*) (= *r*)
- xiii. 1 commiscuit (*pro miscuit*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xi. 36 *sí* (*pro sicut*). *Male Abb.* “sicut: om.” (*Plerumque codex<sup>t</sup> s pro sicut*).
- 40 — de secund. *Non indic. Abb.* *pr. vel sec.*
- 46 *fin.* + ipsas, *non* + ipsos
- 51 *Teste Abb.* “Abel: + *iusti*.” *Lege:* Abiel *sic* + *iusti*.
- 52 [*Male Abb. in ver. 51*.] qui absconditis *pro* quia tulistis *codex*. *Male male Abb.* quia sustulistis!
- ib.* [*Male Abb. in ver. 51*], intrabunt (*pro introiebant*). *Male Abb.* intrabant.
- xii. 51 *Lege mitere sic* (*pro dare*).
- xiii. 4 *Lege p-* (*non prae*) omnibus hominibus.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xi. 36 habiens, inlumnabit *sic*, 37 et 38 farisseus, 38 bbtizatus, 41 elimo $\delta$ sinam, 43 dilegitis, sinagogis, 45 contumiliam, 46 honeratis, honeribus, 47 profetarum, 49 profeatas, 50 ssanguis *vid.*, protetarum, 51 sachariae, 53 caperunt *vel* coepertunt, farissei, insistire, obpremere, xii. 45 ancellas, 46 seruii, 47 preparauit, 47 et 48 ubaluit, 49 mitere, 50 bbtisma, bbtizari, 52 -u. (*pro* quinque), 52 domu, 56 h $\delta$ pochrite, xiii. 1 galileis, p $\delta$ latus, sacrificis, 2 galilei, pre (*pro* prae), galileis, 3 nissi poenetentiam, 4 -x- et octo (*pro* decem et octo), cicidit, in siloiā, hirusalem.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- xiii. 6 in ea (*pro* in illa)  
 13 dñm *vid.* (*pro* deum) (*ut e r μ*)  
 14 sabbatis *vid.*  
 15 soluet (*pro* solvit)  
 17 fin. ab ipso (*pro* ab eo)  
 19 uolatilia (*pro* uolucres) (*ut d e r μ*)  
 21 —et cui  
 ib. fermentū (*pro* fer-} Codex ita: simile  
       mento) } + fermentū  
 23 salui fiant (*pro* salvantur)  
 † 24 per angustā (*vid.*) hostium (*pro* per  
     angustam portam)  
 †ib. quia dico uobis multi querunt (*pro*  
     quia multi dico uobis quaerunt)  
 ib. potuerunt (*pro* poterunt)  
 25 —dicentes

- xiii. 27 qui operamini iniuitatem (*pro* opera ii  
     iniuictatis) cf. f. i r dim et Gr 122  
 28 ubi (*pro* ibi)  
 29 +ab (*ante* aquilone)  
 31 +ad eum (*post* acceserunt sic)  
 ib. —te  
 32 ulpi sic (*pro* vulpi)  
 33 +die (*post* sequenti)  
 ib. capiet (*pro* capit)  
 34 occidas (*pro* occidis)  
 ib. ad te missi sunt (*pro* mittuntur ad te)  
     (cf. a r vg<sup>n</sup>)  
 xiv. 4 autem (*pro* vero)  
 ib. +hominem *ante* sanauit  
 6 potuerunt (*pro* poterant)  
 7 qādmodum (*pro* quomodo) (cf. xxi. 14)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xiii. 15 ut adaequet sic (*pro* et dicit adquare). *Non lucide Abb. et male adequet.*  
 16 isto [seq. spat. litt. trium fin. lin.] dispati sic. *Forsan isto die dispati.*  
 17 in uirtutibus quas viderant (*sic*) fieri (*sic*) *pro* in universis quae gloriose fiebant. *Male*  
*Abb. viderunt et male ord.* “*vid. fieri.*”  
 31 ex farisseis (*pro* phariseorum). *Male Abb.* “*et far.*”  
 34 sicut gallina pullos sub alas suas (*pro* quemadmodum avis nidum suum sub pinnis).  
*Non satis clare Abb.*  
 8 “*inuitatus: uocatus.*” *Lege* “*invitatus secund: uocatus.*”  
 10 fuerit sic (*s a sec. man.*).

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xiii. 5 penitentiam, 6 uinia, queriens (*pro* quaerens), 7 uimiae, queriens, fculnia, 8 fodeam,  
 10 dociens, sinagoga, 11 'x' et uiii (*pro* decem et octo), 13 imposuit, 14 archisnagogus, 15 h̄ypo-  
 ch̄ite, assinum, presepio, 17 gaudeabat, 22 dociens, hirusalem, 25 clusserit, hostiū bis, aperi,  
 28 abr̄chā sic, issac, profeatas, 30 priumi (*sic pr. loco*), 31 exii, 32 iccio *vid.*, demonia, 33 pro-  
 featas, hirusalem, 34 profeatas, quotiens, xiv. 1 farisseorum, 4 adprehensem, dimissit,  
 5 assinus, putheum, extrachet *vid.*, 7 diciabat, parabulam, diciens [*sed intendens supra in vers.*],  
 10 recumbae, discubētib: (*pro* descubētibus), 11 hum liabitur *vid.*.

† These readings, like the ones above, are simply passed over by Abbott through carelessness.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF  $\tau_2$ .

p. 855]

LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- xiv. 12 *fin.* + tua post retributio
- 13 + et ante debiles
- 15 — dixit ei
- xvi. 1 illius (*pro ipsius*)
- 3 + meam post dispensationem
- 9 de mammone
- 11 uestrum (um) *pro* verum?
- 12 quid (*pro quis*)
- 13 dñō (*pro deo*)
- xvii. 7 dicit (*compendio*) *pro* dicet
- 9 quod (*pro quae*) (ut ff v<sub>S</sub> w)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xiv. 13 facis nuiuium <sup>eo</sup> sic codex. "Co" non "con" man. sec.
- xv. 29 Lege preteriri.
- xvi. 2 dispensationis tuae sic.
- 5 — domini sui non — domini tantum.
- 8 Recte Abb. post (fe)isset + dixit autem ad discipulos suos, sed sequitur qui *pro* quia.  
Inter suos et qui spatiū est. Credo + dico vobis (ut arvg<sup>D</sup>) in spatio stabat.
- xvii. 14 Lege amatores peccuniae (non am. pecuniae).
- xviii. 11 "et ipse transibat" Abb. Lege + et ipse ante trans[ibat].
- 11 *fin.* " + hiricho" Abb. Lege + et hericho.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xiv. 12 ceanam, nolii, 13 uocaa, cludos, 16 caenam, 17 misssit, cene, 30 meríticibus,
- xvi. 3 foderi, 4 domus, 6 et 7 c. (*pro centum*) 6 quinquagenta, 11 mamone, 12 fidelis, 13 hodiet, dileget, stempnet, mamone, 14 fa[rissei], diridi[bant], 15 abhominatio, xvii. 8 paraa, caenem, precinge, 9 nūquid, 10 precepta, 11 hiret (*pro iret*), hirusalem, galiliam.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r.*

LUKE.

[p. 856]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- xvii. 13 ih̄s (*pro Iesu*)
- 17 +dixit post mundati sunt
- 18 +ex illis post inventus
- 19 +et ante vade
- 22 +suos post discipulos
- ib. —dīcere = Dgr d q s (*cf. pers*)
- 33 uiuificauit (*pro ...bit*)
- 35 alter (*pro altera*)
- ib. duae vid. (*pro duo*)
- ib. alias (*pro alter ultimo loco*)
- 36 —illi (= Dgr Sod<sup>1094</sup> d)
- ib. dño sic (*pro dñe*)

- xviii. 1 quia (*pro quoniam*)
- 2 ciuitatem (*pro ciuitate*)
- ib. reuerebantur (*pro ...batur*)
- 3 venebant (*pro veniebat*)
- 5 —in
- 6 iniquitates (*pro ...tis*)
- 9 —et prim.
- 15 uiderint (*pro viderent*)
- ib. eos (*pro illos*)
- 17 intravit (*pro ...bit*)
- 18 magister bonae (*pro magister bone*)
- 19 illi (*pro ei*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xvii. 14 “*iret (sic)*” Abb., sed codex IRET sic a pr. man.
- 17 Male Abb. “*nonne usq. sunt: om.*” Habet codex.
- 20 Post veniret adde “*pro venit prim.*”
- 29 et fluit (*sic*), non et pluit
- 30 erunt dies fili hominis quibus reuelauitur sic [non reuelatur ut Abb.].
- xviii. 4 non reverior sic (*non non reveror*)
- 8 putans sic (*pro putas*). Male Abb. putas.
- 11 Codex: stans haec orauit apud se diciens dū dicieens sic vid. (*pro stans haec apud se orabat Deus*). Male Abbott. Habet plane stans.
- 14 >iustificatus hic + puplicanus sic.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xvii. 12 quodā, dec̄ vid. (*non x*), 13 lauauerunt, 17 .x. (*pro decem*), noem, 20 a pharisceus sic, 21 hic (*pro hic*), 27 bibeabant [*non vers. 28*], diluium, 28 uendeabant, edificabant, 30 & *pro* secundum, 31 uassa, domu, discendat, rediat redro, 33 quessierit, 34 et 35 adsummetur, 37 aquile, xviii. 1 parabulam, 2 diciens, timiabat, uidba, 4 noleuat, 5 sugillet, 8 uindictam sic, 9 confitebant, Caetoros, 10 ascendiarunt, horarent, fariseus, puplicanus, 11 fariseus, coeteri, uelud, puplicanus, 12 possedeo, 13 puplicanus, 14 discendit, 15 adferebant, 18 possediab, 19 nissi.

N.B. xviii. 3. After the words *Vidba autem* and from *q:dā* for 6½ lines to verse 7 *ac nocte* inclusive, an entirely different and sharper pen has written the text, which is much more compressed than elsewhere. Probably a different scribe, as he has *dicens*, not *diciens*, *tēp*; for *tempus* or *temp*; and cursive *ſ* to *dominus* in verses 6 and 7 and to *iniquitateſ* in verse 6.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *R<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 857]

LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- xviii. 20 *fin.* + tuam
- 22 illi (*pro ei*)
- 24 > ih̄s illum
- 26 audierunt (*pro audiebant*)
- ib. poterit (*pro potest*)
- 27 eis (*pro illis*)
- ib. + ih̄s post eis
- 28 + quid ergo erit nobis { *De his vide infra*
- 30 futuro (*pro venturo*)
- ib. *fin.* + possedebit (*ita vett et vgḡdāpūr cum syr*)
- 32 delūcētur (*pro includetur*)
- 33 flagillaerunt (*compendio*) *pro flagell*-laverint
- 36 interrogauit (*pro interrogabat*)
- 37 - autem (*sorsan + et ante dixerunt*)

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ib. illi (<i>pro ei</i>)</li> <li>39 ei (<i>pro eum</i>) post increpabant [= <i>vigḡt</i>]</li> <li>ib. clamabat (<i>pro clamauit</i>)</li> <li>42 + respondens ante ih̄s</li> <li>43 eum (<i>pro illum</i>)</li> <li>ib. - Deum</li> <li>ib. plebis (<i>pro plebs</i>)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>xix. 5 <i>init.</i> - Et</li> <li>10 saluum facere (<i>pro salvare</i>)</li> <li>41 eam (<i>pro illam</i>)</li> <li>43 - et circumdabunt te <i>secund.</i></li> <li>ib. et quo angustiabant te (<i>pro et coangustabant te</i>)</li> <li>46 vocabitur (<i>pro est secund</i>)</li> <li>48 quid (<i>pro quod</i>)</li> </ul> |
|--|--|

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xviii. 26 fierit *pro fieri recte Abb.*, sed salvus *illeg.*
- 28 Relictis retibus nostris (*pro dimisimus omnia et*) *pergens* [securi sumus te] + quid ergo erit nobis. *Negl. Abb. omnino ultima verba.*
- 31 "duodecim : +discipulos." *Lege* "xii : +discipulos." (*ut solet*).
- 32 et insuper flagillabitur sic (*non flagell...*)
- 38 et illexclamauit sic (*pro et clamauit*).
- xix. 2 uir qui uocat' n̄ue (*pro vir nomine*). *Male Abb.* "qui uocatur (*pro vir*)."  
*Habet plane vir ut supra.*
- 9 > sit abrache filius. *Male Abb. in vers.* 10.
- 45 *fin.* + et mensas nun ulariorum (*sic, non numm...* *ut Abbott*) effundit... *rel. accurate.*

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xviii. 20 mechaberis, dicis, 21 iubentute, 22 adhuunum *vid.*, thessaurum, uenii, 24 vidiens, deficile, peccunias, 25 camelium, [fora]mem, 27 possiulia [*sed impossibilia supra*], 31 adsumpsit, xii (*pro duodecim*), hirusolimam, profeatas, 35 adpropinquaret, hericho, 36 pretereuntem, 38 diciens, misserere, 39 preibant, misserere, 40 adpropincasset, 41 diciens, uidiam, xix. 1 hericho, 2 t̄acheus, principes (*pro princeps*), puplicanorum, 3 querebat, 5 zache, discende, odie, domu, 6 discendit, gaudiens, 7 diuertiset, 8 sacheus, demedium, doo (*pro do*), 10 querere, 39 farisseorum, 41 adpropincauit, uidiens, flebit, diciens, 44 vissitationis, 45 iecire, 46 diciens, speloncam, 47 scribe, querebant, 48 facient.

† This letter is evidently a mixture of Z and S.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

LUKE.

[p. 858]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- xx. 1 euangelizare (*pro euangelizante*)  
 ib. scribe +populi  
 5 fin. illi (*pro ei*)  
 6 fin. fuisse (*pro esse*)  
 11 hanc (*pro hunc*)  
 13 uiderent (*pro uiderint*)  
 14 intra se (*pro in se*)  
 17 - hoc  
 19 mitte sic [*non miſte*] (*pro mittere*)  
 † ib. cogitauerunt (*pro cognoverunt*)  
 20 +ejus (θ) *post* sermone  
 ib. eum *pro illum* (*post tradherent*)  
 ib. pressidi (*pro praesidis*) *fin.*  
 21 eum (*pro illum*)  
 ib. +bene (t̄) *ante* doces prim.  
 ib. accipes

- xx. 22 à n̄ sic = *vid.* aut non (*ut solet*)  
 23 illos (*pro eos*)  
 24 vel (*pro et*) (= μ vgg dō)  
 † 25 >quae sunt cessaris cessari  
 26 in responso ejus  
 27 +et ante quidam  
 29 +apud nos *post* fratres erant  
 29, 30, 31 accipit (*pro accepit*)  
 31 - et (*ante non relinquunt sic*)  
 32 +autem *post* novissima  
 33 >erit eorum uxor  
 ib. illam (*pro cam*)  
 35 vero (*pro autem*)  
 ib. >illo seculo sic  
 xxii. 1 dona (*pro munera*)  
 2 aeria (*pro aera*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xx. 5 Lege intra se.  
 24 >imagnē (*sic*) habet. Corrige Abb. imaginem habet.  
 30 +n̄ relicto (*ante sine filio*). Male Abb. +relicto, ignorans non.  
 34 >huius seculi sic.  
 ib. +nascunt' et generant' sic  
 45 +ad (*ante discipulis suis sic*). Male Abb. "ad discipulos suos."  
 xxii. 2 "init. +et...et: om." Recte, sed observa *r<sub>2</sub>* retin. autem. Ita: Et vidit autem quandam.  
 3 Lege missit.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- XX. 1 converunt (*pro convenerunt*), 3 respondite, 4 baptismum, 6 pleps, iohannem, profeatam, 9 parabulam, uiniā, 10 missit, uen... (*pro uineae*) cessum, dimisserunt, 11 cedentes, adficienes, dimisserunt, 12 iecerunt, 13 uiniae, 15 iectum (*pro electum*), uiniā, fin. uinie, 16 dauit, uiniā, 17 capud, 18 ciciderit bis, 19 querebant, scribe, 20 misserunt, 22 cessari, 23 temptatis, 24 cessaris, 26 repchendere, 27 saduceorum, 28 moſses, habiens, 30 sequiens, 31 ui (*pro septem*), 37 moſsis sic, abraham, issāc, 42 salmorum (*pro psalmorum*), ad extris sic, 46 sinagogis, discubitos, conuiuſis, 47 domus, loguā (*pro longam*), horationem, hii, dānationem, sic, **xxi.** 1 gazaphilaciū, 3 uidba.

† επεγνωσαν (*pro εγνωσαν*) 892<sup>sol</sup>. Cf. scierunt a d, intellexerunt e.f.

‡ Abbott records et quae sunt dei deo but not the above in the same verse.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *L*.

p. 859]

LUKE.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| xxi. 11 <i>init.</i> +Et<br>12 +in ( <i>supra</i> lin. a diorth.?) ante<br>custodias<br>+14 quomodo ( <i>pro</i> quemadmodum)<br>15 adversari ( <i>sic</i> ) θ ui ( <i>pro</i> adversarii<br>vestri)<br>23 prignantibus ( <i>pro</i> praegnatibus)<br>ib. super ( <i>pro</i> supra) | xxi. 25 in lunae ( <i>pro</i> luna)<br>35 autem ( <i>pro</i> enim) vid. cum d.<br>37 +in illis <i>ante</i> diebus<br>ib. in montem (in monte) <i>pro</i> in monte |
|---|---|

- |   |
|---|
| xxii. 4 —illum (= <i>vgl</i> e)<br>6 >eum traderet ( <i>pro</i> traderet illum)<br>7 +festus <i>post</i> dies (= <i>vgl</i> DQR)<br>8 uobis ( <i>pro</i> nobis) |
|---|

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- xxi. 4 "illi: milli (*ut vid.*)."  
*Primum mihivid.*  
 11 fin. +et tempestates. *Male Abb.* +tempestates, negl. et.  
 15 potuerunt (*sic compendio* potuerūt) *pro* poterint. *Male Abb.* potuerint.  
 25 presura *sic* +magna.  
 27 —in nube. *Male Abb.* —nube cum. *Habet codex* "venientem cum potestate magna."  
 xxii. 2 *Citat Abb.* sacerdotum, sed ita etiam Am. vid.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- xxi. 4 *fin.* missit, 6 distruratur, 7 preceptor, 8 adpropincauit, 9 seditionis, 10 diciabat, 11 terremotus, pestilentie, 12 pressides, 14 premeditari, 16 adficient, 17 hodio, 19 possedebitis, 20 hirusalem, adpropincauit, desolutio, 21 iudia, 22 hii, 23 presura, 24 hirusalem, inpleantur, 25 pre confusione fluctū *sic*, 26 pre (*pro* prae), 28 redemptio, 29 ficalniam, omnis (*pleno*) arbores, 30 proe *vid.* (*pro* prope), 33 terram (*pro* terra), 34 nobis (*pro* vobis *vid.*), curris, 35 laceus (*pro* laqueus), terre, 37 dociens, xxii. 1 adpropincabat, azemorum, phascha [*non in vers.* 7], 2 querebant, scribe, 3 XII (*pro* duodecim), 5 peccuniam, 6 turbiis *vid.*, 7 azemorum, 8 missit, diciens, paratae.

† Observe the opposite change at Luke xiv. 7. Abbott does not report either the one or the other.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

LUKE.

[p. 860]

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke

- xxii. 10 occurret (*pro occurrit*)
- ib. in quam (in *q*) *pro* in qua
- 11 dicit (*pro dicet*)
- † 20 noui testamenti (*pro novum testamentum*)
- ib. qui (*pro quod*)
- 24 uideret (*pro uideretur*)
- 29 uos (*pro uobis*)
- 31 cribaret (*pro cribraret*) (= *vgg<sup>CRT</sup>*)
- 34 cantauit (*pro cantabit*)
- 69 ex h' sic (*pro ex hoc autem*)
- xxiii. 4 + dixit (*post Pilatus*)
- 5 populus (*pro populum*)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

xxii. 18 *dīmīn sic* (*pro dei*). *Emend. non recens.*

33 >et in mortem ire et in carcere.

*Inter 34/61 Lege: Hiat a fin. ver. 35 ad nam et galilius (sic) ver. 59. Negl. nam Abb.*

xxii. 68 respondistis (*pro respondebitis*). *Male Abb. responditis.*

xxiii. 2 "nostram: +et solventem legem nostram et profeatas (sine et)." *Male Abb. "sine et."* *Habet codex "et proibentem."*

ib. dari cessare. *Recte Abb., sed Am. (teste White) etiam dari NON dare.*

3 audiens (*pro autem*) teste Abb., sed plane autem (*h fin lin*) audiens, *cum vett et Q.*

*Spelling not recorded.*

**xxii.** 10 anphorā *sic*, 11 phascha, 12 cennaculum, 13 inueniarunt, 14 xii (*pro duodecim*), 15 pasche, manducari? 16 inpleatur, 19 et 20 diciens, 20 sanguine, 23 querere, 25 beneficii, 26 predecessor, ministerrator (*comp. ministrator sic*), 27 [á].‡ 28 temptationibus, 29 dispossuit, 30 sedatis, xii (*pro duodecim ante tribus*), 35 peara, 63 cedentes, 65 blasphemantes, 66 factus (*pro factus*), scribe, 68 demittetis, 69 sediens, 71 quid (*pro quid*), **xxiii.** 1 surgens, p̄latum, 2 proibentem, 3 p̄slatus, diciens, 5 dociens, iudiam, galilia.

† = c ḡz r μ gat\* aur dim vgg<sup>XO</sup>. Cf. Liturg.

‡ Vel an vel aut. Prob. an. (aut = á, an = á).

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r.*

p. 861]

LUKE | JOHN.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

Luke	John
xxiii. 7 +In ante illis diebus	v. 34 non ab iohanne ( <i>pro</i> non ab homine)
9 eum ( <i>pro</i> illum)	(=gr SSer)
John	37 init. >Et qui me missit ( <i>sic</i> )
+ v. 20 demonstrauit ( <i>pro</i> demonstrabit)	38 -quia ( <i>cf. e</i> )
28 oīns sic ( <i>vel</i> omnis <i>vel</i> omnes)	39 qui <i>pro</i> quae (et ille <i>antea pro</i>
29 procedunt ( <i>pro</i> procedent)	illae)
ib. quia (q) <i>pro</i> qui prim. [q' secund.]	45 -vos tert. (ante speratis)
30 fin. >qui missit me ( <i>pro</i> qui me misit)	46 cederitis bis ( <i>pro</i> crederetis)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

Luke	xxiii. 9 At ipse d nihil d̄ ei ( <i>pro</i> At ipse nihil illi respondebat). <i>Non clare Abb.</i>
	12 Male Abb. conjungunt <i>pro</i> conjungit. <i>Male + In (ante eadem) Abest.</i>
	<i>Substituit librarius clausulam "opus ...." pro amici.</i>
John	v. 13 constituā ( <i>sic, non</i> constitutam) in locum. 19 >facere quiquā a se. <i>Male Abb. in vers. 18.</i>
	21 uiuificet recte primo loco. uiuificat sec. loco esto [uiuificat] cum Am. 26 Lege "usq. semetipso secund." <i>pro</i> "usq. ipse." 35 "erat: +in" Abb. sed lego ego +ut, id est "Ille erat ut lucerna" (= <i>vggDR</i> ). 36 "ante ego: +et." Lege "ante ego secund: +et."
	vi. 10 +et ante discubuerunt. Abb. prints "et discubuerunt" as if <i>ergo</i> might be absent, but codex is: <i>et discubuerunt ergo</i> , having both copulas, and <i>Abb.</i> should really print discumbuerunt.

*Spelling not recorded.*

Luke **xxiii.** 6 p̄latus, galilius, 8 herodis, uisso, 10 scribe, accusantes, 11 herodis, influssit, remissit, p̄latum, 12 herodis, 12 et 13 p̄latus, 14 obtullisti, avertantem.

John **v.** 12 grauattum, 13 nescebat, 14 nolii, 15 iudeis, 16 indei, 18 propteria [*non vers. 16*], iudei, equalem, 19 nissi, 20 dilegit, 24 missit, eternam, in uita (*lin. occult. illeg.*), 30 quiquam, quero, 31 peribeō *vel* peribio, 32 peribet, 33 missistis, peribuit, 35 ardiens, luciens, 36 peribent, missit, 37 peribuit, 38 maniens, 39 eternam, ille *pro* illae (*seq. tamen qui pro quae*), peribent, 47 literis, **vi.** 1 habuit, galiliae, 3 subiit, 4 iudeorūm, 5 p̄lipum [*sed vers. 7 philip...*], hii, 6 temptans, 7 sufic[iunt], 9 'u' (*pro* quinque), or[diaclos? illeg.].

† This change of tense belongs among real variations, because earlier in the verse *didit demonstra* is substituted for *demonstrat*.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

John

vi. 11 >ihs panes	viii. 16 >missit me pater
14 -quia? ( <i>ut a b q</i> ), vel -est ( <i>ut vg<sup>R</sup></i> ), vel -vere ( <i>ut d</i> ). [Codex mutilus, sed non sufficit spatum quia hic est vere]	18 >me missit pater (?)
16 ut autem factus est sero vid.	20 +ihs post est
17 >ihs ad eos prob. (cum Cr.)	21 quia ( <i>pro quo</i> )
18 uento magna sic	+ 24 -in peccatis vestris si enim non } credideritis quia ego sum moriemi } 26 habeo ( <i>pro ab eo</i> )
21 accipere eum in naui ib fin. ibant ( <i>pro ibat</i> )	ib. n̄ ( <i>pro h̄</i> ) (?)
22 +illa ante una	27 -non*
23 init. alia ( <i>pro aliae</i> )	31 nōmine ( <i>pro sermone</i> )
ib. manducaverunt ( <i>sed compendio</i> )	32 liberavit ( <i>pro ..bit</i> )
viii. 7 prius ( <i>pro primus</i> )	35 filium (filiū sic) autem hominis ( <i>pro</i> filius)
14 Si ( <i>pro etsi</i> )	39 dicit ( <i>pro dixit</i> )
14 -de me ipso	43 cognoscetis
ib. >testimonium (meum) verum est	46 n̄reditis sic ( <i>pro non creditis</i> )

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity*

- vi. 16 *Male Abb.* "discipulis." *Codex* = discipuli Θ.  
 20 "dicebat" should be italic *dicebat* by Abbott's rules.
- viii. 12 *Inter* "huius mundi lumen" et "vite aeternae" spatum esto. "vite aeternae" fin. vers.  
 22 [Dicebant vid.] sed bis reperitur versus. et sec. loco "Diciabant (sic) ergo iudei intra uos  
nūquid interficiet semetipsum q̄ dī (-quo) ego uado uos non potestis venire."  
 23 -de prim. ante deorum. Non indic. Abb. pr. sec. tert vel quart.  
 24 "ergo: erunt." Lege "ergo: erunt prima manu."  
 + ib. See above and below.
- 37/38 *Lege Om. ab quia SECUND. ver. 37.*

*Spelling not recorded.*

- vi. 12 collegite, periant, 13 cofinos, -u. (*pro quinque*), 14 diciabant, profeata, 17 ueniarunt, tenebre,  
 facte, 18 exur[gebat], 19 .xxu. à xxx. sic, timuariunt?, 22 nissi, in nauim, 23 Tibiri[ade], 24 ascend-  
 iarunt, ueniarunt, querentes, viii. 9 exhibant, 10 eregiens, 11 contemnabo, 12 diciens, ambulauit,  
 14 peribeo, 18 peribeo, peribet, 19 forsitan, 20 gazafilacio, dociens, adprehendit, 21 queritis vid.,  
 26 et 29 missit, 30 et 31 crediarunt, 31 iudeos, 33 et 37 abrache vid., 35 domu, eternum bis,  
 39 abracham, abrache sec. (*prim. illeg.*), 40 abracham, 42 [dilege illeg.]ritis, missit, 43 locellam  
 (*pro loquellam*), 44 diabulo, 45 mihi (*pro mihi*).

† Abb. neglects this. He records merely "peccato vestro" as if a variation for "peccatis vestris" in primo  
*loco*. If he had indicated *primo loco* his attention would probably have been called to the omission.

SUPPLEMENT TO ABBOTT'S COLLATION OF *r<sub>2</sub>*.

p. 863]

JOHN.

*Readings overlooked by Abbott.*

John

- viii. 55 agnouistis? (*pro* non cognouistis) *ut a*
- + 59 exiit (*pro* exiuit)
- ix. 2 +dicentes *ante* Rabbi
- 7 interpretatum
- 8 - et (?) *ante* dicebant *prim.*
- † 11 abi (*pro* abii)
- 17 >iterum ceco (*sic*)
- 19 quomodo autem vidit *vid.* (*pro* quo-  
modo ergo nunc vidit). *Id est*  
—nunc?
- 20 Rēs (*pro* responderunt)

- ix. ib. -et dixerunt (=pers)
- 21 quomodo hunc autem (*pro* quomodo  
autem nunc)
- ib. —ejus
- 22 conspiraverunt (*compendio*)
- 29 quia (*pro* quoniam)
- 31 —sed *vid.*
- 32 —quis (*ut vg*\*)
- 39 *init.* +Et
- || 40 dixit (dī) *pro* dixerunt
- 41 uidimus (*pro* uidemus)

*Error, inaccuracy, or ambiguity.*

- viii. 59 Corrige Abb. Codex = mitterentur (MITTERENT') Ita: ut mitterentur super eum (*pro* ut  
jacerent in eum).
- ib fin. +et transiens per medium eorum et ibat sic (*non* ... "exibat sic").
- ix. 3 Abb. suggests *manifesta fierent opera*. Only *erent opera* are distinctly visible. It may  
be *manifestarentur opera*.
- 15 et ecce uido *sic*, non *video*.
- 16 "dicebant." Quare? Dicebant *init.* = Am.
- 21 +et post habet } Male Abb. in vers. 22.
- ib. pro se (*pro de se*) } Male Abb. in vers. 22.
- 30 "et prius: om." Recte Abb. -et ante dixit, sed negl. Respondens *pro* respondit *init.*  
*Libr. Res ille homo dī* = Respondens ille homo dixit.
- 37 "init. +et." Male Abb. Habent Et *init.* et Am et *r<sub>2</sub>* et al. Prob. Abb. vult ver. 39  
(*vide supra*).
- 39 eis (*pro ei*). Male Abb. +eis.

*Spelling not recorded.*

- viii. 47 propterea, 48 iudei, demonium, 56 abraham, 57 -l. (*pro* quinquaginta), abraham,  
58 abracha' *sic*, ix. 1 preteriens, 2 cecus, 4 qu (*pro qui*), missit, 5 qñdiu *sic*, 6 dxiset *sic*, 7 siloie,  
vidiens, 11 siloæ, 13 farisseos, 15 possuit, 17 profeata, 18 credidiarunt, iudei, cœcus, fuiset, 20 cecus,  
21 uidiat, locatur (*pro* loquatur) 22 iudei, 23 [prop]teria, 25 uideo, 27 nñquid, 28 et 29 moñsi,  
33 nissi, quiquā, 34 ieccrī, 38 procediens, 39 uidiant, 40 audiariunt, farisseis ?, nunquid, 41 haberitis,  
x. 1 hostium.

Explicit x. 3 et oves vocem ejus audil.....

† *Alibi (vide supra) exit = exit, exi = exi.*

‡ This can constitute a change of mood and a real various reading, hence it must be excluded from spelling.

§ Not an error, but probable variant. Compare *vg*\* supplying *quidam* before *ex pharisaeis*.

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